

Government of Maharashtra Water Resources Department



Godavari Study Group Report

Formulation of Guiding Principles on Integrated Operation of Reservoirs for Conservation Uses in Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub-basin

August 2013

PREFACE

Water, a prime natural resource, is used for multiple uses as domestic, irrigation, industry, power generation navigation etc. Water which was once considered as abundant and has now become a scarce and economic resource. The distribution of water resources is uneven over a large part of the state . The state water policy formulated by Government of Maharashtra in 2003 envisages that the water resources of the state shall be planned, developed, managed with a river basin and sub basin as the unit. This policy states that the distress in water availability during deficit period shall be shared equitably amongst different sectors of water use and also amongst upstream and downstream users.

Upper Godavari Sub-basin includes the entire catchment of the Godavari river from its source to Paithan dam including the catchment areas of the Pravara river, Mula river and that of all other tributaries which falls into the Godavari river in this reach. Large number of major ,medium, minor irrigation projects, K T weirs, local sector schemes are constructed for conservation purposes and utilization of available water resources. This sub basin is a well developed from water storage considerations. However, the factors like rapid urbanization due to high increase in population and faster industrial development are putting stress on available water resources. The development in agriculture and urban sectors has not only posed substantial increase in water demands for various uses, but resulted in conflicts which are critical in nature now itself. The fact that the sub basin water resources remain more or less fixed and demands would go on increasing rapidly. The water management is now a challenge for water resources engineers to adopt a strategy for the integrated operation of reservoirs in the filling period

Government of Maharashtra, Water Resources Department has constituted the Godavari Study Group for formulation of guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs in Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub basin. There is a water stress situation now in this sub-basin. At present, the water resources projects are mostly operated and managed considering them as a single entity, instead of attempting integrated operation for deriving optimum and equitable benefits. The operation of reservoirs based on semi-rigid operation rules, which are developed taking into account the various demands and historic / synthetic time series inflow data, often poses difficulties in making appropriate reservoir release decisions due to uncertainty in the probability of occurrence of inflows. Integrated operation of reservoirs in systems of reservoirs become an operation in real time in which water control decisions have to be taken at each instant of time. The advancement in the field of system engineering and modern computer facilities available now could be effectively used for integrated planning and management of water resources.

Quick report on such important issues is put forth by the study group along with few important recommendations. Possible efforts are made to address on Terms of Reference and peripheral issues. We sincerely hope that the report would be useful to

for integrated water resources management of limited available water resources to meet the increasing demands.

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CONTENTS

Chapter	Details	Pages
1	Introduction	1
	1.0 General	1
	2.0 Upper Godavari (upto Paitnan dam) Sub-basin	1 11
	5.0 Jayakwadi Piojeci 4.0 Constitution of Study Croup	11
	4.0 Constitution of Study Group	15
2	General Approach	
	1.0 General	16
	2.0 Meetings and Deliberations	17
	3.0 Data Availability	21
	4.0 Literature Study	22
3	Discussions and Conclusions	
	1.0 Objective of Present Study	23
	2.0 Upstream Utilizations	24
	3.0 Water Availability	24
	4.0 Interstate Aspects	29
	5.0 Rainfall Characteristics	29
	6.0 Un-intercepted (Free) Catchment	32
	7.0 Previous DSS Studies	33
	8.0 Increasing Water Use Efficiency	34
	9.0 Equitable Distribution of Water	35
	10.0 Evaporation from Reservoir	37
	11.0 Physical Constraints	38
	12.0 Water Releases (year 2012)	39
	13.0 Present Water Resources Planning Scenario	40
	14.0 Water Distress	41
	15.0 Operating Strategy for Reservoir Operation	42
	16.0 Real Time Integrated Operation of Reservoirs	53
	17.0 Mechanism for Effective Implementation	54
	18.0 Conclusions	54
4	Recommendations	
	1.0 Phase-I (Short Term Measures)	57
	2.0 Phase-II (Long Term Measures)	58
5	Statements	
	1. Live Storage Below and Above Crest of Spillway	62
	2. Non-Irrigation Use from Projects.	63
	3. Observed Net Yield Series at Paithan Dam	64
	4. Observed Net Yield and Corresponding Spills	65
	5. Live Storage and Water Use of Projects.	66
	6. Scenario for 100% Dependable Year.	69
	7. Scenario for 90% Dependable Year.	72
	8. Scenario for 75% Dependable Year.	75

Chapter	Details		
		70	
	9. Scenario for 50% Dependable Year.	78	
	10. Scenario for Average Yield.	81	
	11. Scenario for Good Year.	84	
6	Annondiag		
0	Appendices	07	
	1. Govi. Resolution dated $29/01/2013$	87	
	2. Govt. Resolution dated $0//03/2013$	90	
	3. Govt. Resolution dated 27/05/2013	92	
	4. Govt. Resolution dated 30/07/2013	94	
	5. WALMI Letter dated 31.07.2013	96	
	6. Govt. letter dated 06.08.2013	99	
7	Annexures		
	1. Information about Irrigation Projects.	101	
	2. Information about Availability of yield	104	
	3. Information about Water Demands	106	
	4. Details of Non-Irrigation Demands	110	
	5. Information about Kharif Utilizations	141	
	6 Information about Rabi Utilizations	143	
	7 Information about HW Utilizations	145	
		115	
8	Drawings		
	1. Map Showing Major and Medium Dams in Sub-Basin	147	
	2. Sub-Basin Man Showing Isohvets.	148	
		110	

Chapter: 1

INTRODUCTION

1.0 General :

Maharashtra State is geographically divided into 5 river basins, namely Godavari, Krishna, Tapi, Narmada, West flowing rivers in Konkan. A river basin is such a hydrological natural unit within the territorial limits of which all activities that are taking place are interdependent. A Sub-basin is a hydrologic sub-unit of a river basin within the State. The River Godavari originates near Trimbakeshwar in Nashik district in Sahyadri hill ranges. It further flows down to Andhra Pradesh after having flowed through Ahmednagar, Aurangabad, Nanded districts and joins the Bay of Bengal near Rajahmundri. The total geographical area of this basin is 312812 Sqkm of which 152811 Sqkm fall within Maharashtra. Second Maharashtra Water & Irrigation Commission (MWIC) has sub-divided Godavari basin into 9 sub-basins in Maharashtra State in the context of planning and regulation of water.

The catchment area of Godavari river upto Paithan dam is designated as Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin (Drg: 1). Total geographical area of this sub-basin is 21774 Sqkm. Mula, Pravara, Kadwa, Darna, Kaadava, Dodni, Shivna are main tributaries in this sub-basin upstream of Paithan dam. It is mentioned in Second MWIC Report that Upper Godavari sub-basin is a developed sub-basin and it will be necessary in coming times to undertake immediately the work of streamlining the uses on account of water for irrigation, industry and municipal supply. Urban habitation and industrial expansion of Nashik and Aurangabad is dependent on the water of this sub-basin.

2.0 Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin :

The Upper Godavari Sub-basin includes the entire catchment of the Godavari river from its source to Paithan dam including the catchment areas of the Pravara river, Mula river and that of all other tributaries which falls into the Godavari river in this reach. The Paithan dam is located exactly at the border of the sub-basin. Large number of major, medium, minor irrigation projects, K.T.weirs, local sector schemes are constructed in this sub-basin. The prominent reservoir systems/complex are namely, Mula complex, Pravara complex, Godavari - Darna complex, Gangapur complex, Palkhed complex, Remaining upto Paithan dam and Paithan dam. The Satellite imagery of sub-basin is shown in Fig-1.



Fig:1 Satellite Imagery of Upper Godavari Sub Basin

The systemwise (complex) details such as name of major & medium projects, number of M.I. projects & K.T. weirs, their storage capacities, irrigation water use, non-irrigation demands, observed yields at various locations etc., are presented in Annexure -1 to 7. The complexwise water planning aspects are described as under :

2.1 Mula complex :

This complex consists of Mula major project and Mandhol medium project.

Mula Dam: Mula dam is located at Baregaon Nandur, Tal. Rahuri of Ahmednagar district. The dam is constructed across Mula River. Mula Dam is completed in 1971. This project is planned for 70% dependable yield. In planning, the carry over storage of 28.32 Mcum is provided.



The irrigable command area (ICA) is 82920 ha.which comprises of :

a)	Mula Right Bank Canal		:	69534 ha.
b)	Mula Left Bank Canal		:	10121 ha.
c)	Wambhori Pipe Chari		:	3015 ha.
d)	Bhagda Pipe Chari			250 ha.
		Total	:	82920 ha.

In the scheme "c & d", water is lifted from reservoir and delivered in percolation tanks and K.T.Weirs through Wambhori and Bhagda Pipe Chari. The cropping pattern of this project is eight monthly having 44% Kharif and 57% Rabi. The design water use from this project is 704.63 Mcum. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	95.27 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	15.09 Mcum
		Total	:	110.36 Mcum

The provision for non-irrigation use in the project planning is 59.12 Mcum.

Mandhol dam : Mandhol medium irrigation project is located near village Karjule Hariya, Taluka Parner of Ahmednagar district, across Mandhol nalla, a

right bank tributary of Mula river. The live storage is 8.78 Mcum. The cropping pattern of the project is 8 monthly. The design water use is 13.15 Mcum.

Besides these projects, there are large number of state and local sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5.

2.2 Pravara complex :

This complex consists of two major dams, namely Bhandardara, Nilwande and two medium projects namely Adhala and Bhojapur.

Bhandardara dam: This dam is completed in 1926 on Pravara river. This project is planned for 75% dependable yield. The water is let out from Bhandardara dam



through river to Ozar pick up weir. Ozar pick up weir is constructed in the year 1872. There are two main canals both take off from the pick-up weir namely Pravara Right Bank Canal and Pravara Left Bank Canal.

The annual design water use from Bhandardara Project is 434.64 Mcum. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	43.33 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	23.42 Mcum
		Total	:	66.75 Mcum

There is no provision for non-irrigation use in project planning of Bhandardara dam.

Nilwande dam: Nilwande dam is situated on Pravara river 20 Km downstream of Bhandardara dam and upstream of Ozar pick up weir. This dam is located near village Nilwande of Ahmednagar district. There are two canals having length of 85 Km and 97 Km having total irrigable



command area of 64260 Ha. The construction activities were started in 1993 and nearly completed. The project is planned for 50% dependable yield. The design water use from the project is 351.77 Mcum. The project planning provides for non-irrigation (Domestic) use of 13.15 Mcum.

Adhala dam: Adhala is a medium project constructed across river Adhala, tributary of river Pravara, near village Deothan in Akola Taluka of Ahmednagar district. The project was administratively approved in 1966. This project is having its independent command area. The annual design water use of the project is 38.73 Mcum.

Bhojapur dam: Bhojapur is a medium project constructed in 1972-73 on Mahalungi river, tributary of Pravara river near village Sonewadi, Taluka Sinner of Nashik district. The project is planned for 50% dependable yield. The design water utilization is 10.70 Mcum.

Besides these projects, there are large number of state and local sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5.

2.3 Gangapur complex :

This complex consists of Gangapur major dam and three medium dams, namely (i) Kashyapi (ii) Gautami Godavari (iii) Kikwi

Gangapur dam: A project for constructing dam across river Godavari near village Gangapur, Taluka and District Nashik was sanctioned by Government of Bombay in 1949. The project comprises:

- (i) Construction of dam on Godavari river to store 155.75 Mcum (5.5 TMC) of water.
- (ii) Construction of Left bank canal to utilize about 104.78 Mcum (3.7 TMC) of water.
- (iii) Remodeling of existing Godavari canals to utilize 50.97 Mcum (1.8 TMC) of water.



In the second stage, the storage was increased from 155.75 Mcum (5.5 TMC) to 203.88 Mcum (7.2 TMC) by constructing spillway gates and raising height of dam. The carry over storage of 11.64 Mcum is provided. Additional storage is to be utilized by Nashik Left Bank Canal and newly Nashik R.B.C.

Kashyapi dam: Non-irrigation

use at the time of planning of Gangapur Project was only 2.83 Mcum in original project report. Presently, the Non-irrigation use is increased to 165.96 Mcum annually. So to augment Gangapur storage, the Kashyapi dam having live storage capacity of 51.75 Mcum, was built to stabilize irrigation requirement. This project was administratively approved by Government in 1985. This dam is constructed across river Kashyapi, a left bank tributary of Godavari, near village Dhandegaon in Taluka Nashik of Nashik district. The annual design water utilization is 55.31 Mcum. There is no separate canal system for this project. The project is completed in the year 2006.

Gautami Godavari dam: The purpose of construction of this dam is also to augment Gangapur storage as non-irrigation requirement through Gangapur dam is increased from 2.83 Mcum to 165.96 Mcum. The Gautami-Godavari dam, having live storage capacity of 52.93 Mcum was built in the year 2010 to stabilize the irrigation and non-irrigation requirements of Gangapur dam. The dam is constructed on Godavari river near village Andharwadi which is a part of village Beze, Taluka-Trimbakeshwar of Nashik district. The design water utilization is proposed as 54.68 Mcum. There is no separate canal system for this project.

Kikwi dam: This project is planned in year 2009 against the storage reduction of about 60 Mcum caused by siltation in live storage of Gangapur reservoir. This dam is planned to be constructed across Kikwi River, near village Bramhawade Pimpri, Taluka-Trimbakeshwar of Nashik district. The live storage capacity of this dam is proposed as 60.02 Mcum. The design water utilization as planned is 45.21 Mcum. This project is planned as dedicated storage purely for non-irrigation purpose for Nashik Municipal Corporation. Government of Maharashtra vide Resolution dated 26/8/2009 accorded administrative approval to this project. This project is in initial phase of construction.

In Gangapur complex, the design water use from above four dams (Gangapur, Kashyapi, Gautami and Kikwi) is 324.81 Mcum. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses from the Gangapur complex are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	131.21 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	<u>55.56 Mcum</u>
		Total	:	186.77 Mcum

The provision for non-irrigation uses in the project planning is 36.79 Mcum

Besides these projects, there are large number of state and local sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5.

2.4 Godavari-Darna complex :

Initially, a weir with existing canal system had been constructed just at confluence of river Godavari and Kaadava, upstream of village Nandur Madhameshwar, Taluka Niphad of Nashik district. In the year 1907 to 1916, Canal system known as "Godavari canals" is functioning since then. The system is fed by storage constructed on river Darna, a right bank tributary of Godavari about 76 Km upstream of Nandur Madhameshwar (N.M weir) weir. The Darna dam having live storage of 219.82 Mcum was constructed during the year 1907 to 1916. The canal system is also partly supplemented by Gangapur storage to the extent of



34.27 Mcum and Waldevi medium project to the extent of 16.14 Mcum. To utilize the additional quantum of water available upto N.M. weir, it was necessary to have additional live storage capacities. Four storages are planned on river Darna and its tributaries upstream of N.M. Weir. They are: 1) Bham dam across river Bham, a right bank tributary of Darna near village Kaluste, 2) Bhavali dam

across river Darna, just downstream of village Bhavali, 3) Waki dam across river Waki, downstream of village Kurnoli, 4) Mukane dam across Aundha Nalla near village Mukane. All these four dams are situated in Igatpuri Taluka of Nashik district. The water stored in these four storages along with the existing Darna reservoir, partly supplementing from existing Gangapur storage and the runoff from the rivers from unintercepted catchment, will be utilized for the irrigation of existing Godavari RBC and LBC as well as a newly constructed LBC off-taking from N.M. Weir, known as Nandur Madhameshwar express canal. Out of above four new storages, only the Bhavali storage is having independent irrigation of about 1053 Ha. The design water utilizations including newly constructed N.M. express canal of this complex are as under:

a.	Bham dam		:	8.78 Mcum
b.	Bhavali dam		:	18.64 Mcum
c.	Waki dam		:	12.85 Mcum
d.	Darna dam		:	47.89 Mcum
e.	Mukane dam		:	102.46 Mcum
f.	Godavari canals		:	442.24 Mcum
g.	N.M. Express Canal		:	445.05 Mcum
		Total	:	1077.91 Mcum

Besides above storages/dams, there are three more dams in the catchment upstream of N.M. Weir, namely Kadwa project, Alandi project and Waldevi project. They are having independent canal system. Waldevi project is having its own canal system and also supplementing the water of 16.14 Mcum to Godavari canals.

Kadwa dam: A major irrigation project having storage on Kadwa river, a right bank tributary of Darna river near village Pimpalgaon Dukra, Taluka-Igatpuri of Nashik district with a direct Right bank canal to irrigate 10320 Ha. of land from Igatpuri, Nashik, Sinnar and Niphad Taluka. Live storage capacity is 52.90 Mcum. The dam is completed in the year 1991-92. The design water use of the project is 80.70 Mcum. There is a planning to construct a new dam, called Upper Kadwa, located upstream of the existing Kadwa dam, having design live storage of 13.69 Mcum. However, the works are not yet started.

Waldevi dam: Waldevi is a medium river project constructed across river Waldevi near village Pimplad, Taluka and District Nashik. It is an irrigation cum water supply project to irrigate an area of 1481 Ha. and to supplement water of 16.14 Mcum to Godavari canals and some domestic water supply to MIDC Nashik. Live storage capacity is 32.09 Mcum. The dam is completed in 2003-2004.

Alandi dam: Alandi project is constructed across Alandi river, a left bank tributary of Godavari river near village Sakotiwadi (Davi) in Dindori Taluka of Nashik district. This is a medium irrigation project to irrigate 6296 Ha. of land in Nashik district. Live storage capacity is 27.47 Mcum. The project is administratively approved by Government in 1974. The project is completed in 1982. The annual design water utilization is 40.67 Mcum.

In Godavari-Darna complex, the design water use is 1220.04 Mcum. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses from this complex are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	92.10 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	21.96 Mcum
		Total	:	114.06 Mcum

The provision for non-irrigation uses in the project planning is 72.76 Mcum

Besides these projects, there are large number of state and socal sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5.

2.5 Palkhed complex:

Palkhed complex comprises of six dams namely, Karanjwan on Kaadava river, 2) Palkhed on Kaadava river, 3) Waghad on Kolwan river, 4) Punegaon and Ozarkhed on Unanda river, 5) Tisgaon on Parashari river. Kaadava river is a major tributary of river Godavari and Kolwan, Unanda and Parashari are the tributaries of Kaadava river of which Kolwan and Unanda meets river Kaadava

U/s of Palkhed dam. Parashari river meets river Kaadava on the D/s of Palkhed dam. All the 6 dams are located in the Dindori Taluka of Nashik district and their command area is spread in Dindori, Niphad, Yeola, Chandwad, and Kopargaon Vaijapur Taluka. Out of 6 dams, Waghad, Karanjwan and Palkhed are designed at 75% dependable yield. The project was originally



administratively approved in the year 1966. In original project report, Tisgaon and Punegaon were not part of Upper Godavari project. They were added in the 1st revised administrative approval report.

As per planning, the water for Palkhed canals is taken from Palkhed dam. Karanjawan & Waghad Dams (apart from their respective use) feed water to Palkhed dam for utilization through Palkhed Right & Left Bank Canals. Ozarkhed canal uses water from Ozarkhed dam & Tisgaon dam through Tisgaon R.B.C. (feeder canal). Tisgaon is a feeder dam to Ozarkhed Left Bank Canal through its 420 meter long Tisgaon Right Bank canal (13th Km of O.L.B.C.). The design water utilization from this complex is 456.52 Mcum.

The sanctioned non-irrigation uses from this complex are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	27.92 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	6.30 Mcum
		Total	:	34.22 Mcum

The provision for non-irrigation uses in the project planning is 20.65 Mcum.

Besides these projects, there are large number of state and local sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5.

2.6 Remaining upto Paithan dam :

The water utilizations of Projects/Schemes located downstream of Mula dam, Ozar weir, N.M. weir, and upstream of Paithan dam are considered in this complex. There are 7 Medium irrigation projects located in Marathwada region; namely Tembhapuri, Dheku, Kolhi, Narangi, Bor-Dahegaon, Ambadi and Shivana Takli. Besides these projects, there are large number of state and local sector minor irrigation schemes and K.T. weirs located in this complex. The live storage capacities and design water utilizations of these projects are given in Statement-5. The Bramhangavan lift irrigation scheme - II is also planned on backwater of Jayakwadi reservoir as against the old defunct lift irrigation The water utilization of this scheme is 85.00 Mcum. schemes. The administrative approval is given by Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad in the year 2009. The water utilizations of all these schemes are given below:

1. Seven Medium Projects	- 124.99 Mcum
2. Bramhangavan Lift Irrigation	- 85.0 Mcum
Scheme – II	
3. Minor Projects (State) (75 Nos.)	- 211.14 Mcum
4. Minor Projects (local sector) (172 Nos.)	- <u>44.00 Mcum</u>
Total	- 465.13 Mcum

2.7 Paithan dam (Jayakwadi) :

Paithan dam is located on Godavari river at upstream of Paithan town, Dist Aurangabad. This dam is a part of Jayakwadi Project Stage – I. The reservoir created behind the dam is named as "Nathsagar" which has submerged 35000 Ha. of land covering 118 villages. These villages have been shifted and rehabilitated



at safe places. This has affected the population of 77000 souls. The design water utilization from this dam is 2618.59 Mcum. The details of Jayakwadi Project are described in Para 3.0 below.

Government of Maharashtra, Water Resources Department vide Memorandum No.

IPM/1574/49521/IM-1 (1371) dated 21.6.1978, had allocated water from backwater of Jayakwadi reservoir to the extent of 144.42 Mcum (5.10 TMC) for the Tajanapur (Shevgaon) and Bramhangavan lift irrigation schemes benefitting the project affected/resettled persons.

The water utilizations of lift irrigation schemes on backwater are as under :

1.	Tajanapur Lift Irrigation Scheme – I	: 45.77 Mcum
2.	Tajanapur Lift Irrigation Scheme – II	: 63.977 Mcum
3.	Bramhangavan Lift Irrigation Scheme –I	: 27.518 Mcum
4.	Individual lifts on reservoir & river	: <u>64.88 Mcum</u>
	Total	: 202.145 Mcum

The sanctioned non-irrigation uses from the reservoir are as under :

a. Domestic Use		: 283.27 Mcum
b. Industrial Use		: <u>160.74 Mcum</u>
	Total	: 444.01 Mcum

There is no provision for non-irrigation use in the project planning of Paithan dam.

2.8 M.I. Schemes (Local Sector) :

There are large number of Minor irrigation projects and K.T.weirs planned and constructed by Local Sector Department in this sub-basin. Government has also given the priority for water conservation. In the present study, the schemes having annual water utilization more than 0.15 Mcum (5 Mcft) have been only considered in the respective complex.

3.0 Jayakwadi Project :

Jayakwadi Project on the Godavari river with a catchment area of about 21774 Sq.Km. is a multipurpose project of Maharashtra State for irrigating net irrigable area to the tune of 277207 Ha. in Aurangabad, Beed, Parbhani & Nanded Districts of Marathwada Region. The Jayakwadi Project Stage-1 was originally administratively approved by Government of Maharashtra vide Resolution No. PIM 3164/103171-IP (Cell), Bombay, dated 13.01.1965. The Project was cleared by Planning Commission, Govt. of India vide letter No. III-2 (23)/64 – I & P dated 03.02.1965. This Project was completed in the year 1976.

The Jayakwadi Project Stage-I consists of;

a) Jayakwadi Reservoir on the Godavari river above Paithan town with the gross storage capacity 2909.04 Mcum (102.73 TMC) & live storage capacity 2170.935 Mcum (76.66 TMC).

b) Paithan Left Bank Canal starting from the Paithan Dam 208 Km. in length to cover the gross command and net irrigable area of 204050 Ha. & 141640 Ha. respectively.

Planning Commission, Govt. of India in letter dated 03.02.1965 suggested that the Paithan dam with its Left Bank Canal only be taken up as Jayakwadi Project Stage-I and the remaining components of the project be covered by a separate report as Jayakwadi Project Stage-II. Accordingly, Jayakwadi Project Stage -II originally administratively approved by Govt. of Maharashtra vide Resolution No. PIM 4973/43043 – IPI, Sachiwalaya, Mumbai dated 25.05.1974. The Stage-II was cleared by Planning Commission, Govt. of India vide letter No. II-15 (1) (14)/76-I & CAD dated 02.06.1976.

Jayakwadi Project Stage-II consists of;

- a) Majalgaon Reservoir on the Sindaphana river, a tributary of the Godavari river near Majalgaon town with the gross and live storage capacities of 444.65 Mcum (15.70 TMC) & 311.30 Mcum (10.99 TMC) respectively and Majalgaon Right Bank Canal 165 Km. long with gross command and net irrigable area of 131520 Ha. & 93885 Ha. respectively.
- b) Paithan Right Bank Canal starting from the Paithan dam 132 Km. in length to cover the gross command and net irrigable area of 59892 Ha. & 41682 Ha. respectively.

The original project report of Jayakwadi was prepared in the year 1964. The project has been planned for 75% dependable virgin yield. Jayakwadi catchment was almost virgin (with the existence of Gangapur, Bhandardara & Darna dams only). As per revised project report 1985, 75% dependable annual virgin yield was estimated 5566 Mcum (196.56 TMC) upto Paithan dam in which the upstream utilization was 3270 Mcum (115.50 TMC) and 2564.71 Mcum (90.57 TMC) for Jayakwadi including regeneration of 245.25 Mcum (8.66 TMC) from upstream utilizations.

The water utilizations from Paithan dam are planned as under :

1.	Paithan Left Bank Canal		: 1075.54 Mcum
2.	Paithan Right Bank Canal		: 318.22 Mcum
3.	Paithan lake losses		: 664.83 Mcum
4.	Diversion to Majalgaon		: 560.00 Mcum
	in bad years		
	-	Total	: 2618.59 Mcum

There is no provision for non-irrigation use in the project planning of Paithan dam.

The storage (Live) planning of Paithan dam is done considering utilizations through canals with only 20% Kharif requirement, fair weather lake losses, 560 Mcum diversion to Majalgaon dam in bad years of Majalgaon and carry over provision of 381.70 Mcum. The Post Monsoon flow (151.77 Mcum) and regeneration at 7.5% of upstream extractions (245.25 Mcum) is accounted while deciding the storage. The design live storage is 2170.935 Mcum (76.66 TMC).

4.0 Constitution of Study Group :

The Jayakwadi Project was planned in the year 1964. At that time, the catchment of Paithan dam was almost virgin with the existence of Gangapur, Bhandardara and Darna dams only. In the revised Project Report 1985, the 75% dependable net yield was estimated at Paithan dam as 2564.71 Mcum (90.57 TMC) including regeneration of 245.25 Mcum (8.66 TMC) from upstream utilizations. The past record shows that the Paithan dam does not receive the estimated yield. Since year 1975, Paithan dam has received design yield or more in 17 years out of 38 years (Statement -3). In year 2012, the Paithan dam had received meagre yield from the catchment. The live storage achieved was 71.90 Mcum (3.31%) on October 10, 2012. To meet the drinking water needs from the Paithan reservoir, the Executive Director, Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad vide letter dated September 4, 2012 had requested Water Resources Department, Government of Maharashtra for the release of 250 Mcum (8.82 TMC) water from upstream storages. Also the Public Representatives, Hon. Members of Parliament and Legislative Assemblies, Guardian Ministers had requested the Government authorities for the release of water from the upstream dams into Paithan dam. Some strong Rasta-Roko agitations were performed. Taking into account the requirements of the upstream areas and Paithan dam, the Government had taken decision to release 325.65 Mcum (11.50 TMC) water from upstream dams in the month of October and November, 2012, in view of the priorities of water use in State Water Policy and such releases are technically & practically feasible, considering the evaporation losses from reservoirs and transit losses from the carrier (river) system.

In Public Interest Litigation Petition No. 100/2012, in the High Court of Judicature of Bombay Bench at Aurangabad, the Petitioner has requested Hon'ble High Court to direct the State Government and Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority to release water in Paithan dam from upstream dams so as to ensure the approximate equitable distribution of water contemplated under clause (c) Section 12(6) of the MWRRA Act, 2005. An Affidavit in reply was filed by the State Government, in which it was submitted to the Hon. High Court that the equitable distribution of water as per Section 12 (6)(c) of MWRRA Act is not technically and practically implementable in toto as demanded by Petitioners. However, some principles for regulation of reservoirs operated as a part of integrated system of reservoirs in a sub-basin can be formulated for filling period (i.e. Monsoon period), so that Paithan dam will

receive some quantum of water before surplusing from upstream dams. Hon. High Court has directed to the State Government on December 19, 2012 that these regulations should be submitted within 3 months.

In light of above background, the Water Resources Department, Government of Maharashtra has constituted the Study Group under Marathi Resolution No. Misc-2012/(891/12)/2012/IM(P) dated 29th January, 2013 (Appendix-1) for formulation of regulations/ guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs during filling period in Godavari basin (upto Paithan dam). The Water Resources Department under Marathi Resolution No. Misc-2012/ (891/12)/2012/IM(P) dated 7 March, 2013, has included Mr. A.B.Patil, Executive Director, Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad as Special Invitee in the Study Group/ (Appendix-2)

The composition of the Study Group is as under:

1.	Mr.H.T.Mendhegiri, Director General, WALMI, Aurangabad	Chairman
2.	Mr.C.A.Birajdar, Chief Engineer (SP), Water Resources Department, Pune	Member
3.	Mr. H.K.Gosavi, Chief Engineer, Planning & Hydrology Project, Nashik.	Member
4.	Mr. B.C.Kunjir, Chief Engineer, North Maharashtra Region, Water Resources Department, Nashik.	Member
5.	Mr. B.M.Sukare, Chief Engineer & Chief Administrator, CAD, Water Resources Department, Aurangabad	Member
6.	Mr.A.B.Patil, Executive Director, Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad	Special Invitee
7.	Mr.A.P.Kohirkar, Superintending Engineer, Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad	Member Secretary

Terms of Reference for the Study Group :

The terms of references for the Study Group are as below :

- 1. To formulate guidelines for integrated operation of reservoirs during filling period in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin so that likely water scarcity situation in Paithan dam may not be attained.
- 2. To develop mechanism for effective implementation of such guiding principles.
- 3. To suggest on reforms about the technical, financial and management aspects thereof.

Time Frame:

Original time period was upto 31 March, 2013 for submission of Study Group report. Looking to the wider scope, complexity involved and the time period required for data submission, the extension upto 31st May, 2013 was granted by Government vide Marathi Resolution No. Misc-2012/(891/12)/2012/IM(P) dated 27 May, 2013 (Appendix-3)

The required information and data for the study group was submitted by the Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corrporation, Aurangabad on 21 May, 2013. The time extension upto 31^{st} July, 2013 is granted by Government vide Marathi Resolution No. Misc-2012/(891/12)/2012/IM(P) dated 30 July, 2013 (Appendix – 4)

Chapter: 2

GENERAL APPROACH

1.0 General:

The Water Resources Department, Government of Maharashtra vide Marathi resolution no. Misc-2012/(891/12)/2012 IM(P) dated 29 January 2013 has constituted the Godavari Study Group for formulation of regulations/guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan Dam) sub basin with the following three (3) Terms of References:

- 1. To formulate guidelines for integrated operation of reservoirs during filling period in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin so that likely water scarcity situation in Paithan dam may not be attained.
- 2. To develop mechanism for effective implementation of such guiding principles.
- 3. To suggest on reforms about the technical, financial and management aspects thereof.

The scope of the study given in TOR is broad. The Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin is having total geographical area of 21774 Sqkm. The sub basin is divided into two parts viz. Upper reach along Sahyadri range and lower downstream reach. The upper reach (Western Ghats) receives heavy rainfall while the lower reach falls under rain shadow belt having low rainfall. This sub basin is a well developed from water storage considerations. However, the factors like rapid urbanization due to high increase in population and faster industrial development are putting stress on available water resources. The development in agriculture and urban sectors has not only posed substantial increase in water demands for various uses, but resulted in conflicts which are critical in nature now itself. The fact that the sub basin water resources remain more or less fixed and demands would go on increasing rapidly.

Large number of major, medium dams have been constructed in the upper reach for water conservation purposes and utilization of the available water resources and also because technically most ideal dam sites are available in Ghat areas. At present, the operation of reservoirs is being done separately for individuals reservoirs considering as single entity. Because of increase in water demands due to faster development in agriculture & industry sectors as well as high increase in population and urbanization, the upstream utilizations have increased than anticipated at the time of project planning of Paithan dam. This has resulted to some extent in lesser inflows (net yields) in Paithan dam as the water resources of the sub basin are more or less fixed. The past record shows that the Paithan dam has received design yield of 2564.71 Mcum (90.57 TMC) or more in only 17 years out of 38 years (Statement-3). The water stress situation in lower reaches viz. Paithan dam of Marathwada region, thereby creating competition and conflict among the different Category of Uses and among the upper reach and lower reach Water Users.

The State Water Policy formulated by Government of Maharashtra in 2003 also envisages that the water resources of the state shall be planned, developed, managed with a river basin and sub basin as the unit. This policy has strategy to create the enabling environment for better and more equitable and productive water resources management in an environmentally sustainable manner for promoting growth reduction in poverty and minimizing regional imbalance. The water management is now a challenge for Water Resources Engineers to adopt a strategy for the integrated operation of reservoirs in the filling period on the principles of approximate equal distribution of water at sub-basin level to achieve optimum utilization of the water resources available and to benefit best out of the system or systems of reservoirs (complex).

Government of Maharashtra, Water Resources Department has constituted the Godavari Study Group for formulation of guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin. Keeping all the above considerations in mind, the study group has decided the following procedure to approach the problem:

- 1. Holding meetings and deliberations
- 2. Collection of hydrological and water use data from field organization.
- 3. Analysis of data
- 4. Present water resources planning scenario study
- 5. Operating strategy for Reservoir Operation
- 6. Literature study
- 7. Discussions and conclusions.

2.0 Meetings And Deliberations:

The Study Group have conducted eight (8) meeting as below:

2.1 First meeting on 13/02/2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad.

The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

- a) General discussions on the various aspects of Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin were held.
- b) The sub basin area was divided in to different river systems (complex) for study purpose.
- c) The information and data required about completed, on going and planned Major, Medium and Minor projects was discussed and proformae for submission of data prepared. Data for past 40 years was to be submitted to the study group within ten days by concerned field Chief Engineers.
- d) Chief Engineer, Hydrology Project, Nashik was requested to submit note on DSS for IWRM for Upper Godavari sub-basin with RIBASIM and Upper Bhima basin study with DSS Planning software.
- e) Information on procedure followed for integrated reservoir operation of Narmada Project and Sardar Sarovar Project is to be made available by Chief Engineer, NMR, Nasik

2.2 Second meeting on 08/03/2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

- a) Information and data submitted by the Chief Engineer & Chief Administrator, Aurangabad was checked by the study group and discrepancies pointed out. Proformae for submission of data were revised and 11 proformae were prepared as per the suggestions of the members.
- b) The data and information was to be submitted by Chief Engineers to GMIDC upto 16 March 2013.
- c) The data submitted by Chief Engineers is to be validated in GMIDC office before submitting to study group.
- d) Member Secretary was instructed to collect guidelines from CWC, New Delhi on integrated operation of reservoirs.

2.3 Third meeting on 21/03/2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad.

The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

a) The status of study group work was reviewed by the Principal Secretary (WRM & CAD) on 20/03/2013. In this review meeting, it was agreed by Executive Director, GMIDC that the data will be made

available to the study group by 31 March 2013. Two months time period after data submission was agreed for study group.

- b) The information and data submitted by the Chief Engineer & Chief Administrator, Aurangabad was checked and discrepancies were pointed out. Raw data of Nasik and Ahmednagar area was checked and field officers were guided for data submission.
- c) It was suggested that the Local Sector Schemes having water use more than 5 mcft shall be included in the information.
- d) The Executive Director was requested to submit validated information and data at GMIDC level.

2.4 Fourth meeting on 5th & 6th April 2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

- a) The information and data in Annexure 1 to 11 was submitted to the study group by GMIDC on 04/04/2013. The data was checked and found that there were lot of discrepancies and there was no uniformity in assumptions. The study group suggested that the technical support of an expert in Hydrology may be taken, if required.
- b) The information submitted was not inclusive of local sector projects.
- c) GMIDC agreed to submit the corrected data on 15/04/2013.
- d) Note on changes in rainfall pattern was to be submitted by Hydrology Project, Nasik.

2.5 Fifth meeting on 17th & 18th May 2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

- a) The validated information and data was submitted by GMIDC on 14/05/2013. This data and information was checked for consistency with reference to various systems/complex and discrepancies were pointed out.
- b) Executive Director, GMIDC agreed to submit finally corrected and validated data on 20/05/2013.

c) It was decided that the proposal for extension of time period i.e. upto 20/07/2013 to be submitted to Government.

2.6 Sixth meeting on 30/05/2013 in Mantralaya, Mumbai

The deliberations on the following points were held:

- a) The corrected data and information was finally submitted by Executive Director, GMIDC on 21st May 2013. All this data was made available to all members for study.
- b) The study concept and outline of the report was discussed.
- c) The status of study group work was reviewed by the Principal Secretary (WRM & CAD). Time extension upto 20/07/2013 was requested.

2.7 Seventh meeting on 14 June 2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The seventh meeting was held in presence of Principal Secretary (WRM & CAD) on 14 June 2013 at WALMI. The deliberations on the following points were held in this meeting:

- a) The Chairman presented the present water planning scenario in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin. Similarly, the priority for getting minimum 25 TMC of inflow into Paithan dam during monsoon 2013 was highlighted.
- b) Time extension up to 20/07/2013 was agreed by Principal Secretary (WRM & CAD).

2.8 8th meeting on 18 to 20 July 2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The 8^{th} meeting was held in WALMI, Aurangabad from 18/07/2013 to 20/07/2013. The Study Group prepared the write up for the report, discussed among the members in this meeting.

2.9 9th meeting on 8 August, 2013 at WALMI, Aurangabad

The 9th meeting was held in WALMI, Aurangabad on 08/08/2013. The Study Group finalized the report in this last meeting.

3.0 Data Availability:

The Executive Director, Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad has submitted the requisite data and information about completed, ongoing and planned Major, Medium and Minor irrigation projects in prescribed proformae vide Marathi letter no. GMIDC/T-1/4338 dated 21 May 2013. The details of data and information are as under:

- 1) Information about Major, Medium and Minor Irrigation Projects in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-1)
- 2) Information about availability of yield at various locations in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-2)
- 3) Information about water requirement (Demand) from various Reservoirs/Dams (Major and Medium Project) in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-3)
- 4) Details of non-irrigation demands from Major and Medium projects in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-4)
- 5) Information about Kharif utilizations from Major and Medium projects in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-5)
- 6) Information about Rabi utilizations from Major and Medium projects in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-6)
- 7) Information about Hot Weather Utilizations from Major and Medium projects in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (Annexure-7)
- 8) Information about Depth of Evaporation from Reservoirs in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin.
- 9) Information about approved Reservoir Operation Schedule for Gated Dams in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin
- 10) Information about Elevation Capacity Table for Gated Dams in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin
- 11) Information on salient features, latest approved water planning for Major and Medium Projects

The hydrological and water use data of completed, ongoing and planned projects as submitted by GMIDC are enclosed in Annexure 1 to 7.

4.0 Literature Study:

In general, the following documents & literature are referred.

- 1. Detailed Project Reports of various Major and Medium Irrigation Projects planned and constructed in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin.
- 2. CWC, New Delhi publication on "Real time integrated operation of Reservoirs" (April, 2005)
- 3. I S 7323 1994 on Operation of Reservoirs Guidelines.
- 4. I S 5477 (Part-I)-1969 on methods for fixing the capacities of Reservoirs
- 5. CDO Report on Jayakwadi-Majalgaon Simulation Studies (Nov.2001).
- 6. CDO Note on Water Availability Studies for Jayakwadi Project (May, 2004).
- 7. Maharashtra State Water Policy (July, 2003)
- 8. Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority Act, 2005
- 9. Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority (Allocation & Monitoring of Entitlements, Disputes and Appeals and other Matters), Rules, 2013.
- 10. The Report of the Godavari Water Disputes Tribunal with the Decision (Year 1979)
- 11. Report of the Second Maharashtra Water and Irrigation Commission (Year 1999)
- 12. Study on "DSS for IWRM of Upper Godavari River Basin (upto Paithan dam)" by Hydrology Project, Nashik (Year 2003).
- 13. Purpose Driven Study (PDS) on "Effect of Changing Water Allocation in Jayakwadi Project" by Hydrology Project, Nashik (Year 2011)
- 14. Rainfall statistics from www.mahaagri.gov.in (Department of Agriculture, Govt. of Maharashtra).
- 15. National Water Mission Comprehensive Document (April 2011)

Chapter: 3

DISCUSSIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

1.0 Objective of Present Study:

One of the Terms of Reference for this Godavari Study Group is "To formulate guidelines for integrated operation of reservoirs during filling period in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin so that likely water scarcity situation in Paithan dam may not be attained". In the Water Availability Studies of year 2004, the Central Designs Organizations, Nashik has estimated the 75% dependable annual virgin yield of 4451.50 Mcum (157.20 TMC) at Paithan dam site. The data supplied by GMIDC indicates that the large number of major, medium and minor irrigation projects are planned and completed in this sub basin (Statement-5). The Design Water Use of these project is about 7174.72 Mcum (253.37 TMC). This design water use is from projects having planned at varying dependabilities ranging from 50% to 75% including local sector schemes more than 5 Mcft water use. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses in this sub basin are as under:

a.	Domestic use	:	693.09 Mcum
b.	Industrial use	:	283.07 Mcum
		Total	976.16 Mcum

The provision for total non-irrigation use in the project planning of dams in this sub basin is 247.121 Mcum only.

The large scale irrigation storage creation in comparison with the available water in sub basin and increase in upper reach utilizations has resulted into water stress situation in lower reaches of sub basin. The result of this situation is that there is a need to ensure judicious, equitable and sustainable management, allocation and utilization of water resources among the different category of uses and among the upper reach and lower reach water users.

The objective of this study is to make water balance scenario considering the different probabilities of inflows and various demands to a maximum possible extent, adopting sub basin as the unit. The concept of operation of reservoir considering it as a single entity has to be given way to the concept of integrated operation of reservoirs to achieve approximate equal distribution of water at sub basin level and to benefit best out of the system or systems of reservoirs (complex).

2.0 Upstream Design (Plan) Utilizations:

In the Jayakwadi project report of 1964, the utilizations planned upstream of Paithan dam were shown as 3270 Mcum (115.5 TMC). The same figure was also shown in revised project report of 1985. When CDO, Nashik had taken the simulation study in 1990 to 1994 as directed by Government of Maharashtra, same upstream utilizations were considered as the details of utilizations were not supplied by field officials. During the revised simulation study carried out by CDO in 2001 (with yield series estimated & approved by CWC in 1990), as directed by Government of Maharashtra, the details of upstream utilizations of all major, medium and minor projects were obtained from field officials. The upstream utilizations were increased from 3270 Mcum to 4150.2 Mcum (146.56 TMC). It is mainly due to planning of large number of medium and minor projects in the catchment. Now, the data presented by GMIDC to Study Group indicates that the upstream utilizations is further increased to 4556.12 Mcum (160.89 TMC). The increase in upstream utilizations at the various stages of development is illustrated in Table-1.

	-		(Fig	ures in Mcum)
	A. A	CDO Study	CDO Study	Present
	Provision	(2001)	(2004)	Status
Complex	(1964 &			(2013)
	1985)			
(A)Major Projects				
1)Mula	807.03	824.73	824.73	704.63
2)Pravara	736.24	753.23	753.23	786.41
3)Gangapur	226.54	222.68	222.68	169.61
4)Godavari-Darna	940.13	948.93	948.93	1204.49
5)Palkhed	447.41	444.58	444.58	456.52
Total Major Projects	3157.35	3194.16	3194.16	3321.66
(B) Medium Projects	0.00	383.70	383.70	421.38
(C) Minor Projects	113.27	572.29	496.11	813.08
Grand Total (Mcum)	3270.62	4150.20	4073.97	4556.12
Grand Total (TMC)	115.5	146.56	143.87	160.89

Table-1: Upstream Design (Plan) Utilizations

3.0 Water Availability:

3.1 Previous Water Availability Studies: Water availability studies for Jayakwadi Project were carried out in the year 1964 at the time of original administrative approval and in the year 1985 for revised project report by Irrigation Projects Investigation Circle, Aurangabad and then in year 1990 by Central Designs Organization, Nasik in consultation with CWC, New Delhi

As per 1964 Jayakwadi project report, net run-off series at Paithan dam was estimated by deducting upstream utilizations of 3270 Mcum (115.5 TMC) and adding regeneration from upstream utilizations. From this series, 75% dependable annual net yield was worked out as 2288.04 Mcum (80.80 TMC) for Jayakwadi Project. For catchment area below N.M. weir, below Ozar weir & below Mula dam, vield was worked out considering Strange's coefficient as "good". For the catchment upstream of above mentioned dam sites, N.M.weir actual flows, Ozar weir actual flows & Mula long term series based on A.A.Report details have been considered. Report 1964 appears to have been prepared based on the expertise available and available data at that time. The Jayakwadi project was planned for water utilization of 2618.59 Mcum (92.47 TMC). CWC had made some comments on this study. In view of inclusion of some works of Jayakwadi Project Stage – I and Stage–II under World Bank aided MCIP III and in view of remarks raised by CWC at the time of clearance of the original project report 1964, the revised project report was prepared in 1985. Yield studies in this revised project report were refined. The upto date runoff data at Mungi river gauging station for the period from 1968 to 1977 was used. To work out the yield, the rainfall-runoff correlation was derived with help of rainfall data of 24 rain gauge stations for the period of 1927 to 1978 and river gauging station at Mungi, established by state near Paithan dam site and series of 51 years was generated at Paithan dam site. As per report 1985, 75% dependable annual virgin yield was worked out as 5566 Mcum (196.56 TMC). Out of this 3270 Mcum (115.5 TMC) was for upstream utilizations and 2565 Mcum (90.57 TMC) was shown for Jayakwadi project including regeneration of 245.25 Mcum (8.66 TMC) from upstream utilizations. CWC, New Delhi compared Mungi river gauge data and Kaygaon Toka river gauge data maintained by CWC and had opined that Mungi river gauge data was over estimated. So, the yield worked out in report 1985 appears to be over estimated.

The works up to 100 Km of Majalgaon Right Bank Canal (MRBC) were included in the original World Bank aided MCIP- III. At the time of reformulation, a proposal to include works of MRBC beyond Km 100 was submitted to World Bank. Since World Bank was not fully convinced about the adequacy of availability of water for the command area beyond 100 Km. World Bank decided to review hydrological and Simulation studies. As per yield and simulation study carried out by World bank expert, it was indicated that the proposal of MRBC beyond Km 100 was not economically viable. The studies indicated that after reserving water of 2890 Mcum (102 TMC) for the existing upstream projects at that time and for the projects under active implementation, the available yield was not sufficient to meet the complete requirement of commands of PLBC, PRBC and MRBC with the present cropping pattern. Hence it was inferred that any increase in upstream utilizations would adversely affect the availability of water for PLBC, PRBC and MRBC commands. World Bank study showed that the present system was failing to fulfill the demand planned over it. Since Government of Maharashtra was not agreeable to the procedure followed by the World Bank consultant in computing the available yield for the project, especially the method of double mass technique; the Government of Maharashtra directed

CDO Officials to discuss this issue with Dr. Dougles James, another World Bank Consultant on Hydrology. Accordingly, this issue was discussed with him. Dr Dougles James concurred with the view of CDO, Nashik that the double mass technique used by the then consultant in this case is not appropriate and thus leading to incorrect picture of performance of the project. Govt. of Maharashtra directed CDO, Nashik to take up the study afresh and get approved from CWC. CDO had carried out yield and simulation study in the year 1990 by using latest hydrological data required for the study. As per this study, 75% dependable annual virgin yield works out to 4830.04 Mcum (170.58 TMC) at Paithan dam. This study was approved by CWC, New Delhi vide letter dated 04/06/1990. This study was used for further analysis. The upstream utilizations were considered as 4150.2 Mcum (146.56 TMC). Hence, the net annual yield available for Jayakwadi including regeneration was worked out as 979.80 Mcum (34.60 TMC). Using this net yield series the simulation studies were carried out by CDO, Nashik.

As per C. W. C. Working Group Report and IS 5477 (Part-I)-1969, the performance of the project is to be decided by success. If the project is planned for 'over the year' storage projects (having carry over) and multipurpose, the performance is to be decided by using minimum 40 years runoff series. Using this minimum 40 years runoff series, the project is feasible if,

- 1. Irrigation requirement is fulfilled for 75% of its life period.
- 2. Domestic water requirement is fulfilled for 100% of its life period
- 3. Hydropower water requirement is fulfilled for 90% of its life period

This is as per Clause no 3.2.1 of IS 5477 – (Part-I)- 1969

Result of this simulation study showed that the Jayakwadi system was not capable to cater the demand planned over it. Government of Maharashtra, Water Resources Department constituted the committee under the Chairmanship of the Chief Engineer (P&V) & Jt. Secretary in July 1996 for,

- i) To decide the exact water availability up to Jayakwadi
- ii) To suggest most appropriate alternative to cater to the entire command area as far as possible

The Committee approved the water availability study already carried out by CDO, Nashik and concurred by CWC. From the 75% dependable yield, deducting upstream utilizations, the committee expressed that the balance yield was insufficient to cater full command area of the system. The Committee had made some suggestions. Considering the suggestions of the committee, CDO, Nashik had worked out 6 alternatives. The success rate for Jayakwadi project Stage-I was between 48.39% to 58.06% which is less than requirement of 75% for irrigation. Due to the increase in upstream utilizations from 3270 Mcum (115.50 TMC) to 4150.20 Mcum (146.56 TMC), the project is not capable of sustaining the planned demand or the modified demand suggested by the Committee.

3.2 April 2004 study: As the Paithan dam was not receiving the estimated yield, Government of Maharashtra had directed to update the study by considering the latest data upto 2003. For this study, the rainfall data from 1986 to 2003 alongwith tank gauge data was demanded from field officers. Field officers could not supply all rainfall data as some stations were closed. Due to non-availability of rainfall data from 1986 – 2003, the yield series was updated upto 1999. By using the yield series from 1925 to 1999 i.e. for 75 years, the 75% dependable annual virgin yield was worked out to 4451.50 Mcum (157.2 TMC). If the upstream utilizations of 4074.02 Mcum (143.87 TMC) are deducted from this yield, the net yield available at Paithan including regeneration works out to 671.69 Mcum (23.72 TMC). The average annual virgin yield at Paithan dam was worked out by CDO as 5467.53 Mcum (193.06 TMC). It is mentioned in the CDO note that the series updated by CDO in April 2004 for the period 1925-1999 (75 years) is purely for academic purpose.

3.3 Comparison of various yield studies: The comparison showing the availability of yield with reference to various studies is given in the Table-2

	(Figures in Mcum/TMC				
Sr.	Study Year	75% dep.	Upstream	75% dep. net	
No.		virgin yield	utilizations	yield at	
				Paithan	
(1)	Project Report	<u>5558.04</u>	<u>3270</u>	2288.04	
	1964	196.30	115.5	80.80	
(2)	Project Report	5566	<u>3270</u>	2565	
	1985	196.56	115.5	90.57	
(3)	CDO study 2001	4830.04	4150.2	<u>979.80</u>	
		170.58	146.56	34.60	
(4)	CDO study 2004	4451.5	4074.02	671.69	
		157.20	143.87	23.72	

Table-2 Comparison of yield studies

Note: Net yield includes regeneration from upstream utilizations.

3.4 Observed Net Yield at Paithan dam : The Project Officers have supplied the annual observed net yield series at Paithan dam for the period from 1975 to 2012 (Statement - 3). After arranging the yield series in descending order, the dependable yields are worked out as under :

(i)	100 % dep.	:	122.05 Mcum
(ii)	90 % dep.	:	528.79 Mcum
(iii)	75 % dep.	:	816.53 Mcum
(iv)	50 % dep.	:	2067.51 Mcum
(v)	Average	:	2356.34 Mcum
		27	



Annual observed net yield at Paithan dam is presented in the Fig.2.

Since 1975, Paithan dam has received design yield of 2564.71 Mcum (90.57 TMC) or more in 17 years only out of 38 years. It is also observed from the yield series that there are consecutive bad years extending upto 2 to 4 years. Fortnightly distribution of 50% dependable net observed monsoon inflows at Paithan dam is presented (worked out by cumulative method) in the Fig.3 (Pie chart.)

From the Pie chart, it is seen that about 80% net inflows of Paithan dam are received during the months of August to October period. These observations



the rainfall support characteristics described in para 5.0 of Chapter 3.0. The inflows in the Paithan dam received are predominantly during the month of August to September from upper reaches after fulfilling the requirements storage of upper dams and September to October from lower reaches(free catchment).

4.0 Interstate Aspects:

The Godavari Water Disputes Tribunal had submitted its report on 27th November 1979 (Bachawat Award) to Govt. of India. As per the GWDT award, Maharashtra State can use for their beneficial use all waters upto Paithan dam site on the Godavari river. This is as per the agreement dated 6 October 1975 between the Chief Minister of Maharashtra and Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh. It is mentioned in the GWDT award that the rule of an equitable apportionment of the benefits of the river, each unit getting a fair share, should be applied in deciding water disputes regarding an interstate river.

5.0 Rainfall Characteristics:

Upper Godavari sub basin receives the major portion of its rainfall during the South-West monsoon period (June to September) than in North-East monsoon. About 85 to 90% of rainfall is received during the South-West monsoon period. The river therefore brings down most of its water between June and September. The monsoon season ends by October but during the next two months there are occasional freshets caused by north-east monsoon over that part of catchment which comes under its influence. Rainfall, however, varies widely in space and time.

The Western Ghats (Sahyadri Ranges) running parallel to the coast form a almost uninterrupted barrier. Heavy monsoon rains are occurred on ghats from South-West monsoon winds striking the barrier. The amount of rainfall on the ghats at any place is governed largely by the orographic features there. This factor introduces considerable spatial variation in the rainfall amount. This is illustrated in Fig.4.



Fig: 4 OROGRAPHIC RAINFALL

In crossing the ghats, the monsoon winds lose a large part of the moisture. The sub basin receives high rains in the western ghats of reach about 128 Km which vary from 3000 to 1000 mm in this reach. East of the ghats, the annual rainfall decreases rapidly to about 600 - 500 mm. The rain shadow belt includes portions of Ahmednagar and Aurangabad districts. The rain shadow belt/region is also prone to frequent droughts. About 60% catchment of Upper Godavari sub basin falls in low rainfall zone. This part receives some rains in association with the depressions from the Bay of Bengal. The Upper Godavari sub basin map showing Isohyets is enclosed (Drg.2).

The normal date of commencement of the South-West monsoon is about the middle of June. The intensity of rainfall current increases from June to July, remains more or less steady in August and begins to weaken in the month of September. The normal date of withdrawal of South-West monsoon is between the 1st October to 15th October.



The rainfall data is collected for the raingauge station and taluka area from Water Resources Department and Agriculture Department of Government of Maharashtra. The Bhandardara raingauge station located at dam site represents the rainfall characteristics for Upper reaches of Pravara and Mula catchments.

Bhandardara Station (Fig. 5)

Fortnightly distribution of long period average monsoon rainfall is presented in Fig.5 (Pie Chart.)

Similarly, the Igatpuri taluka and Trimbakeshwar taluka represents the rainfall characteristics for upper reaches of Darna and Gangapur (Godavari) catchments. Fortnightly distribution of long period average monsoon rainfall are presented in Fig. 6,7 (Pie Chart.)



Igatpuri Taluka (Fig.6)



As may be seen from three Pie Charts the (Fig.5,6,7) that rainfall predominantly occurs during the months from June to August. About 80 to 85% of monsoon rainfall is received by the end of August in upper reaches (intercepted catchments).

Trimbakeshwar Taluka (Fig. 7)


The long period average monsoon rainfall of Niphad, Rahuri, Newasa,

Sangamner, Kopargaon, Aurangabad talukas covers the unintercepted (free) catchments (lower reach) are also analysed. Fortnightly distribution of period average long monsoon rainfall of (average of 6 Tahsils) is presented in Fig.8 (Pie chart.)

Free catchment (Fig-8)

As may be seen from the Pie chart that the rainfall occurs during the five months from June to October. The lower reach areas are also influenced by Bay of Bengal currents. The rainfall during the month of September and October is quite predominant.

The rainfall characteristics of upper and lower reaches (catchments) will have to be considered while deciding the operating strategy for integrated operation of reservoirs in the systems of reservoirs (complex); especially with reference to;

- (i) How much water to be stored and released at upper dams.
- (ii) When water to be stored and released at upper dams.



6.0 Unintercepted (Free) Catchment:

Fig.9 : Catchment Area for Paithan Dam

Large number of major and medium dams have been constructed in the upper reach catchment for water conservation purposes and utilization of available the water resources, because of two main reasons viz: (i) technically most ideal dam sites available in ghat and (ii) major areas. source of sub-basin yield in ghat areas. The distribution of catchment area upto Paithan dam is presented in Fig.9 (Pie chart).

The unintercepted catchment area is 69.72%. The Upper Godavari sub-basin map showing Isohyets is enclosed (Drg.2). Free catchment area is having low rainfall of about 500 to 600 mm.

The development of Agriculture in the lower reach (free catchment) has increased the water demands. So the large number of state and local sector minor irrigation projects & K.T.weirs are constructed to harness the available water. During the study group deliberations, it was informed that the monsoon river flows are diverted into canals for Kharif utilizations, flood canals, river channels / streams for feeding tanks, farm ponds, etc. This is resulting into the scarce availability of inflows into Paithan dam from free catchment. The data and information presented by GMIDC to study group indicates that the sanction for Kharif use on reservoirs & rivers and also through flood canals have been given to the extent of 144.92 Mcum (5.12 TMC). The water use through these arrangements are uncontrolled.

7.0 Previous DSS Studies:

7.1 Two studies are undertaken as Decision Support System under World Bank aided Hydrology Project (SW), Maharashtra, namely,.....

- IWRM of Upper Godavari River Basin (upto Paithan Dam) (RIBASIM Study)
- (2) Water Resources Planning and Management

These two studies are described in short as below:

7.2 RIBASIM Study: This study was completed in December 2003. The Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub basin (excluding Jayakwadi Project) was selected as pilot study basin. The objective of this study was to forecast the water balance scenario for future and to evolve DSS to mitigate the impact of future demands to a maximum possible extent. RIBASIM software programme was used for this study. RIBASIM is a generic model package for simulation of the behaviour of river basins during varying hydrologic conditions. The model is a comprehensive and flexible tool to link the hydrologic input of water at various locations to the various water using activities in the basin and to evaluate a variety of measures related to infrastructure and operational management.

This study indicated that if no further measures are initiated to mitigate the future water demands in this sub basin, the deficit of 67 Mcum for the base year 2000 would shoot out upto a range of 1477 to 2139 Mcum for the year 2015 and to a

range of 1860 to 2574 Mcum for the year 2025. To reduce these anticipated deficits, certain measures in the form of strategies have been suggested. One of the suggestion is improvement in irrigation efficiencies from 39% to 49% to 55% by the years 2015 and 2025.

7.3 DSS (Planning): A decision support system for planning and management of water resources has been developed under the DSS Planning Project implemented under Hydrology Project-II. The system, which initially has been set up for the Upper Bhima Basin, is now operationalized in 2011. The River Basin model using MIKE Basin Software is set up.

The reservoirs in the Upper Bhima provide water to the various users throughout the year, mainly within the agricultural, domestic and industrial sector. Restrictions in the water allocation may be required from time to time depending on availability and user priority. The inflow to the reservoir depends on the climatic conditions in the coming months. It is likely that the inflow in the near future will resemble the inflow of earlier years. In order to provide a solid basis for planning, long time series of inflow to each reservoir in Upper Bhima have been generated using the observed data and hydrological modeling. It is now possible to test the performance of the reservoirs over the coming months for different water allocation plans and the likely range of inflow.

This DSS (Planning) model can be useful for,.....

- 1. Assessment of Water Resources.
- 2. Water Balance Studies.
- 3. Long-term planning of water resources management to meet increasing demands.
- 4. Likelihood of filling of reservoirs.
- 5. Integrated reservoir operation.
- 6. Review of rule curves of reservoirs using long term analysis.
- 7. Analysis of inter basin transfer & Analysis of conjunctive surface and groundwater use in the command area.
- 8. Analysis of the impact of artificial recharge from either local runoff or reservoirs.

8.0 Increasing Water Use Efficiency:

Ministry of Water Resources, Government of India has formulated the National Water Mission (NWM) document with the main objective of "Conservation of water, minimizing wastage and ensuring its more equitable distribution both across and within states through integrated water resources development and management". In many states there is increasing concern over the availability of water for domestic, irrigation and industrial use. These concerns are expressed in the National Water Mission Document. The DSDAP (Development of Synthesis and Draft Action Plan for improving water use efficiency (WUE) of irrigated

agriculture in selected States) Study analyzed some 30 case studies of major and medium irrigation (MMI) schemes and indicated that overall project efficiency of water resources projects is in the range of 30 to 40%. Therefore, National Water Mission emphasis the time line for action to increase WUE of the project by 20% by the year 2017. The promotion of micro irrigation techniques such as drip and sprinkler irrigation is considered as one of the important activities on priority for achieving the objectives of the NWM. Adopting the sprinkler and drip irrigation for irrigating the crops can improve the existing on farm irrigation efficiency from 50% to 80% and overall efficiency in the range of 50% to 60%.

9.0 Equitable Distribution of Water :

9.1 MWRRA Act, 2005: Maharashtra has enacted Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority Act, 2005 (MWRRA Act, 2005) which provides for the establishment of Authority to regulate water resources within the State, facilitate and ensure judicious, equitable and sustainable management, allocation and utilization of water resources.

In the section 11 of MWRRA Act, the powers, functions and duties of the Authority have been mentioned. In clause (c) and (m) of section 11, the following functions of Authority are mentioned:

- (c) to determine the priority of equitable distribution of water available at the water resource project, sub-basin and river basin levels during periods of scarcity;
- (m) in the event of water scarcity, the Authority, in compliance with its policy and rules for allocating such scarcity, shall adjust the quantities of water to be made available to all Entitlements and shall permit the temporary transfer of Water Entitlements between users and Categories of Users in accordance with the approval of the River Basin Agencies.

In general policies of the Authority, as per the provisions of section 12 subsection (6) of MWRRA Act, the Authority shall fix the quota at project level, sub-basin level, on the basis of the some principles. The clauses (a), (b) & (c) of section 12 subsection (6) give the principles for sharing of the distress as mentioned below:

- (a) for equitable distribution of water in the command area of the project, every landholder in the command area shall be given Quota;
- (b) the Quota shall be fixed on the basis of the land in the command area : Provided that, during the water scarcity period each landholder shall, as far as possible, be given Quota adequate to irrigate at least one acre of land;

(c) in order to share the distress in the river basin of sub-basin equitably, the water stored in the reservoirs in the basin or sub-basin, as the case may be, shall be controlled by the end of October every year in such way that, the percentage of utilizable water, including kharif use, shall, for all reservoirs approximately be the same.

As per Section 14 sub-section (4) of MWRRA Act, Water shall not be made available from the canal for perennial crops in such area and from such date as may be notified by the Authority, unless the cultivator adopts drip irrigation or sprinkler irrigation or such other water saving technology approved by the Authority. The quantity of water so saved, after satisfying the future increased demand of drinking water, shall be distributed equitably in the command area and the adjoining area.

9.2 MWRRA Rules, 2013: Maharashtra Water Resources Regulatory Authority (Allocation & Monitoring of Entitlements, Disputes and Appeals and other Matters) Rules, 2013 have been published on 30 April, 2013. In **sub-Rule 2** (1) (c), the word "water scarcity" or "distress" is defined as under :

"water scarcity" or "distress" in relation to a particular water resources project, means a situation when actual availability of live storage is less than 33% of design live storage of that project as on the 15^{th} October.

Rule 11 is regarding the "Equitable distribution of water during water scarcity" which is reproduced as under:

Equitable distribution of water during water scarcity -

- (1) The Authority shall, during the period of water scarcity, determine the priority of equitable distribution of water available at the water resources project level in particular and wherever technically and practically feasible, also at sub basin and basin level.
- (2) During the period of water scarcity, if available live storage in a particular water resources project is not adequate to meet the drinking water needs, release of water from upstream major or medium water resources projects may be considered by the Authority;

Provided that such releases shall be considered only if, -

- (i) the drinking water needs of such upstream projects are met fully; and
- (ii) such releases are technically and practically feasible.

- (3) While planning the release of water under sub-rule (2), evaporation losses and transit losses shall be accounted for. The concerned River Basin Agency shall specify the operating procedure for release of water from upstream projects.
- (4) During the period of water scarcity, after satisfying the drinking water requirements from the water resources projects, the apportionment of remaining water shall be decided by the River Basin Agency.

9.3 State Water Policy (July 2003): Maharashtra has adopted State Water Policy in 2003. Some important principles laid down are highlighted below:

- (1) **Para 2.1.1**: The water resources of the State shall be planned, developed, managed with a river basin and sub basin as the unit, adopting multi-sectoral approach and treating surface and sub-surface water with unitary approach.
- (2) **Para 2.8**: The distress in water availability during deficit period shall be shared equitably amongst different sectors of water use and also amongst upstream and downstream users.
- (3) **Para 3.0**: The water resources of the State shall be used, conserved and managed to provide the maximum economic and social benefits for the people of the State and in a manner that minimizes regional imbalance and maintain important ecological values within rivers and adjoining lands. All agencies of the State shall cooperate in the provision of the optimum integrated benefit to be derived from the State's water resources.

10.0 Evaporation from Reservoir:

The planning of Paithan dam was done considering the annual lake evaporation losses of 664.83 Mcum. The Hydrology Project, Nashik has carried out the Purpose Driven Study (PDS) in year 2010-11 on "Effect of changing Water Allocation in Jayakwadi Project". In this study report, the evaporation loss through Jayakwadi reservoir was analyzed with reference to observed evaporation lake losses for the years when storage was more than 90% full. In this report, it is concluded that the actual evaporation losses are about 60% of losses assumed in project planning. CWC, New Delhi had suggested the evaporation depth of 2.36 m considering the pan evaporimeter data of Golegaon station to be considered for earlier Jayakwadi simulation study. The Golegaon station is about 250 Km away from Paithan Reservoir. So CDO, Nashik had carried out detailed analysis considering the climatological stations established in and around the catchment such as Paithan dam site itself, WALMI (Aurangabad), Pune, Niphad. Using this data and applying necessary correction factors, a depth of 2 m was estimated.

This estimation was concurred by CWC, New Delhi in the year 1991 for using in simulation study of Jayakwadi Project (Sept 1994). Hence, 2.0 m annual depth of evaporation is considered in the present study. The annual lake losses works out to be 594.04 Mcum for the good year (Statement-11).

Niphad climatological station data is used for working out the evaporation depth for upstream reservoirs. The depth was worked out as 2.32 m. by CDO, Nashik in Sept. 1994 study and same is used to compute evaporation of all upstream major and medium projects considered in the present study.

11.0 Physical Constraints:

Water Resources projects are classified into three categories, namely major, medium and minor irrigation projects. The minor projects are having cultural command area less than 2000 Ha. and are having small size storage. They are designed with 50% dependable yield. Generally, they are also having no spillway gates for release of surplus water. In case of ungated dams, the release of water from live storage is possible only through canal outlet and river sluice, if



provided. As the discharge capacity of such outlet/sluice is small and inadequate release water to through river from feeding downstream projects. If releases are made in smaller/ lesser quantities, there will be huge transit evaporation and losses in the carrier (river) system. It is most likely that released water will

not reach the downstream reservoir. The releases are technically and practically feasible from gated spillways of medium and major projects. Fig. 10 shows the typical cross section of Mula dam.

There are 16 major and 7 medium projects (Total = 23 dams) located in the upper reaches and which are considered for study. Out of these 23 dams, 13 dams are having spillway gates. Live storage below and above the crest of spillways of these 13 dams are worked out. It is found that on an average 53% of design live storage of all these dams is below crest. (Statement-1) So the 53% of design live storage is assumed as mandatory storage which would not be released for downstream.

12.0 Water Releases from Upper Dams in Year 2012:

There was a water scarcity in Marathwada region in the year 2012-13. To satisfy the drinking water demands as well as industrial demands (partly) from Paithan dam, the Government had taken decision for release of 325.65 Mcum (11.50 TMC) water from upstream dams in the month of October and November, 2012. The releases were made in two phases from three river complex. The release data is presented in the Table:3.

				Quantity	Length of
		Discharge	Quantity	Reached	Carrier
Complex	Period	Range	Released	in Paithan	system
		(Cum/sec)	(Mcum)	dam	(Km)
				(Mcum)	
	21.10.2012	179.65	64.56	31.43	175
1) Pravara	to	to			
	27.10.2012	50.26		(48.68%)	
	28.11.2012	265.33	73.90		52
2) Mula	to	to			
	05.12.2012	10.28		153.20	
	29.11.2012	232.71	74.76		175
3) Pravara	to	to		(65.58%)	
	13.12.2012	50.26			
	30.11.2012	209.72 to	84.95		180
4) Darna	to	65.97			
	08.12.2012				
			298.17	184.63	-
Total					
				(61.92%)	

Table No. 3 Water Release Data

It is observed that about 62% of released water actually reached into Paithan reservoir. Though the rivers were dry at the time of releases, the substantial quantity of water was reached due to preventive measures taken by the project officers, namely:

- 1) Water was released in sizable discharge taking into account river carrying capacity of perennial flow course.
- 2) Measures for prohibiting intermediate lifting of waters
- 3) Adopting efficient water management practices.

The natural river flows are being modified by impoundments such as dams, barrages and weirs. Mula, Pravara and Godavari are the main rivers contributing major inflows into Paithan dam. The river flow data of these rivers at gauging

sites are studied for last 10 years period. It is found that these rivers are flowing naturally in the months from August to September. If the releases from upper dams are made in this period, there will be minimal transit losses in the carrier system.

13.0 Present Water Resources Planning Scenario:

The Central Designs Organisation, Nashik has estimated the 75% dependable annual virgin yield of 4451.50 Mcum (157.20 TMC) (April 2004 study) in this sub-basin. Similarly, the average annual virgin yield is estimated as 5467.53 Mcum (193.06 TMC). A large scale irrigation developments and industrial developments have occurred in the sub-basin as explained in para 1.0 of Chapter: 2 and para 1.0 Chapter:3. Large number of major, medium and minor irrigation projects and K.T.weirs, local sector schemes have been planned and completed in this sub-basin. The total design live storage capacity of such projects is 5477.73 Mcum (193.44 TMC) and total design water utilization from these projects is expected as 7174.72 Mcum (253.37 TMC). This design water use is from projects having planned at varying dependabilities ranging from 50% to 75% including local sector schemes more than 5 Mcft water use. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses in this sub-basin are as under:

a)	Domestic use		:	693.09 Mcum
b)	Industrial use		:	283.07 Mcum
		Total	:	976.16 Mcum

The provision for total non-irrigation use in the project planning in this sub-basin is 247.121 Mcum only. It is also observed from the 38 years observed net yield series at Paithan dam (Statement -3) that bad years appear to occur consecutively in 2 years' succession e.g. 1992 & 93, 1995 & 96, whereas consecutively in 3 years' succession e.g. 1985,1986 & 1987, and in 4 years' succession e.g. 2000,2001,2002, 2003 and 2009, 2010, 2011 & 2012. The water deficit is too large to manage.

The water deficit in the sub basin is as under:

(a) Total design water utilizations	: 7174.72 Mcum
(b)75% dep. virgin yield (CDO 2004)	: 4451.5 Mcum
(c) Regeneration from upstream Utilizations (0.075 x4556.12) Deficit (a – (b +c))	: <u>341.71 Mcum</u> : 2381.51 Mcum
	(84.10 TMC)

This deficit is on account of two reasons namely,;

(a) Increase in upstream utilizations : 1189.09 Mcum

(b) Reduction in yield		: <u>1106.54 Mcum</u>
	Total:	: 2295.63 Mcum
		(81.06 TMC)

The water deficit is creating water stress situation; resulting to water crisis. The water stress situation is creating to the competition and conflict among the different category of uses and among the upper reach and lower reach water users. This type of situation is most likely to occur more frequently in future as the water available is not sufficient to meet the water demands.

The present water stress scenario will have to be managed with a well plan strategy of deficit sharing in respect of a whole sub-basin. There is a need to ensure judicious, equitable allocation and utilizations of available water resources among the different category of uses and among the upper and lower reach water uses, adopting sub-basin as the unit; keeping in mind that sub-basin water resources remain more or less fixed and demands would go on increasing.

The principles laid down in State Water Policy are highlighted in para 9.3 of Chapter: 3. The State Water Policy has adopted the principle of sub-basinwise water recourses planning and sharing of water distress equitably amongst different sectors of water use and also amongst upstream and downstream users. MWRRA Act, 2005 provides a law to regulate and facilitate, ensure judicious and equitable allocation and utilization of water resources at the sub-basin levels. The important sections of this act in this respect are mentioned in para 9.1 and 9.2 of Chapter: 3.

14.0 Water Distress:

Drought is an extended period of months or years when a region notes a deficiency in its water supply whether surface water or ground water. Generally, it occurs when a region receives consistently below average rainfall. Hydrological drought relates to water availability. MWRRA Rules, 2013 defines the word "water scarcity" or "distress". The definition is reproduced in Para 9.2, Chapter: 3 of this report. These two words have been correlated with the actual availability of live storage of the project as on 15th October. The basis for this definition is Govt. of Maharashtra, Water Resources Department's Marathi Resolution No. Misc 10.0/(19/2000)/IM(P) dated 7 March, 2001, in which guidelines for planning of water utilization from water storage are included. In this resolution, it is mentioned that during the expected deficit rainfall year, no sanction for Kharif crop be given until live storage reaches upto 33%.

"Water stress index" is the international level commonly used measures of water scarcity. This method defines water scarcity in terms of the total water resources that are available to the population of a region; measuring scarcity as the amount of renewable freshwater that is available for each person each year. The water availability per capita per year in a region is below 1700 Cum, it is said to be experiencing water stress; below 1000 Cum it is said to be experiencing water scarcity, and below 500 Cum, absolute water scarcity.

As per Second Maharashtra Water and Irrigation Commission Report, the total population of Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin was 54.43 lakhs (Census 1991). The growth rate in India is 40.20% between year 1990 to 2010 as per population statistics of United Nations. With this growth rate, the present population (2013) in the sub-basin would be about 78.50 lakhs. The average annual virgin yield is 5467.53 Mcum (CDO Study 2004). The per capita water availability will be 696.5 Cum. It means that the sub-basin is already in water scarcity condition. So the regulation of water resources available in this sub-basin needs to be done to ensure the approximate equitable distribution of water contemplated in MWRRA Act and State Water Policy.

15.0 Operating Strategy for Reservoir Operation :

15.1 **Terms of Reference (1):** TOR:1 for the study group is to formulate guidelines for integrated operation of reservoirs during the filling period in the sub-basin so that likely water scarcity situation in Paithan dam may not be attained. A lay'man will have answer to the TOR that the release of water from the upper reservoirs may be done to the extent the Paithan reservoir reaches at level with actual live storage equals to or more than 33% of design live storage as on the 15th October. This 33% criterion is developed with the base that the storage facility will atleast satisfy the minimum annual demands of domestic, industrial and evaporation from lake, so that the subsequent (after monsoon season) releases of water from upper reservoirs may not be required. The release of water subsequently after monsoon period will be loss of precious and scarce water resources by way of evaporation and transit losses though long carrier system; without benefitting anybody. The MWRRA Rules, 2013 will have to be interpreted in that context. We have to follow the principles of the approximate equitable and judicious distribution of water contemplated in MWRRA Act and State Water Policy so that the benefits are equally distributed among the different category of uses and among the upper reach and lower reach water users. This has been described in Para 1.0 of Chapter: 2, and 1.0, 9.0,13.0 & 14.0 of Chapter: 3.

15.2 Study Approach : The present water stress situation is most likely to occur more frequently in future as the water resources available in the sub-basin are not sufficient to meet the demands. The present water stress scenario will have to be managed with the well strategy of deficit sharing in respect of a whole sub-basin. Accordingly, the strategy and/or options and their quantitative effects on overall water planning is analyzed in this study by using the approximate equitable concept at sub-basin level to have rational and effective utilization of the water resources.

The river basin simulation approach is generally used to provide an effective tool for better planning and management of water resources in the basin or sub-basin. Lot of computer software packages are available today for analyzing the behavior of the basin under different hydrological conditions. The simulation is usually made over long time series to include the occurrence of dry (bad) and wet (good) periods. Within each time step, the water demands, target for water releases from reservoirs are determined. Then the water is allocated to the users according to the release targets, water availability, operation rules and water allocation priorities.

The present study is done conventionally by adopting general simulation principles without the help of computer software packages. Though, it is possible to simulate the sub-basin scenario on shorter durations, the present study is carried out for time step of a year because of the constraints of limited scope for study group, time period, data availability and limited expertise available in optimization and simulation techniques as well as advance hydrology.

15.3 Study Scope : The operating strategy for integrated operation of reservoirs is to be formulated for whole sub-basin area. The large number of major, medium & minor irrigation projects are planned and completed in this sub-basin. The details regarding their design live storage and water utilizations are given in Statement – 5. The design water use of these projects is about 7174.72 Mcum. This design water use is from projects having planned at varying dependabilities ranging from 50% to 75% including local sector schemes more than 5 Mcft water use. The sanctioned non-irrigation uses in this sub-basin are as below :

a) Domestic use		:	693.09 Mcum
b) Industrial use		:	283.07 Mcum
	Total	:	976.16 Mcum

The details of non-irrigation uses from major & medium projects are given in Statement – 2. There are large number of minor irrigation dams having small size storage and having no regulating spillway gates. No regulation / release is possible through these minor dams unless they are full to their capacities. They are also widely spread in the whole catchment and in large numbers. The operating strategy for integrated operation of reservoirs can not be applied to them, considering the physical and practical constraints. Hence, the water utilizations from these minor projects are not considered for the study. The observed yield data at various Nodes (terminal location) of complex is net after excluding the water used by these minor projects. The study scope is limited to the major & medium projects in the sub-basin. Table: 4 shows the comparison of total complexwise design live storage & water use alongwith present study scope.

	Desig	gn Live Sto	orage	Design Water Use			
Complex	Complex	Study scope	%	Complex	Study scope	%	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
A) Mula	708.61	617.59	87.16	829.52	717.78	86.53	
B) Pravara	625.83	570.77	91.20	959.91	835.84	87.07	
C) Gangapur	419.78	308.56	73.51	405.53	324.81	80.10	
D) Godavari - Darna	823.32	718.38	87.25	1390.16	1220.04	87.76	
E) Palkhed	379.24	350.34	92.38	505.87	456.52	90.24	
F) Remaining upto Paithan dam	350.01	0.00	0.00	465.13	0.00	0.00	
Total A to F	3306.79	2565.64	77.59	4556.12	3554.99	78.03	
G) Paithan dam	2170.94	2170.94	100.00	2618.59	2618.59	100.00	
Total for Sub basin	5477.73	4736.58	86.47	7174.71	6173.58	86.05	

Table : 4 Complex wise present study scope (Figures in Mcum)

The study scope covers the reservoirs having 86% of sub-basin design water use. The dams namely Kikwi (Gangapur complex) and Upper Kadwa (Godavari – Darna complex) are not taken into consideration because they are at the initial stage of planning. Seven (7) medium projects located in "Remaining upto Paithan dam" complex are also not considered for study because they are located in low rainfall zone and this complex is contributing insignificant inflow into the Paithan dam.

Fig.: 11 shows the schematic diagram of reservoir complex which are considered in the present study of Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub basin.



The study covers 17 Major and 7 Medium Projects including Paithan Dam which are distributed amongst six (6) complex/systems of reservoirs. These reservoirs/dams have been suitably grouped together in the six complex based on the physiography of the river system/systems, water resources developments and hydrologic data availability at Nodes (terminal location).

15.4 Study Scenario: The operating strategy for reservoir operation, will decide the specification of how much water to be stored and released each period, depending on the state of the water availability and water demands in the complex in that period, to best attain a specified goal i.e. approximate equitable distribution of water. So it is decided to consider following 6 scenarios covering different conditions of probabilities of inflows in Paithan dam including the bad year and good year.

- (1) 100% dependable year of Paithan dam.
- (2) 90% dependable year of Paithan dam.
- (3) 75% dependable year of Paithan dam.
- (4) 50% dependable year of Paithan dam.
- (5) Average yield.
- (6) Good year.

Above mentioned probability criterion is based on the performance requirements of the multipurpose projects as prescribed in IS-5477-(Part-I) - 1969 i.e. the project is successful if,;

- (1) Domestic requirement is fulfilled for 100% of its life period.
- (2) Industrial requirement is fulfilled for 90% of its life period.
- (3) Irrigation requirement is fulfilled for 75% of its life period.

As the sub-basin is in water stress situation, the scenario for 50% dependability, average yield and good year is also decided to be studied. The computation of these scenarios are done to evaluate how the complex would perform if operated in a particular manner under a given set of predetermined conditions, permitting evaluation of the complex under a parameters and variables. The computations are done with the following components:

- (1) Water Availability / Yield. (2) Water demands. (3) Reservoir Evaporation
- (4) Physical constraints (5) Options (6) Operating rules (7) Outputs.

The computation and its components are explained in the Fig.: 12



Fig.12 Study Scenarios

The dependable year of Paithan dam is considered as study year for the whole sub basin, so that the performance of all the complex can be evaluated in realistic approach. The statement – 4 shows the observed yield and corresponding spills at different locations of complex. This data is supplied by the field officers during the study. However, the evaporation and transit losses from the carrier (river) system are not accounted considering the limitations of the study group as explained in earlier para 15.2. The operating strategy for reservoir operation is

proposed to be implemented for releasing of water from Upper dams during the monsoon months (up to October), the losses from the carrier system will be minimal.

The water demands are considered as variable parameter. Taking into account the priorities of water usage as per state water policy, the demands are curtailed and water balance analysis for study year is carried out till the complex perform successfully to meet the variable demands. The statement showing the final out put of a six study scenarios are presented in statement 6 to 11. The output of six scenarios is described briefly below:

- (1) **Operating Strategy-I** (100% dependable year of Jayakwadi Project): In this scenario 100% dependable year (2012) of Jayakwadi Project is considered, hence less water is available to meet the various demands. All the demands of all the purposes will not be met in this scenario. Hence, 20% reduction in sanctioned / design demands of (1) domestic use (2) Industrial use and (3) Kharif seasonal crop is contemplated. It will not be possible to provide water for rabi and HW crops in this scenario. (Statement:6).
- (2) Operating Strategy-II (90% dependable year of Jayakwadi Project) : In this scenario 90% dependable year (2003) of Jayakwadi Project is considered, hence less water is available to meet the various demands. All the demands of all the purposes will not be met in this scenario. Hence, 20% reduction in sanctioned / design demands of (1) domestic use (2) Industrial use and (3) Kharif seasonal crop is contemplated. However, it will be possible to provide 32% of rabi demands for protective irrigation. It will not be possible to provide water for HW crops in this scenario (Statement 7).
- (3) **Operating Strategy-III** (75% dependable year of Jayakwadi Project): In this scenario 75% dependable year (1992) of Jayakwadi Project is considered. It is expected that all the design demands should be satisfied in this scenario as projects are designed for 75% dependable yield. However, study indicates that water is not adequate to meet all the design demands. Hence, 20% reduction in sanctioned/design demands of (1) domestic use (2) industrial use and (3) Kharif seasonal crop is contemplated. However, it is planned to provide 52% rabi demands for protective irrigation. It will not be possible to provide water for HW crops in this scenario also (Statement 8).
- (4) **Operating Strategy-IV** (50% dependable year of Jayakwadi Project) : In this scenario 50% dependable year (1999) of Jayakwadi Project is considered. It is expected that all the design demands should be satisfied in this scenario as projects are designed for 75% dependable yield. However, study indicates that water is not adequate to meet all the design demands. Hence, 20% reduction in sanctioned/design demands of (1) domestic use (2) Industrial use (3) Kharif seasonal crop is contemplated. However, it will be possible to provide 72% rabi

demands. It will not be possible to provide water for HW crops in this scenario also (Statement -9).

- (5) Operating Strategy-V (Average yield): In this scenario average yields in all complex are considered. It is expected that all the design demands should be satisfied in this scenario as projects are designed for 75% dependable yield. However, study indicates that water is not adequate to meet all the design demands. Hence, 20% reduction in sanctioned/design demands of (1) domestic use (2) Industrial use, (3) Kharif use and (4) Rabi use is contemplated. However, it will not be to provide water for HW crops in this scenario also (Statement: 10).
- (6) Operating Strategy VI (Good Year) : In this scenario good year (2008) of Jaykwadi Project is considered (IS 7323: 1994 Good year is a year during which the precipitation or stream flow is more than that in the normal year. Normal year, is a year during which the precipitation or stream flow are within Plus (+) 20 percent of the long period average value). The study indicates that water is adequate to meet all the design demands 100% (Statement 11).

From all above six scenarios, it is seen that the whole sub basin (all the complex) except Good Year scenario fails to satisfy the sanctioned/design water uses. The scenarios support that the sub basin area is experiencing water stress and water scarcity situation is likely to occur more frequently in future. The main reasons for such alarming state can be summarized as under.

- (1) Overestimation of water availability at planning stage.
- (2) Increase in upstream design (plan) utilizations.
- (3) Increase in non-irrigation uses.

The factors like rapid urbanization, high increase in population, change in lifestyle of people and, faster industrial development have compelled to divert more and more water to non-irrigation use irrespective of provisions in project planning. Such a change in allocation at later stage, necessitates the revision of water planning of the projects. The revision of water planning of the projects by way of reviewing the sectoral allocation and thereby reducing for Agriculture use (Irrigation) will create competition and conflict among the water users. Adoption of drip and sprinkler irrigation methods can be made mandatory within a period of 5 years henceforth, as envisaged in Section 14 subsection (4) of MWRRA Act. Government may consider this sub basin as a pilot sub basin for converting the gravity irrigation into micro irrigation system.

15.5 Distribution of Utilizable Water: The six study scenarios are analysed on the principles of the approximate equitable and judicious distribution of available water within the sub basin, so that the benefits of the water are equally distributed among the different category of uses and among the upper and lower reach users. With this

approach, & methodology, the deficits in the sub-basin are shared equitably in proportion with the demands in holistic way. This concept is in line with the rule of equitable apportionment of water mentioned in GWDT award.

The output of the study scenarios give the distribution of utilizable water available in the sub basin among the various complex/systems of reservoirs under different conditions of probabilities of inflows in Paithan dam. Table: 5 shows the output. The water use in the kharif/monsoon period for irrigation or any other purposes including lake evaporation is accountable in utilizable water for that complex.

15.6 Guiding Principles : The output of the six study scenario gives the distribution of utilizable water among the various complex under different inflow conditions. Given the utilizable water for each complex in the sub-basin for the known or predicted availability of inflows, it is possible to specify the set of guiding principles (operating rules) i.e. to specify the riders for synchronization of storages in upper reservoirs with the state of Paithan dam step by step with different end target storages.

Mula, Gangapur and Paithan dam are having carry over storage of 28.32 Mcum, 11.64 Mcum and 381.70 Mcum respectively. The storage left over unused in the reservoir at the end of the depletion period of a year, is available for use in the later years. The requirement of utilizable water for that dam/complex will be less to that extent; if last year carry over is unused because of normal or good year. With this concept, the guiding principles (operating rules) are presented in the Table: 6. Table: 6 gives the step by step synchronization of storages in upper reservoirs with the state of Paithan dam for different operating strategies during filling (monsoon) period.

These guiding principles will limit the reservoir storages/levels in the different systems of reservoirs / complex to be synchronized with the Paithan dam storage during monsoon period. These guiding principles (operating rules) will help for the approximate equitable & judicious distribution of water available among the different category of uses and among the upper & lower reach users. The water deficit will get shared equitably in proportion with the demands. These guiding principles will help for the integrated operation of reservoirs for conservation uses during filling (monsoon) period to achieve the objectives. This operating strategy of integrated operation of reservoirs will mitigate the severity of water stress/ scarcity situation.

Table:5

Distribution of Utilizable Water Available in the Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) Sub-basin among the various complex/systems of Reservoirs under different conditions of Probabilities of Inflows in Paithan dam

Strategy No.		Sce	enario					Utilizable V	Vater including	Kharif/Monsoon Us	e (Mcum)	
	Complex 🔶						Mula	Pravara	Gangapur	Godavari - Darna	Palkhed	Paithan
	Dams/Systems in complex 🛶						Mandhol, Mula	Bhandardara, Nilwande, Adhala, Bhojapur	Gangapur, Kashyapi, Gautami	Alandi, Kadwa, Bham, Bhawali, Waki, Darna, Mukane, Waldevi	Karanjwan, Waghad, Punegaon, Ojharkhed, Palkhed, Tisgaon	Paithan
	Design Live storage (Mcum) 🛶						617.59	570.77	308.56	718.38	350.34	2170.94
	Carry over (Mcum) 🗕			28.32	0.00	11.64	0.00	0.00	381.70			
	Des	ign Wat	er Use	(Mcum) _;	•	717.78	835.84	324.81	1220.04	456.52	2618.59
1			2				3	4	5	6	7	8
	Paithan		%	Deman	nds							
	observed Net Inflow at	D-NI	I-NI	K-I	R-I	HW-I						
1	100% dep. Year	80	80	80	0	0	331.45	320 .33	198.50	460.69	253.98	1178.67
2	90% dep. Year	80	80	80	32	0	430.04	425 .38	238.76	604.00	253.98	1554.62
3	75% dep. Year	80	80	80	52	0	517.28	500.44	263.61	736.26	287.41	1790.43
4	50% dep. Year	80	80	80	72	0	604.56	574.96	288.43	870.26	345.36	2027.12
5	Average yield	80	80	80	80	0	639.39	605.16	298.15	917.52	368.54	2119.94
6	Good year	100	100	100	100	100	717.78	835.84	324.81	1220.04	456.52	2618.59

Table : 6									
Upper Reservoirs' Storages to be synchronized with the state of Paithan dam storage for different Operating Strategies during filling (Monsoon) period									
Operating Strategy	Utilizat	Utilizable Water including Kharif/Monsoon Use excluding carry over (Mcum) (% of Design Live Storage)							
Complex 🔶	• Paithan	Mula	Pravara	Gangapur	Godavari - Darna	Palkhed			
Dams/Systems in complex 🗕	Paithan	Mandhol, Mula	Bhandardara, Nilwande, Adhala, Bhojapur	Gangapur, Kashyapi, Gautami	Alandi, Kadwa, Bham, Bhawali, Waki, Darna, Mukane, Waldevi	Karanjwan, Waghad, Punegaon, Ojharkhed, Palkhed, Tisgaon			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
1 Strategy -I	2 797 (37%)	3 303 (49%)	4 320 (56%)	5 187 (61%)	6 461 (64%)	7 254 (73%)			
1 Strategy - I Strategy - II	2 797 (37%) 1173 (54%)	3 303 (49%) 402 (65%)	4 320 (56%) 425 (74%)	5 187 (61%) 227 (74%)	6 461 (64%) 604 (84%)	7 254 (73%) 254 (73%)			
1 Strategy - I Strategy - II Strategy - III	2 797 (37%) 1173 (54%) 1409 (65%)	3 303 (49%) 402 (65%) 489 (79%)	4 320 (56%) 425 (74%) 500 (88%)	5 187 (61%) 227 (74%) 252 (82%)	6 461 (64%) 604 (84%) 736 (102%)	7 254 (73%) 254 (73%) 287 (82%)			
1Strategy - IStrategy - IIStrategy - IIIStrategy - IV	2 797 (37%) 1173 (54%) 1409 (65%) 1645 (76%)	3 303 (49%) 402 (65%) 489 (79%) 576 (93%)	4 320 (56%) 425 (74%) 500 (88%) 575 (101%)	5 187 (61%) 227 (74%) 252 (82%) 277 (90%)	6 461 (64%) 604 (84%) 736 (102%) 870 (121%)	7 254 (73%) 254 (73%) 287 (82%) 345 (99%)			
1 Strategy - I Strategy - II Strategy - III Strategy - IV Strategy - V	2 797 (37%) 1173 (54%) 1409 (65%) 1645 (76%) 1738 (80%)	3 303 (49%) 402 (65%) 489 (79%) 576 (93%) 611 (99%)	4 320 (56%) 425 (74%) 500 (88%) 575 (101%) 605 (106%)	5 187 (61%) 227 (74%) 252 (82%) 277 (90%) 287 (93%)	6 461 (64%) 604 (84%) 736 (102%) 870 (121%) 918 (128%)	7 254 (73%) 254 (73%) 287 (82%) 345 (99%) 369 (105%)			
1Strategy - IStrategy - IIStrategy - IIIStrategy - IVStrategy - VStrategy - VI	2 797 (37%) 1173 (54%) 1409 (65%) 1645 (76%) 1738 (80%) 2237 (103%)	3 303 (49%) 402 (65%) 489 (79%) 576 (93%) 611 (99%) 689 (112%)	4 320 (56%) 425 (74%) 500 (88%) 575 (101%) 605 (106%) 836 (146%)	5 187 (61%) 227 (74%) 252 (82%) 277 (90%) 287 (93%) 313 (101%)	6 461 (64%) 604 (84%) 736 (102%) 870 (121%) 918 (128%) 1220 (170%)	7 254 (73%) 254 (73%) 287 (82%) 345 (99%) 369 (105%) 457 (130%)			

Above mentioned guiding principles are formulated based on the data supplied by the GMIDC authorities. The review and updating of these principles may be done after lapse of 5 years or shorter period as decided by the Government, taking into account;

- (i) Additional data regarding water availability
- (ii) Climatic or hydrological changes might have occurred subsequently.
- (iii) Technologies for water resources development & management may have changed significantly.
- (iv) Difficulties faced in the implementation of the proposed guiding principles.
- (v) Changes in water resources planning scenario of sub-basin.

15.7 Key Operating Specifications: The guiding principles of integrated reservoir operation shall give specifications with reference;

- (i) Quantity: How much water to be stored and released at upper dams.
- (ii) Period: When water to be stored and released at upper dams.

The guiding principles mentioned in above Para 15.6 will give answer to reference (i). The rainfall characteristics of the upper and lower reaches of the sub-basin have been narrated in Para 5.0 of Chapter:3. About 80 to 85% of monsoon rainfall is received by the end of August in upper reaches and whereas in the lower reach areas, the rainfall during the month of September and October is quite predominant. The analysis of observed net yield at Paithan dam (Para 3.4 of Chapter :3) has revealed that inflows in Paithan dam are received predominantly during the month of August to September from upper reach catchments after fulfilling the storage requirements of upper dams and September to October from lower reaches (free catchment). If the upper reservoirs' storages are regulated/synchronized with the state of Paithan dam storage since beginning of monsoon as per the guiding principles of reservoir operation, it will create paradoxical situation. This situation is explained in Fig. 13





If the water is released from upper reservoirs in the month of July or August for synchronizing the storage in Paithan dam, and if, Paithan dam becomes full to its capacity and surplus later on due to rains in free catchment in the month of September and October; replenishment of upper storages is not possible. Upper reservoirs may not attain full storage capacity at the end of monsoon. The water can not be transferred from lower to upper reservoirs due to the principles of gravity. GWDT award allows the Maharashtra to use all waters upto Paithan dam on the Godavari river. The spilling of water from Paithan dam without attaining full storage capacity in upper reservoirs, is a loss to the State. Hence, it is logical to regulate the upper reservoirs as per the guiding principles starting from the beginning of September on the basis of assessment of utilizable water available and availability of actual live storage in the individual reservoirs and systems of reservoirs (complex) at the end of August. The release of water for synchronizing the storages in various complex shall be effected in the month of September, and latest by October. If the releases are made in this period, there will be minimal transit losses in the carrier system. This answers reference (ii) above.

16.0 Real Time Integrated Operation of Reservoirs:

Water which was once considered as abundant and has now become a scarce and economic resource. There is a water stress situation in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin. The water resources management is challenging task because of the ever increasing demands. There is a urgent need for conservation of available water resources and its judicious, equitable distribution among the different category of uses and among the stakeholders, using scientific approach.

At present, the water resources projects are mostly operated and managed considering them as a single entity, instead of attempting integrated operation for deriving optimum and equitable benefits. The operation of reservoirs based on semi-rigid operation rules, which are developed taking into account the various demands and historic / synthetic time series inflow data, often poses difficulties in making appropriate reservoir release decisions due to uncertainty in the probability of occurrence of inflows. Integrated operation of reservoirs in systems of reservoirs become an operation in real time in which water control decisions have to be taken at each instant of time.

The current water demands for various purposes, the available storage in individual reservoirs and the distribution of utilizable water available among the reservoirs and among the various complex will have to be considered to develop a co-ordinated plan to produce the optimum benefits and minimize water losses due to evaporation and transmission. In the reservoir complex, since more number of reservoirs are involved, the regulation schedules for reservoirs operated as part of the complex should be prepared separately for each reservoir, based on the integrated plan of operation of reservoirs. Then, the independent schedules/ estimates should be simulated with a hypothetical operation of the complex, to ensure that complex targets are satisfied, project objectives are maximized and an

equitable distribution of water within the complex/systems of reservoirs is maintained.

In Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin, the reservoir operation will involve a large number of stakeholders with different category of uses such as domestic, irrigation, industry, hydropower and flood control. Thus, optimization of reservoir operation will be complex, multi-purpose optimization problem where equitable solutions between the often conflicting category of uses are required. Real time operation will help in avoiding the situation of spilling from Paithan dam at the state when the upper reservoirs are not full to their capacities. It is felt necessary to develop the computer based techniques and applications of system engineering techniques for real time integrated operation of reservoirs with the real time data acquisition system (RTDAS) and flood forecasting model in the Upper Godavari (upto dam) sub-basin immediately. This will require the financial provision of about Rs. 50 crores.

17.0 Mechanism for Effective Implementation:

Terms of Reference (2) for the study group is to develop mechanism for the effective implementation of the guiding principles. The concept of operation of reservoirs considering it as a single entity has to be give way to the concept of integrated reservoir operations in the sub-basin. In the Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin, there are seven (7) complex/systems of reservoirs. In the reservoir complex, since more number of reservoirs / dams are involved, the decision regarding operation of reservoirs would be taken at higher level than authority competent for operation of individual reservoir system. Generally, the authority of the entire catchment will be authority responsible for the integrated operation of reservoirs in the sub-basin. In this sub-basin, the Executive Director, Irrigation Development Corporation Godavari Marathwada (Godavari Marathwada RBA) will be the authority who would be responsible for operation of all complex and Decision Support System so developed shall be placed under him.

A Godavari Reservoirs Regulation Group may be established permanently which will be responsible for the operation of reservoirs in the entire sub-basin. The concerned Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers and CAD Administrators will be the members of the Group. The Group is expected to consult and/or meet frequently in monsoon period for assessment of water availability and review, and take decision for the integrated operation of reservoirs in the sub-basin with more coordinated approach.

18.0 Conclusions :

The discussions were held on 23 July, 2013 at Vidhan Bhavan building, Mumbai in presence of Hon. Minister, Water Resources (excluding MKVDC), Principal Secretary (WRM & CAD), Principal Secretary (WRP&D) and Study Group

members . During the discussions, the Chairman presented the present water resources planning scenario in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin alongwith the operating strategies for integrated operation of reservoirs. The scope of Terms of Reference: 1 (TOR:1) was also discussed. The majority of the study group members are of the view that the scope of TOR:1 limits the study for formulation of guidelines for integrated operation of reservoirs to the extent not to attain likely scarcity situation in the Paithan dam. The water scarcity is defined in MWRRA Rules, 2013. It means that the TOR:1 is limiting the operating strategy of reservoir operation for the release of water from the upper reservoirs be done to the extent the Paithan reservoir reaches at level with actual live storage equals to 33% of design live storage as on the 15th October.

The Chairman of the study group differs for limiting the operating strategy of reservoir operation. In Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub-basin ,the present water resources planning scenario indicates that sub-basin is in water deficit. The water deficit is creating water stress situation; resulting to water crisis. The water stress situation is creating to the competition and conflict among the different category of uses and among the upper reach and lower reach water users. This type of situation is most likely to occur more frequently in future as the water available is not sufficient to meet the water demands. The water stress situation/scenario in the sub-basin is required to be managed with a well plan strategy of deficit sharing to ensure the approximate equitable and judicious distribution of available water resources as contemplated in MWRRA Act, 2005 and State Water Policy, adopting sub-basin as the unit. This is also described in Para 15.1 of Chapter: 3.

In the meeting of 23 July, 2013, it was suggested from the Government side that the study group shall suggest the guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs in two phases as under :

- (1) **Phase-I** (Short Term Measures) : In short term measures, the guidelines are to be formulated to the extent not to attain likely scarcity situation in Paithan dam.
- (2) **Phase-II** (Long Term Measures) : In long term measures, the guiding principles on integrated operation of reservoirs are to be suggested with a well plan strategy of deficit sharing to ensure the approximate equitable and judicious distribution of available water resources as contemplated in MWRRA Act, 2005 and State Water Policy, adopting sub-basin as the unit.

The Chairman of the study group has requested to the Government vide marathi letter no. WALMI/Est-1/2311 dated 31 July, 2013 for clarifying the scope of TOR:1 (Appendix -5). The Government vide marathi letter no. Misc-2012/ (891/12)/2012/IM(P) dated 6 August, 2013 (Appendix -6) has clarified that the study group shall submit the report based on the suggestions made in the meeting of 23 July, 2013.

The major source of sub-basin yield is in the upper reach catchment where large number of major and medium dams have been constructed for water conservation purposes; most of them were planned in earlier periods. Hence, the study group is of the view that the water utilizations in upper reach need to be given with some latitude compared with lower reach. Hence, it is recommended that one up-step may be given to upper reservoirs' storages to be synchronized with the state of Paithan dam storage for different operating strategies during filling (monsoon) period. With this recommendation, the guiding principles (operating rules) are presented in the Table: 7. It is included in the "Recommendations" (Chapter: 4). This will help to ensure the judicious distribution of available water resources among the upper reach and lower reach water users.

Based on the discussions narrated in this Chapter, the study group presents the recommendations in two Phases i.e. Phase-I (Short Term Measures) and Phase-II (Long Term Measures) in Chapter: 4.

Chapter: 4

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the discussions and conclusions narrated in Chapter: 3, the Study Group presents the following recommendations in two phases on the **Terms of Reference:**

1.0 Phase-I (Short Term Measures):

- 1.1 Regulate the upper reservoirs during filling (monsoon) period based on the strategy for integrated operation of reservoirs with coordinated approach at Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin level in such a way that likely water scarcity situation may not be attained in Paithan reservoir.
- 1.2 The upper reservoirs shall be regulated starting from the beginning of September on the basis of assessment of utilizable water available, rainfall forecast and availability of actual live storage in the individual reservoirs and systems of reservoirs (complex) at the end of August. The release of water from the various complex shall be effected in the month of September and latest by 15th October so that the Paithan reservoir reaches at the level with actual live storage equals to or more than 33% of design live storage as on the 15th October.
- 1.3 The guiding principles (operating rules) for operating strategy-I presented in Table: 6 shall be followed for releasing water proportionally from the various complex.
- 1.4 Kharif irrigation requirement to the extent of crop water requirement worked out scientifically taking into consideration the conjunctive ground water use, shall be met with from utilizable water from the respective systems of reservoirs/complex.
- 1.5 Diversion of monsoon flows through canals, flood canals and rivers/streams for kharif use out of project command area, feeding tanks, farm ponds etc. shall be allowed only after Paithan reservoir level reaches to its full capacity.
- 1.6 Above ground surface storages/ water bodies may not be created in this sub-basin henceforth.

2.0 Phase-II (Long Term Measures) :

- 2.1 The water stress situation/scenario in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin is required to be managed with a well plan strategy of deficit sharing to ensure the approximate equitable and judicious distribution of available water resources as contemplated in MWRRA Act, 2005 and State Water Policy, adopting sub-basin as the unit.
- 2.2 Develop computer based techniques and applications of system engineering techniques with the technical assistance of national/ international Institutes or Consultants for real time integrated operation of reservoirs with the real time data acquisition system (RTDAS) and flood forecasting model in the Upper Godavari (upto dam) sub-basin within a period of 2 years. This will require the financial provision of about Rs. 50 crores.
- 2.3 Once the Decision Support System as recommended in Para 2.2 above is in place and operative, then the strategy for integrated operation of all the major and medium project reservoirs shall be adopted in the systems of reservoirs/complex during filling (monsoon) period on the following guiding principles (operating rules) in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) sub-basin.

Guiding Principles:

(1) The distribution of utilizable water available in the sub-basin including Kharif (monsoon) use shall be done among the various complex/systems of reservoirs for the known or predicted availability of inflows by implementing step by step synchronization of storages in upper reservoirs with the state of Paithan dam storage for different operating strategies during filling (monsoon) period. Table : 7 presents the operating rules for the step by step synchronization of storages in various complex under different operating strategies.

(2) Regulate the upper reservoirs as per the operating rules (guiding principles) starting from the beginning of September on the basis of assessment of utilizable water available, rainfall forecast and availability of actual live storage in the individual reservoirs and systems of reservoirs (complex) at the end of August. The release of water for synchronizing the storages in various complex shall be effected in the month of September and latest by October.

(3) There will be no reservoir regulation for gated (spillway) dams in upper reach until the live storage reaches upto 53% of design live storage.

Table : 7									
Upper Reservoirs' Storages to be synchronized with the state of Paithan dam storage for different Operating									
Strategies during filling (Monsoon) period (one up-step)									
Operating Strategy			1			(1.4.)			
(one up-step)	Utilizat	ble Water Inclu	ding Kharif/Mo (% of Desig	nsoon Use e In Live Stora	xcluding carry ove ge)	r (Mcum)			
Complex ->	Paithan	Mula	Pravara	Gangapur	Godavari - Darna	Palkhed			
Dams/Systems in complex 🛶	Paithan	Mandhol, Mula	Bhandardara, Nilwande, Adhala, Bhojapur	Gangapur, Kashyapi, Gautami	Alandi, Kadwa, Bham, Bhawali, Waki, Darna, Mukane, Waldevi	Karanjwan, Waghad, Punegaon, Ojharkhed, Palkhed, Tisgaon			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
Strategy - I	797 <mark>(37%)</mark>	402 (65%)	425 <mark>(74%)</mark>	227 <mark>(74%)</mark>	604 <mark>(84%)</mark>	254 <mark>(73%)</mark>			
Strategy - II	1173 <mark>(54%)</mark>	489 <mark>(79%)</mark>	500 <mark>(88%)</mark>	252 <mark>(82%)</mark>	736 <mark>(102%)</mark>	287 (<mark>82%)</mark>			
Strategy -III	1409 <mark>(65%)</mark>	576 <mark>(93%)</mark>	575 <mark>(101%)</mark>	277 <mark>(90%)</mark>	870 <mark>(121%)</mark>	345 <mark>(99%)</mark>			
Strategy - IV	1645 <mark>(76%)</mark>	611 (99%)	605 (106%)	287 <mark>(93%)</mark>	918 (128%)	369 (105%)			
Strategy -V	1738 <mark>(80%)</mark>	689 (112%)	836 (146%)	313 <mark>(101%)</mark>	1220 (170%)	457 (130%)			

(4) Review and updating of operating rules (guiding principles) as presented in Table: 7 may be done after lapse of 5 years or at shorter period as decided by the Government, taking into account the difficulties faced in the implementation and changes in water planning scenario of sub-basin.

- 2.4 A Godavari Reservoirs Regulation Group shall be established permanently headed by the Executive Director, GMIDC (RBA), Aurangabad. The concerned Chief Engineers, Superintending Engineers and CAD Administrators will be the members of the Group. This Group shall be responsible for the operation of reservoirs in the entire sub-basin. The Group is expected to consult and/or meet fortnightly or more frequently in monsoon period for assessment of water availability and review, and take decisions for the integrated operation of reservoirs in the sub-basin on the basis of principles given in above para 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 with more coordinated approach.
- 2.5 During the period of floods, the normal reservoir conservation regulation shall be switched over to the flood moderation regulation.
- 2.6 Kharif irrigation requirement to the extent of crop water requirement worked out scientifically taking into consideration the conjunctive ground water use, shall be met with from utilizable water from the respective systems of reservoirs/complex.
- 2.7 Diversion of monsoon flows through canals, flood canals and rivers/streams for kharif use out of project command area, feeding tanks, farm ponds etc except diversion to Majalgaon reservoir, shall be allowed only after Paithan reservoir level reaches to its full capacity.
- 2.8 The carry over storage is a additional storage capacity provided within the live storage to meet shortages during the bad years .Such storage shall not be used during good years and normal years
- 2.9 Adoption of drip and sprinkler irrigation methods for increasing water use efficiency may be made mandatory within a period of 5 years henceforth, as envisaged in Section 14 subsection (4) of MWRRA Act. Government may consider this sub basin as a pilot sub basin for converting the gravity irrigation into micro irrigation system.

2.10 It is suggested to provide a river sluice in the body of dam for all major and medium projects to regulate reservoir operations during monsoon period in systems of reservoirs/complex.

This Report is brought out unanimously by the Study Group.

(A.P.Kohirkar) Superintending Engineer, GMIDC, Aurangabad and Member Secretary

(**B.C.Kunjir**) Chief Engineer,NMR,WRD, Nashik and Member (E.B.Jogdand) Chief Engineer & Chief Administrator, CAD, WRD, Aurangabad and Special Invitee Member

(H.K.Gosavi) Chief Engineer, Planning & Hydrology, Nashik and Member (**C.A.Birajdar**) Chief Engineer (SP),WRD, Pune and Member

(**A.B.Patil**) Executive Director, GMIDC, Aurangabad and Special Invitee Member (**H.T.Mendhegiri**) Director General, WALMI, Aurangabad and Chairman

Sr. No	. Name of dam	Type of overflow section	Live Storage in Mcum	Live storage below crest of spillway in Mcum	Live storage above crest of spillway in Mcum		Mandatory live storage	
							Percentage	Storage in Mcum
1	Mula	Gated	608.81	271.56	337.25	45	53	322.67
2	Bhandardara	Gated	304.1	182.41	121.69	60	53	161.17
3	Nilwande	Gated	228.75	178.02	50.73	78	53	121.24
4	Gautami	Gated	52.93	41.25	11.68	78	53	28.05
5	Kashypi	Gated	51.75	37.17	14.58	72	53	27.43
6	Gangapur	Gated	203.88	66.87	137.01	33	53	108.06
7	Kadwa	Gated	52.9	13.67	39.23	26	53	28.04
8	Darna	Gated	219.82	114.75	105.07	52	53	116.50
9	Mukane	Gated	204.98	120.29	84.69	59	53	108.64
10	Karanjwan	Gated	166.22	91.56	74.66	55	53	88.10
11	Punegaon	Gated	17.57	4.375	13.195	25	53	9.31
12	Palkhed	Gated	21.24	2.248	18.992	11	53	11.26
13	Waki	Gated	70.57	45.77	24.8	65	53	37.40
		Total	2203.52	1169.943	1033.577	53	53	1167.87

Statement showing live storage below and above crest of spillway in various gated upstream dams of Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub - basin

Statement showing Non Irrigation Use from major and medium projects in Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) sub - basin

Sr. No.	Name of Dam	NI provision in project	Domestic Use (Mcum)		Industrial Use	(Mcum)	Total(Mcum)		
		report in Mcum	Sanctioned	Actual (2011-12)	Sanctioned	Actual (2011-12)	Sanctioned	Actual (2011-12)	
1	Mandhol	0.00	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.23	0.00	
2	Mula	59.12	95.27	43.78	15.09	3.49	110.36	47.27	
3	Bhandardara	0.00	43.33	24.89	23.42	23.42	66.75	48.31	
4	Nilwande	13.15	13.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.15	0.00	
5	Adhala	0.00	3.32	2.85	0.00	0.00	3.32	2.85	
6	Bhojapur	0.00	2.29	2.34	0.00	0.00	2.29	2.34	
7	Gautami	0.00	20.81	0.02	0.00	0.00	20.81	0.02	
8	Gangapur and Kashypi	36.79	110.40	140.99	55.56	24.97	165.96	165.96	
9	Alandi	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	0.03	0.06	0.03	
10	Kadwa	0.60	18.00	1.92	0.00	0.00	18.00	1.92	
11	Darna	0.00	54.30	37.43	7.13	3.74	61.43	41.17	
12	Mukane	72.16	19.68	1.10	2.59	0.66	22.27	1.76	
13	Waldevi	0.00	0.12	0.00	12.18	3.80	12.30	3.80	
14	Karnjwan	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.38	1.10	0.38	
15	Ojharkhed	1.27	3.19	1.93	0.25	0.53	3.44	2.46	
16	Palkhed	19.38	23.81	66.51	4.95	1.82	28.76	68.33	
17	Tisgaon	0.00	0.92	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.92	0.43	
	Total 1 to 17	202.47	409.82	324.19	122.33	62.84	532.15	387.03	
18	Paithan	0.00	283.27	101.65	160.74	56.57	444.01	158.22	
	Grand total	202.47	693.09	425.84	283.07	119.41	976.16	545.25	

One Teal Order (Mcum) order (Mcum) Dep. Yield in Mcum Year 1 1975 4296.07 2006 7889.13 Dep. Yield in Mcum Year 2 1976 7235.58 1976 7235.58 Year 3 1977 2557.31 1990 4842.58 Year 5 1979 4521.87 1975 4296.07 Year 6 1980 3552.90 1975 4296.07 Year 7 1981 3776.92 1994 4251.18 8 1982 701.77 2008 3033.00 11 1985 701.77 2008 3033.00 12 1986 739.84 1998 2482.73 14 1988 2592.78 2007 2660.00<	Sr No	Vear	Annual yld		Annual yld		Annual yld in	Dependable yield in Mcum			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	SI.NO.	i cai	(Mcum)	i eai	order (Mcum)		Yield in Mcum	Year			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	1975	4296.07	2006	7889.13						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	1976	7235.58	1976	7235.58						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3	1977	2557.31	1990	4842.58						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4	1978	1446.54	2005	4589.72						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5	1979	4521.87	1979	4521.87						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6	1980	3552.90	1975	4296.07						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7	1981	3776.92	1994	4251.18						
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	8	1982	1810.04	1983	4023.39						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9	1983	4023.39	1981	3776.92						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	10	1984	1486.84	1980	3552.90						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11	1985	701.77	2008	3033.00						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12	1986	739.84	1998	2853.93						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	13	1987	831.32	1991	2836.90						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	14	1988	2592.78	2007	2660.00						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	15	1989	2142.24	1988	2592.78						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16	1990	4842.58	1977	2557.31						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17	1991	2836.90	2004	2485.63						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	18	1992	801.74	1989	2142.24						
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	19	1993	1338.87	1999	2067.51	50%	2067.51	1999			
21 1995 382.68 1984 1486.84	20	1994	4251.18	1982	1810.04						
22 1996 1138.86 1997 1475.72 23 1997 1475.72 1978 1446.54 24 1998 2853.93 1993 1338.87 25 1999 2067.51 2010 1275.00 26 2000 729.20 1996 1138.86 27 2001 562.56 2011 1134.00 28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 192 303.2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 34 2008 3033.00 2003 558.86 353 1992 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 358.86 35 333.00 2003 558.86 35 333.00 2003 558.86 35 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 363.00 2003 368.00 2012 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010	21	1995	382.68	1984	1486.84						
23 1997 1475.72 1978 1446.54 24 1998 2853.93 1993 1338.87 25 1999 2067.51 2010 1275.00 26 2000 729.20 1996 1138.86 27 2001 562.56 2011 1134.00 28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 1932 1933 1992 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 1992 1992 1992 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 193 1992 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 100% 528.79 2003 34 2008 3033.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 100% 122.05 2012 38 2012<	22	1996	1138.86	1997	1475.72						
24 1998 2853.93 1993 1338.87	23	1997	1475.72	1978	1446.54						
25 1999 2067.51 2010 1275.00 26 2000 729.20 1996 1138.86 27 2001 562.56 2011 1134.00 28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 1 1205 4589.72 2000 729.20 1992 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 1992 1993 1992 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 1986 1992 100% 528.79 2003 34 2008 3033.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 1995 382.68 100% 122.05 2012 38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	24	1998	2853.93	1993	1338.87						
26 2000 729.20 1996 1138.86 27 2001 562.56 2011 1134.00 28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 192 192 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 193 192 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 193 192 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 100% 528.79 2003 34 2008 3033.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 1925 382.68 100% 122.05 2012 38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 2012 2012	25	1999	2067.51	2010	1275.00						
27 2001 562.56 2011 1134.00 28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 1992 1992 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 100 1092 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 100 100 100 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 100 2003 203 558.86 100 2003 34 2008 3033.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 2012 122.05 2012 38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	26	2000	729.20	1996	1138.86						
28 2002 408.49 1987 831.32 192 29 2003 558.86 1992 801.74 75% 816.53 1992 30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 192 192 192 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 100 100 100 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 100 <	27	2001	562.56	2011	1134.00						
292003558.861992801.7475%816.5319923020042485.631986739.84113120054589.722000729.20113220067889.131985701.77113320072660.002001562.56113420083033.002003558.86120033620101275.002009388.002003368.003720111134.001995382.68100%122.052012382012122.052012122.0520122012	28	2002	408.49	1987	831.32						
30 2004 2485.63 1986 739.84 31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 34 2008 3033.00 2003 558.86 35 2009 388.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 382.68 100% 122.05 2012	29	2003	558.86	1992	801.74	75%	816.53	1992			
31 2005 4589.72 2000 729.20 32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 34 2008 3033.00 2003 558.86 35 2009 388.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 382.68 100% 122.05 2012	30	2004	2485.63	1986	739.84						
32 2006 7889.13 1985 701.77 33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56 34 2008 3033.00 2003 558.86 35 2009 388.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 382.68 100% 122.05 2012	31	2005	4589.72	2000	729.20						
33 2007 2660.00 2001 562.56	32	2006	7889.13	1985	701.77						
34 2008 3033.00 2003 558.86 35 2009 388.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 388.00 388.00 2011 2003 2003 37 2011 1134.00 1995 382.68 38 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	33	2007	2660.00	2001	562.56						
35 2009 388.00 2002 408.49 90% 528.79 2003 36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 388.00 388.00 388.00 388.00 388.00 388.00 2011 1134.00 1995 382.68 388.00 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	34	2008	3033.00	2003	558.86						
36 2010 1275.00 2009 388.00 37 2011 1134.00 1995 382.68 38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 2012	35	2009	388.00	2002	408.49	90%	528.79	2003			
37 2011 1134.00 1995 382.68 38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	36	2010	1275.00	2009	388.00						
38 2012 122.05 2012 122.05 100% 122.05 2012	37	2011	1134.00	1995	382.68						
	38	2012	122.05	2012	122.05	100%	122.05	2012			

Annual observed net yield series at Paithan dam for the period from 1975to 2012

Average= 2356.34

Statement showing Observe	ed vield and corres	ponding spills at deper	ndable year of Ja	vakwadi project.
		P	· · · · / · · · · ·	J

			U	5			•	•	5	-	. , (Fig	ures in Mc	um)
				Annua	al yield					S	pills		
Sr. No.	Name of dam/ complex	1999	1992	2003	2012	Average	Good year 2008	1999	1992	2003	2012	Average	Good year 2008
1	Mandhol	10.29	55.88	3.61	2.81	16.67	18.30						
2	Mula	695.82	368.94	443.49	527.62	801.33	937.17	29.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	151.69	197.54
3	Ozer weir(virgin)	651.00	515.14	613.45	550.00	701.68	796.66	172.25	52.59	122.04	2.46	233.86	
4	Gangapur	278.74	243.07	347.24	224.82	350.66	477.91						153.1
5	N.M. Weir(virgin)	1147.50	687.74	2379.26	1356.87	1385.74	3175.09	121.51	37.58	1056.06	249.39	750.78	1863.88
6	Karanjwan	166.22	128.47	156.85	108.54	175.49	215.97						
	Waghad	83.76	101.26	82.09	78.47	95.52	102.45						
	Punegaon	7.87	N.C.	15.91	38.09	20.97	67.14						
	Ojharkhed	62.32	76.82	49.24	32.88	67.88	112.98						
	Palkhed	22.51	207.86	69.54	83.71	167.80	261.47						
	Tisgaon	6.80	N.C.	11.27	3.04	16.22	19.75						
	Total Palkhed	349.48	514.41	384.90	344.73	543.88	779.76	0.00	105.81	20.55	14.45	75.09	170.34
7	Paithan	2067.51	816.53	528.79	122.05	2356.34	3033.00						

N.C. - Not completed

Statement showing the Live \$	Storage and Water Ut	tilisations of irrigation	n projects in Uppe	r Godavari (upto Paitha	n dam) Sub basin

	(Figures in Mcum)								
Sr No	Name of Dam and Complex	1	Design Liv	e Storage		Design Water Use			
01.110.		Major	Medium	Minor	Total	Major	Medium	Minor	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Α	Mula Complex								
1	Mandohal dam		8.78		8.78		13.15		13.15
2	Mula Dam	608.81			608.81	704.63			704.63
3	M.I.& KT weirs.(State) (35 Nos.)			76.80	76.80			76.80	76.80
4	Local Sector (46 Nos.)			14.22	14.22			14.22	14.22
5	Sanctioned Kharif use on Reservoir and River							20.72	20.72
	Total for Complex	608.81	8.78	91.02	708.61	704.63	13.15	111.74	829.52
В	Pravara Complex								
1	Bhandardara dam	304.10			304.10	434.64			434.64
2	Nilwande dam	228.75			228.75	351.77			351.77
3	Adhala dam		27.61		27.61		38.73		38.73
4	Bhojapur dam		10.31		10.31		10.70		10.70
5	M.I.(State) (5 Nos)			19.56	19.56			23.56	23.56
6	Bhojapur Flood canals							7.12	7.12
7	M.I. (Local.Sector.) (86 Nos)			35.50	35.50			35.50	35.50
8	Sanctioned Kharif use on Reservoir and River							57.89	57.89
	Total for Complex	532.85	37.92	55.06	625.83	786.41	49.43	124.07	959.91
С	Gangapur Complex								
1	Kikwi dam (under construction)		60.02		60.02		45.21		45.21
2	Guatami Godavari dam		52.93		52.93		54.68		54.68
3	Kasyapi dam		51.75		51.75		55.31		55.31
4	Gangapur dam	203.88			203.88	169.61			169.61
5	M.I.(State) (7 Nos.)			26.66	26.66			26.66	26.66
6	Local Sector (69 Nos.)			24.54	24.54			24.54	24.54
7	Sanctioned Kharif use on Reservoir and River							29.52	29.52
	Total for Complex	203.88	164.70	51.20	419.78	169.61	155.20	80.72	405.53

Cr. No.	Name of Dam and Complex		Design Liv	e Storage		Design Water Use			
51.NO.		Major	Medium	Minor	Total	Major	Medium	Minor	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
D	Godavari - Darna Complex								
1	Alandi dam		27.47		27.47		40.67		40.67
2	Upper Kadwa dam (proposed)		13.69		13.69		17.18		17.18
3	Kadwa dam	52.90			52.90	80.70			80.70
4	Bham dam (under construction)	69.76			69.76	8.78			8.78
5	Bhawali dam	40.79			40.79	18.64			18.64
6	Waki dam (under construction)	70.57			70.57	12.85			12.85
7	Darna dam	219.82			219.82	47.89			47.89
8	Mukane dam	204.98			204.98	102.46			102.46
9	Waldevi dam		32.09		32.09		20.76		20.76
10	N.M.weir								
	a) N M Express canal					445.05			445.05
	b) Godavari canals					442.24			442.24
	c) Transit and Evaporation Losses					45.88			45.88
11	M.I.(State) (27 Nos.)			89.73	89.73			96.32	96.32
12	Local Sector (5 Nos.)			1.52	1.52			1.52	1.52
13	Sanctioned Kharif use on Reservoir and River							9.22	9.22
	Total for Complex	658.82	73.25	91.25	823.32	1204.49	78.61	107.06	1390.16
Е	Palkhed Complex								
1	Karanjwan dam	166.22			166.22	24.92			24.92
2	Waghad dam	72.23			72.23	46.29			46.29
3	Punegaon dam	17.57			17.57	0.00			0.00
4	Ozarkhed dam	60.32			60.32	105.29			105.29
5	Palkhed dam	21.24			21.24	279.18			279.18
6	Tisgaon system	12.76			12.76	0.84			0.84
7	M.I.(State) (8 Nos.)			19.69	19.69			19.69	19.69
8	Local Sector (23 Nos.)			9.21	9.21			9.21	9.21
9	Sanctioned Kharif use on Reservoir and River,							20.45	20.45
	Total for Complex	350.34	0.00	28.90	379.24	456.52	0.00	49.35	505.87
Sr No	Name of Dam and Complex		Design Liv	e Storage	•		Design W	ater Use	
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Sr.NO.	Name of Dam and Complex	Major	Medium	Minor	Total	Major	Medium	Minor	Total
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
F	Remaining upto Paithan dam								
1	Below Mula dam								
	M.I.& KT weirs (State) (7 Nos.)			14.15	14.15			14.15	14.15
2	Below NM weir								
	a) KT weirs (state) (12 Nos.)			60.22	60.22			60.22	60.22
	b) MI Tanks (State) (1 No.)			1.34	1.34			1.34	1.34
3	Below Ozer weir								
	a) M.I.(State) (2 N0s)			2.51	2.51			3.56	3.56
	b) K.T. weir (State) (12 Nos.)			28.38	28.38			28.38	28.38
4	Tembhapuri dam		19.61		19.61		22.13		22.13
5	Dheku dam		12.17		12.17		13.53		13.53
6	Kolhi dam		3.24		3.24		3.95		3.95
7	Narangi dam		11.50		11.50		13.30		13.30
8	Bor Dahegaon dam		11.47		11.47		15.10		15.10
9	Ambadi dam		9.42		9.42		12.76		12.76
10	Shivana Takli dam		37.06		37.06		44.22		44.22
11	MI(State) (41 Nos.)			94.94	94.94			103.49	103.49
12	MI (L.S.) (172 Nos.)			44.00	44.00			44.00	44.00
13	Bramhagavan LIS II							85.00	85.00
	Total for Complex	0.00	104.47	245.54	350.01	0.00	124.99	340.14	465.13
	Grand Total (A to F)	2354.70	389.12	562.98	3306.79	3321.66	421.38	813.08	4556.12
G	Paithan dam	2170.94			2170.94	2618.59			2618.59
	a) Tajnapur LIS I (45.77 Mcum)								
	b) Bramhagavan LIS I (27.518 Mcum)								
	c) Tajnapur LIS II (63.977 Mcum)								
	d) Individual lifts on Reservoir and River (64.88 Mcum)								
	Grand Total for Sub basin	4525.64	389.12	562.98	5477.73	5940.25	421.38	813.08	7174.71

														(Fig	gures in Mci	um)	
Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2012	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dar
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	2.81	2.52	8.78	8.78	0.98	0.00	3.45	0.00	0.00	4.43	1.43	5.86	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	527.62	127.42	608.81	322.67	76.22	12.07	134.75	0.00	0.00	223.04	59.53	282.57	704.63		
	Total for complex		530.43	129.94	617.59	331.45	77.20	12.07	138.20	0.00	0.00	227.47	60.96	288.43	717.78	242.00	198.98
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	34.66	18.74	94.24	0.00	0.00	147.64	13.14	160.78	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	10.52	0.00	102.53	0.00	0.00	113.05	10.44	123.49	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	2.66	0.00	10.55	0.00	0.00	13.21	3.12	16.33	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	1.83	0.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	2.60	1.36	3.96	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir- spills	Ungated	547.54														
	Total for complex		547.54	21.20	570.77	320.33	49.67	18.74	208.09	0.00	0.00	276.50	28.06	304.56	835.84	242.98	227.21
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	16.65	0.00	11.12	0.00	0.00	27.77	2.81	30.58	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	6.14	0.00	0.00	6.14	2.02	8.15	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	224.82	12.00	203.88	108.06	88.32	44.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	132.77	27.00	159.77	214.82		
	Total for complex		224.82	13.27	308.56	163.54	104.97	44.45	17.26	0.00	0.00	166.67	31.83	198.50	324.81	26.32	26.32

Statement showing the Water Planning in Upper Godavari (up to Paithan dam) Sub basin considering 100 % dependable year of Jayakwadi Project

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2012	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.05	7.93	0.00	0.00	7.98	3.41	11.39	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	14.40	0.00	24.43	0.00	0.00	38.83	8.96	47.78	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	2.22	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.09	0.00	0.00	3.09	1.35	4.44	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.62	4.62	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	43.44	5.70	4.54	0.00	0.00	53.68	30.52	84.20	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	15.74	2.07	0.52	0.00	0.00	18.34	22.27	40.61	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.10	9.74	5.58	0.00	0.00	15.42	4.04	19.45	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal						0.00	0.00	103.25	0.00	0.00	103.25		103.25	445.05		
20	Godavari canals						0.00	0.00	76.48	0.00	0.00	76.48		76.48	442.24		
21	NM Weir- Spills		1107.48														
	Total for complex		1107.48	41.74	718.38	460.69	73.68	17.57	225.81	0.00	0.00	317.05	77.38	394.44	1220.04	713.04	646.79

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2012	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	108.54	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	0.88	2.25	0.00	0.00	3.13	4.62	7.75	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	78.47	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	9.85	0.00	0.00	9.85	1.93	11.78	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	38.09	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	2.81	0.00	0.00	2.81	0.60	3.41	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	32.88	7.64	60.32	60.32	2.55	0.20	15.54	0.00	0.00	18.29	2.25	20.54	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	83.71	1.77	21.24	11.26	19.05	3.96	63.70	0.00	0.00	86.70	2.20	88.90	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	3.04	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.74	0.00	2.75	0.00	0.00	3.49	0.87	4.36	0.84		
28	Spills		-14.45														
	Total for complex		330.28	28.51	350.34	253.98	22.34	5.04	96.89	0.00	0.00	124.26	12.48	136.74	456.52	193.54	76.30
29	Paithan	Gated	122.05	738.10	2170.94	0.00	226.62	128.59	427.72	0.00	0.00	782.93	395.74	1178.67	2618.59	118.98	-1175.60
	Grand Total		2862.60	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	554.47	226.46	1113.96	0.00	0.00	1894.89	606.45	2501.34	6173.58		

Notes :

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) Yield is calculated after deducting spills from observed yield for Mula (Zero Mcum), Ozar weir (2.46 Mcum), N M Weir(249.39 Mcum), Palkhed (14.45 Mcum)

3) Non Irrigation water demands are considered at 80% ,as sanctioned demands account for future demands.

4) Irrigation demands are considered at 80 % of design use taking into account the efficient use of water .

5) For 100% dependable year, If the Rabi and Hot Weather demands are curtailed to Zero , then all the complex satisfy the remaining requirements.

Statement showing the Water Planning	a in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) Sub basin considering	a 90 % dependable	vear of Javakwadi project.

														1			
Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2003	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	3.61	2.52	8.78	8.78	0.98	0.00	3.45	2.37	0.00	6.80	1.43	8.23	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	443.49	127.42	608.81	322.67	76.22	12.07	134.75	128.19	0.00	351.23	70.57	421.81	704.63		
	Total for complex		447.10	129.94	617.59	331.45	77.20	12.07	138.20	130.56	0.00	358.04	72.00	430.04	717.78	17.06	17.06
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	34.66	18.74	94.24	44.74	0.00	192.38	16.66	209.03	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	10.52	0.00	102.53	63.32	0.00	176.36	12.71	189.08	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	2.66	0.00	10.55	4.30	0.00	17.51	3.12	20.63	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	1.83	0.00	0.77	2.68	0.00	5.28	1.36	6.64	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir- spills	Ungated	491.41														
	Total for complex		491.41	21.20	570.77	320.33	49.67	18.74	208.09	115.04	0.00	391.53	33.85	425.38	835.84	66.03	66.03
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	16.65	0.00	11.12	9.73	0.00	37.50	3.29	40.79	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	6.14	2.51	0.00	8.65	2.34	10.99	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	347.24	12.00	203.88	108.06	88.32	44.45	0.00	24.88	0.00	157.65	29.32	186.98	214.82		
	Total for complex		347.24	13.27	308.56	163.54	104.97	44.45	17.26	37.12	0.00	203.80	34.96	238.76	324.81	108.48	108.48

(Figures in Mcum)

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2003	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.05	7.93	8.93	0.00	16.91	5.27	22.17	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	14.40	0.00	24.43	11.40	0.00	50.23	10.30	60.53	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.78	8.78	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.09	2.22	0.00	5.30	5.32	10.62	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6.91	6.91	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	43.44	5.70	4.54	4.68	0.00	58.36	35.06	93.42	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	15.74	2.07	0.52	0.37	0.00	18.71	25.36	44.07	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.10	9.74	5.58	4.84	0.00	20.25	4.62	24.87	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal						0.00	0.00	103.25	74.06	0.00	177.30		177.30	445.05		
20	Godavari canals						0.00	0.00	76.48	78.84	0.00	155.32		155.32	442.24		
21	NM Weir - spills		1323.20														
	Total for complex		1323.20	41.74	718.38	460.69	73.68	17.57	225.81	185.34	0.00	502.39	101.61	604.00	1220.04	719.20	719.20

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2003	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	156.85	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	0.88	2.25	1.64	0.00	4.77	7.76	12.53	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	82.09	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	9.85	8.61	0.00	18.46	3.23	21.69	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	15.91	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	2.81	5.23	0.00	8.04	1.01	9.04	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	49.24	7.64	60.32	60.32	2.55	0.20	15.54	13.34	0.00	31.62	3.78	35.40	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	69.54	1.77	21.24	11.26	19.05	3.96	63.70	53.49	0.00	140.19	3.70	143.89	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	11.27	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.74	0.00	2.75	1.96	0.00	5.45	1.46	6.91	0.84		
28	Spills		-20.55														
	Total for complex		364.35	28.51	350.34	253.98	22.34	5.04	96.89	84.26	0.00	208.52	20.94	229.46	456.52	134.89	110.37
29	Paithan	Gated	528.79	738.10	2170.94	0.00	226.62	128.59	427.72	334.16	0.00	1117.08	437.54	1554.62	2618.59	-4.69	-1021.14
	Grand Total		3502.09	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	554.47	226.46	1113.96	886.48	0.00	2781.36	700.91	3482.27	6173.58		

Notes :

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) Yield is calculated after deducting spills from observed yield for Mula (0 Mcum), Ozar weir (122.04 Mcum), N M Weir(1056.06 Mcum), and Palkhed (20.55 Mcum)

3) Non Irrigation water demands are considered at 80%, as sanctioned demands account for future demands.

4) Irrigation demands are considered at 80 % of design use taking into account the efficient use of water .

5) For 90% dependable year, if Hot Weather demands are curtailed to zero, and Rabi demands reduced by 60% further(i.e. Demands= 32%), and use of carryover of Paithan dam to the extent of 4.69 Mcum out of 381.70 Mcum, then all the complex satisfy the remaining requirements.

														(jan 88 m m	a)	
Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1992	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	55.88	2.52	8.78	8.78	0.98	0.00	3.45	3.85	0.00	8.29	1.43	9.72	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	368.94	127.42	608.81	322.67	76.22	12.07	134.75	208.31	0.00	431.35	76.21	507.56	704.63		
	Total for complex		424.82	129.94	617.59	331.45	77.20	12.07	138.20	212.17	0.00	439.64	77.64	517.28	717.78	-92.46	0.00
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	34.66	18.74	94.24	72.70	0.00	220.34	18.65	238.99	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	10.52	0.00	102.53	102.89	0.00	215.94	13.87	229.81	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	2.66	0.00	10.55	6.99	0.00	20.20	3.12	23.32	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	1.83	0.00	0.77	4.36	0.00	6.96	1.36	8.32	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir- spills	Ungated	462.55														
	Total for complex		462.55	21.20	570.77	320.33	49.67	18.74	208.09	186.93	0.00	463.43	37.01	500.44	835.84	-37.89	0.00
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	16.65	0.00	11.12	15.81	0.00	43.58	3.48	47.06	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	6.14	4.08	0.00	10.22	2.53	12.75	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	243.07	12.00	203.88	108.06	88.32	44.45	0.00	40.44	0.00	173.20	30.60	203.80	214.82		
	Total for complex		243.07	13.27	308.56	163.54	104.97	44.45	17.26	60.33	0.00	227.00	36.61	263.61	324.81	-20.54	0.00

Statement showing the Water Planning in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) Sub basin considering 75% dependable year of Jayakwadi Project

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1992	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.05	7.93	14.51	0.00	22.49	6.24	28.73	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	14.40	0.00	24.43	18.52	0.00	57.35	11.09	68.44	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.78	8.78	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.09	3.60	0.00	6.69	5.32	12.01	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.09	9.09	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	43.44	5.70	4.54	7.60	0.00	61.28	41.69	102.97	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	15.74	2.07	0.52	0.60	0.00	18.94	30.60	49.54	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.10	9.74	5.58	7.86	0.00	23.27	5.22	28.49	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal						0.00	0.00	103.25	120.34	0.00	223.59		223.59	445.05		
20	Godavari canals						0.00	0.00	76.48	128.12	0.00	204.60		204.60	442.24		
21	NM Weir - Spills		650.16														
	Total for complex		650.16	41.74	718.38	460.69	73.68	17.57	225.81	301.17	0.00	618.22	118.04	736.26	1220.04	-86.10	0.00

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1992	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	128.47	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	0.88	2.25	2.66	0.00	5.79	9.72	15.51	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	101.26	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	9.85	13.99	0.00	23.84	4.05	27.89	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	0.00	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	2.81	8.50	0.00	11.30	1.26	12.56	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	76.82	7.64	60.32	60.32	2.55	0.20	15.54	21.67	0.00	39.96	4.73	44.69	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	207.86	1.77	21.24	11.26	19.05	3.96	63.70	86.92	0.00	173.62	4.63	178.25	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	0.00	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.74	0.00	2.75	3.18	0.00	6.67	1.83	8.50	0.84		
28	Spills		-105.81														
	Total for complex		408.60	28.51	350.34	253.98	22.34	5.04	96.89	136.92	0.00	261.19	26.23	287.41	456.52	121.19	121.19
29	Paithan	Gated	816.53	738.10	2170.94	0.00	226.62	128.59	427.72	543.00	0.00	1325.93	464.50	1790.43	2618.59	-852.71	-121.19
	Grand Total		3005.73	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	554.47	226.46	1113.96	1440.52	0.00	3335.41	760.02	4095.43	6173.58		

Notes :

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) Yield is calculated after deducting spills from observed yield for Mula (0 Mcum), Ozar weir (52.59 Mcum), N M Weir(37.58 Mcum) and Palkhed (105.81 Mcum)

3) Non irrigation water demands are considered at 80%, as sanctioned demands account for future demands.

4) Irrigation demands are considered at 80% of design use taking into account the efficient use of water

5) For 75% dependable year, Hot Weather demands are curtailed to zero and Rabi demands reduced by 35% further (i.e. demands = 52%). All the complex except Palkhed fail to satisfy the remaining requirements. In case of Mula, Gangapur and Paithan dams, the short fall can be met with from carry over to some extent.

Statement showing the Water Planning in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) Sub basin considering 50% dependable year of Jayakwadi project.

														(1)	juics in Mc	uni)	
Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1999	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	10.29	2.52	8.78	8.78	0.98	0.00	3.45	5.34	0.00	9.77	1.43	11.20	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	666.65	127.42	608.81	322.67	76.22	12.07	134.75	288.43	0.00	511.47	81.89	593.36	704.63		
	Total for complex		676.94	129.94	617.59	331.45	77.20	12.07	138.20	293.77	0.00	521.24	83.32	604.56	717.78	72.39	72.39
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	34.66	18.74	94.24	100.66	0.00	248.30	20.35	268.64	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	10.52	0.00	102.53	142.46	0.00	255.51	14.80	270.31	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	2.66	0.00	10.55	9.68	0.00	22.89	3.12	26.01	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	1.83	0.00	0.77	6.03	0.00	8.63	1.36	9.99	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir- spills	Ungated	574.96														
	Total for complex		574.96	21.20	570.77	320.33	49.67	18.74	208.09	258.83	0.00	535.33	39.63	574.96	835.84	0.00	0.00
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	16.65	0.00	11.12	21.89	0.00	49.66	3.74	53.39	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	6.14	5.65	0.00	11.79	2.71	14.50	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	278.74	12.00	203.88	108.06	88.32	44.45	0.00	55.99	0.00	188.76	31.78	220.54	214.82		
	Total for complex		278.74	13.27	308.56	163.54	104.97	44.45	17.26	83.53	0.00	250.20	38.23	288.43	324.81	-9.69	0.00

(Figures in Moum)

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1999	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.05	7.93	20.10	0.00	28.07	7.24	35.31	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	14.40	0.00	24.43	25.65	0.00	64.48	11.86	76.33	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.78	8.78	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.09	4.99	0.00	8.08	5.32	13.40	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.63	10.63	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	43.44	5.70	4.54	10.53	0.00	64.21	49.16	113.37	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	15.74	2.07	0.52	0.84	0.00	19.17	37.33	56.50	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.10	9.74	5.58	10.88	0.00	26.30	5.89	32.19	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal						0.00	0.00	103.25	166.63	0.00	269.88		269.88	445.05		
20	Godavari canals						0.00	0.00	76.48	177.40	0.00	253.88		253.88	442.24		
21	NM Weir - spills		1025.99														
	Total for complex		1025.99	41.74	718.38	460.69	73.68	17.57	225.81	417.00	0.00	734.06	136.20	870.26	1220.04	155.73	155.73

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 1999	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporat ion.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	166.22	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	0.88	2.25	3.69	0.00	6.81	11.68	18.49	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	83.76	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	9.85	19.37	0.00	29.22	4.87	34.09	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	7.87	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	2.81	11.76	0.00	14.57	1.51	16.08	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	62.32	7.64	60.32	60.32	2.55	0.20	15.54	30.01	0.00	48.30	5.69	53.99	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	22.51	1.77	21.24	11.26	19.05	3.96	63.70	120.35	0.00	207.05	5.57	212.62	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	6.80	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.74	0.00	2.75	4.41	0.00	7.89	2.20	10.09	0.84		
28	Spliis																
	Total for complex		349.48	28.51	350.34	253.98	22.34	5.04	96.89	189.58	0.00	313.85	31.51	345.36	456.52	4.12	4.12
29	Paithan	Gated	1971.30	738.10	2170.94	0.00	226.62	128.59	427.72	751.85	0.00	1534.78	492.34	2027.12	2618.59	176.43	-232.25
	Grand Total		4877.41	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	554.47	226.46	1113.96	1994.56	0.00	3889.45	821.23	4710.68	6173.58		

Notes:

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) Yield is calculated after deducting spills from observed yield for Mula (29.16 Mcum), Ozar weir (76.04 Mcum), N M Weir(121.51 Mcum) and Palkhed (0 Mcum)

3) Non Irrigation water demands are considered at 80%, as sanctioned demands account for future demands.

4) Irrigation demands are considered at 80 % of design use taking into account the efficient use of water

5) For 50% dependable year, if Hot Weather demands are curtailed to Zero and Rabi demands are reduced by 10% further (i.e. Demands = 72%), and use of carry over of Gangapur dam to the extent of 9.69 Mcum out of 11.64 Mcum, then all the complex satisfy the remaining requirements.

Statement showing the Water Planning in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) Sub Basin considering Average yield.

														(FIC	jures in Mici	um)	
Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Average yield	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporati on.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	16.67	2.52	8.78	8.78	0.98	0.00	3.45	5.93	0.00	10.36	1.43	11.79	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	801.33	127.42	608.81	322.67	76.22	12.07	134.75	320.48	0.00	543.52	84.08	627.60	704.63		
	Total for complex		818.00	129.94	617.59	331.45	77.20	12.07	138.20	326.41	0.00	553.88	85.51	639.39	717.78	178.61	178.61
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	34.66	18.74	94.24	111.84	0.00	259.48	21.42	280.90	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	10.52	0.00	102.53	158.29	0.00	271.34	15.17	286.51	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	2.66	0.00	10.55	10.76	0.00	23.97	3.12	27.09	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	1.83	0.00	0.77	6.70	0.00	9.30	1.36	10.66	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir- spills	Ungated	701.68														
	Total for complex		701.68	21.20	570.77	320.33	49.67	18.74	208.09	287.59	0.00	564.09	41.07	605.16	835.84	96.52	96.52
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	16.65	0.00	11.12	24.32	0.00	52.09	3.87	55.96	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	6.14	6.28	0.00	12.42	2.81	15.22	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	350.66	12.00	203.88	108.06	88.32	44.45	0.00	62.21	0.00	194.98	31.99	226.97	214.82		
	Total for complex		350.66	13.27	308.56	163.54	104.97	44.45	17.26	92.81	0.00	259.48	38.67	298.15	324.81	52.51	52.51

(Figures in Moum)

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Average yield	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporati on.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.05	7.93	22.33	0.00	30.30	7.54	37.84	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	14.40	0.00	24.43	28.50	0.00	67.32	12.09	79.41	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.78	8.78	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.09	5.54	0.00	8.63	5.32	13.95	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.63	10.63	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	43.44	5.70	4.54	11.70	0.00	65.38	49.37	114.75	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	15.74	2.07	0.52	0.93	0.00	19.26	37.35	56.62	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.10	9.74	5.58	12.09	0.00	27.50	6.06	33.56	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal						0.00	0.00	103.25	185.14	0.00	288.39		288.39	445.05		
20	Godavari canals						0.00	0.00	76.48	197.11	0.00	273.59		273.59	442.24		
21	NM Weir - Spill		1385.74														
	Total for complex		1385.74	41.74	718.38	460.69	73.68	17.57	225.81	463.34	0.00	780.39	137.13	917.52	1220.04	468.22	468.22

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Average yield	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporati on.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	175.49	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	0.88	2.25	4.10	0.00	7.22	12.46	19.68	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	95.52	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	9.85	21.52	0.00	31.37	5.19	36.56	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	20.97	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	2.81	13.07	0.00	15.88	1.61	17.49	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	67.88	7.64	60.32	60.32	2.55	0.20	15.54	33.34	0.00	51.63	6.07	57.70	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	167.80	1.77	21.24	11.26	19.05	3.96	63.70	133.72	0.00	220.42	5.94	226.36	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	16.22	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.74	0.00	2.75	4.90	0.00	8.38	2.35	10.73	0.84		
28	spills																
	Total for complex		543.88	28.51	350.34	253.98	22.34	5.04	96.89	210.65	0.00	334.91	33.63	368.54	456.52	175.34	175.34
29	Paithan	Gated	1145.00	738.10	2170.94	0.00	226.62	128.59	427.72	835.39	0.00	1618.32	501.62	2119.94	2618.59	-3.74	-971.20
	Grand Total		4944.96	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	554.47	226.46	1113.96	2216.18	0.00	4111.07	837.63	4948.70	6173.58		

Notes:

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) For average yield scenario, the yield including spills are used by complex itself. So, the Spills observed are deducted from Paithan average yield.

3) Non Irrigation water demands are considered at 80%, as sanctioned demands account for future demands.

4) Irrigation demands are considered at 80 % of design use taking into account the efficient use of water

5) For Average Yield Scenario, if Hot Weather demands are curtailed to Zero, and use of carryover of Paithan dam to the extent of 3.74 Mcum out of 381.70 Mcum, then all the complex satisfy the remaining requirements.

Statement showing the Water Plannin	ng in Upper Godavari (upto Paithan dam) 🤅	Sub basin considering vield observed in the g	lood vear (i.e. vear 2008)
	5		

														(* •	9		
Sr 10.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2008	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporation.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water fo Paithar Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Mandhol	Ungated	18.30	2.52	8.78	8.78	1.23	0.00	4.31	7.41	0.00	12.95	1.43	14.38	13.15		
2	Mula - Spills	Gated	739.63	127.42	608.81	322.67	95.27	15.09	168.44	400.60	0.00	679.40	93.03	772.43	704.63		
	Total for complex		757.93	129.94	617.59	331.45	96.50	15.09	172.75	408.01	0.00	692.35	94.46	786.81	717.78	40.15	40.15
3	Bhandardara	Gated		8.50	304.10	161.17	43.33	23.42	117.8	139.80	164.30	488.65	33.11	521.76	434.64		
4	Nilwande	Gated		7.25	228.75	121.24	13.15	0.00	128.16	197.86	0.00	339.17	16.63	355.80	351.77		
5	Adhala	Ungated		2.42	27.61	27.61	3.32	0.00	13.19	13.45	8.97	38.93	3.12	42.05	38.73		
6	Bhojapur	Ungated		3.03	10.31	10.31	2.29	0.00	0.96	8.38	0.00	11.63	1.36	12.99	10.70		
7	Ozer Weir	Ungated	796.66														
	Total for complex		796.66	21.20	570.77	320.33	62.09	23.42	260.11	359.49	173.27	878.38	54.22	932.60	835.84	-39.18	0.00
8	Gautami	Gated		0.32	52.93	28.05	20.81	0.00	13.90	30.40	8.60	73.71	4.76	78.47	54.68		
9	Kashypi	Gated		0.95	51.75	27.43	0.00	0.00	7.67	7.85	3.20	18.72	3.36	22.08	55.31		
10	Gangapur	Gated	324.81	12.00	203.88	108.06	110.40	55.560	0.00	77.76	71.21	314.93	48.02	362.95	214.82		
	Total for complex		324.81	13.27	308.56	163.54	131.21	55.56	21.57	116.01	83.01	407.36	56.14	463.50	324.81	0.00	0.00

(Figures in Mcum)

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2008	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporation.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
11	Alandi	Ungated		2.06	27.47	27.47	0.00	0.06	9.91	27.91	0.00	37.88	8.56	46.44	40.67		
12	Kadwa	Gated		6.68	52.90	28.04	18.00	0.00	30.54	35.62	3.67	87.83	14.01	101.84	80.70		
13	Bham	Ungated		5.66	69.76	69.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.78	8.78	8.78		
14	Bhawali	Ungated		3.96	40.79	40.79	0.00	0.00	3.86	6.93	2.53	13.32	5.32	18.64	18.64		
15	Waki	Gated		5.23	70.57	37.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.23	11.23	12.85		
16	Darna	Gated		7.05	219.82	116.50	54.30	7.13	5.67	14.62	5.95	87.67	54.98	142.65	47.89		
17	Mukane	Gated		9.18	204.98	108.64	19.68	2.59	0.65	1.16	0.43	24.51	41.92	66.43	102.46		
18	Waldevi	Ungated		1.92	32.09	32.09	0.12	12.18	6.97	15.11	2.64	37.02	7.20	44.22	20.76		
19	N.M Express canal								129.06	231.43	84.56	445.05	0.00	445.05	445.05		
20	Godavari canals								95.60	246.39	100.25	442.24	0.00	442.24	442.24		
21	NMWEIR -Spills		1271.92														
	Total for complex		1271.92	41.74	718.38	460.69	92.10	21.96	282.26	579.17	200.03	1175.52	152.01	1327.53	1220.04	51.88	51.88

Sr no.	Name of Dam and complex	Gated/ Ungated	Yield in year 2008	Dead Storage	Design Live Storage	Mandatory Live storage	Domestic Use	Industrial Use	Kharif Use	Rabi Use	H.W. Use	Total Use exclud. Evapo.	Evaporation.	Total Use includ. Evapo.	Total Use restricted to design use including Evapo.	Balance yield after fulfilling Total Use	Balance water for Paithan Dam
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
22	Karanjwan	Gated	215.97	9.34	166.22	88.10	0.00	1.10	2.81	5.12	0.00	9.03	16.99	26.02	24.92		
23	Waghad	Ungated	102.45	4.25	72.23	72.23	0.00	0.00	12.31	26.90	0.00	39.21	7.08	46.29	46.29		
24	Punegaon	Gated	67.14	2.81	17.57	9.31	0.00	0.00	3.51	16.34	0.00	19.85	2.24	22.09	0.00		
25	Ojharkhed	Ungated	112.98	7.64	60.32	60.32	3.19	0.25	19.42	41.68	0.00	64.54	8.27	72.81	105.29		
26	Palkhed	Gated	261.47	1.77	21.24	11.26	23.81	4.95	79.62	167.15	4.93	280.46	8.10	288.56	279.18		
27	Tisgaon	Ungated	19.75	2.70	12.76	12.76	0.92	0.00	3.44	6.12	0.00	10.48	3.20	13.68	0.84		
28	Spills		-170.34														
	Total for complex		609.42	28.51	350.34	253.98	27.92	6.30	121.11	263.31	4.93	423.57	45.88	469.45	456.52	152.90	152.90
29	Paithan	Gated	2709.23	738.10	2170.94	0.00	283.27	160.74	534.65	1044.24	374.99	2397.89	594.04	2991.93	2618.59	335.57	-244.93
	Grand Total		6469.97	972.76	4736.58	1529.99	693.09	283.07	1392.45	2770.23	836.23	5975.07	996.76	6971.82	6173.58		

Notes:

1) Mandatory live storage is as per statement no 1, considering the spillway release restrictions

2) Yield is calculated after deducting spills from observed yield for Mula (197.54 Mcum), Gangapur (153.10 Mcum), NM Weir (1863.88 Mcum) and Palkhed (170.34 Mcum)

3) Spills of Ozer Weir are not deducted from Ozer as it will be obstructed by Nilwande after its completion. The same spills are deducted from Paithan as it will not reach after completion of Nilwande.

4) For the good year (i.e. year 2008), all the complex (except marginal failure in Pravara complex) satisfy the design use requirements.

गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियमन तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणेबाबत.

महाराष्ट्र शासन

जलसंपदा विभाग

शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण)

मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२

तारीखः: ०७ मार्च, २०१३.

वाचा

 १) शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण), दि. २९ जानेवारी, २०१३

<u>शासन निर्णय</u>

जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुकडील धरणात साठणाऱ्या पाण्याचा योग्य प्रकारे वाटप होण्याच्या दृष्टीने खरीप हंगामातील पाण्याची निकड बाष्पीभवन, तसेच वहनव्यय इ. विचारात घेऊन मार्गदर्शक तत्वे तयार करण्याच्या दृष्टीने शासन स्तरावर वरील संदर्भान्वये अभ्यासगट गठीत करण्यात आलेला आहे.

सदर अभ्यास गटामध्ये विशेष निमंत्रित म्हणून खालील सदस्याचा नव्याने समावेश करण्यात येत आहे.

 श्री.आ.भ.पाटील, कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद.

वर नमूद नव्याने समाविष्ट विशेष निमंत्रित सदस्य उपरोक्त अभ्यास गटाच्या कार्यकक्षेमध्ये समाविष्ट विषयाशी संबंधित उपलब्ध माहिती व अभ्यासानुसार समितीला मार्गदर्शन करतील. तसेच अभ्यास गटाला अंतिम अहवाल सादर करण्यास सहाय्य करतील.

सदर शासन निर्णय महाराष्ट्र शासनाच्या <u>www.maharashtra.gov.in</u> या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध करण्यात आला असून त्याचा संकेताक २०१३०३०७१२२५०९४५२७ असा आहे. हा आदेश डिजीटल स्वाक्षरीने साक्षांकित करुन काढण्यात येत आहे.

महाराष्ट्राचे राज्यपाल यांच्या आदेशानुसार व नावाने.

(प्र. गो. मांदाडे) शासनाचे उप सचिव

प्रत,

सचिव, महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण, मुंबई

- २. प्रधान सचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ३. प्रधान सचिव, लाक्षेवि, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ४. कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद
- ५. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, औरंगाबाद,
- ६. मुख्य अभियंता व मुख्य प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- ७. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, उत्तर महाराष्ट्र प्रदेश, नाशिक
- ८. मुख्य अभियंता, जलविज्ञान प्रकल्प, नाशिक
- ९. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, पुणे
- १०. मुख्य अभियंता,(पाटबंधारे) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १९. मुख्य अभियंता,(जलसंपत्ती) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १२. उपसचिव (सिंव्य) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १३. उपसचिव (जलसंपत्ती) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १४. अधिक्षक अभियंता व प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, नाशिक
- १५. अधिक्षक अभियंता, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- १६. अवर सचिव (जलसंपत्ती / नियोजन) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १७. अवर सचिव (सिंव्य/धोरण) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १८. सिंव्य (धोरण) संग्रहार्थ.

गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियमन तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणेबाबत.

महाराष्ट्र शासन जलसंपदा विभाग शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२ तारीख: २७ मे, २०१३.

वाचा

१) शासन निर्णय क्रमांक :- संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण) दि. २९ जानेवारी, २०१३ व दिनांक ७ मार्च, २०१३.

<u>प्रस्तावना</u>

उपरोक्त शासन निर्णयामधील अभ्यासगटाची कार्यकक्षा यामधील अनुक्रमांक ४ मध्ये सदरहू अभ्यास गटास ३१ मार्च,२०१३ पर्यंत आपला अहवाल सादर करण्याबाबत निर्देश दिले होते. सदरचा अहवालसादर करण्याकरिता समितीला खालील बाबीची पूर्तता करणे आवश्यक आहे.

- अभ्यास गटासाठी आवश्यक संलग्न माहिती (डाटा) क्षेत्रिय अधिकाऱ्यांनी तयार करणे.
- २) अभ्यास गटासाठी डाटाची पडताळणी (validation)गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद मार्फत करणे
- गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद कडून प्राप्त डाटाचे पृथक्करण(analysis) अभ्यास गटामार्फत करणे.
- ४) गोदावरी उपखोऱ्यातील पैठण धरणाच्या संकल्पानाच्या गृहित धरलेले जलनियोजन व सद्यस्थितीत पाण्याची उपलब्धतता तसेच जलनियोजन यांचा तुलनात्मक अभ्यास करणे.
- ५) जायकवाडी जलाशयात पाणी टंचाई, परिस्थिती न उद्भवण्यासाठी गोदावरी उपखोऱ्यातील उर्वरित भागातील जलाशयाची एकात्मिक पध्दतीने प्रवर्तन करण्यासाठी विविध पर्यायांचा अभ्यास करणे.
- ६) अभ्यास गटाने विविध पर्यांयाच्या अभ्यासावर आधारित योग्य ते विनियमन तयार करुन शासनास अहवाल सादर करणे.

उपरोक्त बाबी विचारात घेता, अभ्यास गटाची कामकाज करण्याच्या कालावधीत सुधारणा करण्याची बाब शासनाच्या विचाराधीन होती. त्यानुसार शासन आता खालील प्रमाणे निर्णय घेत आहे.

<u> शासन निर्णय</u>

अभ्यास गटाने आठवडानिहाय (Week-wise)वेळापत्रक तयार करावे, प्रत्येक आठवडयात अपेक्षित कार्यवाही व झालेली कार्यवाही (Outcome)त्यांच्यात अंतर्भूत करावी. या अटीच्या अधीन राहून संदर्भिय दि. २९.०१.२०१३ च्या शासन निर्णयातील अनुक्रमांक ४ मध्ये देण्यात आलेल्या कालावधीस मुदतवाढ देण्यात येत आहे. आता समितीने आपले कामकाज दि. ३१ मे, २०१३ पूर्वी पुर्ण करुन शासनास अंतिम अहवाल सादर करावा.

सदर शासन निर्णय महाराष्ट्र शासनाच्या <u>www.maharashtra.gov.in</u> या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध करण्यात आला असून त्याचा संकेताक २०१३०५२९११०३४२६८२७ असा आहे. हा आदेश डिजीटल स्वाक्षरीने साक्षांकित करुन काढण्यात येत आहे.

महाराष्ट्राचे राज्यपाल यांच्या आदेशानुसार व नावाने.

प्र. गो. मांदाडे

शासनाचे उप सचिव

प्रत,

- 9. सचिव, महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण, मुंबई
- २. प्रधान सचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ३. प्रधान सचिव, लाक्षेवि, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ४. कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद
- ५. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, औरंगाबाद
- ६. मुख्य अभियंता व मुख्य प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- ७. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, उत्तर महाराष्ट्र प्रदेश, नाशिक
- ८. मुख्य अभियंता, जलविज्ञान प्रकल्प, नाशिक
- ९. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, पुणे
- १०. मुख्य अभियंता,(पाटबंधारे) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- ११. मुख्य अभियंता,(जलसंपत्ती) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १२. उपसचिव (सिंव्य) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १३. उपसचिव (जलसंपत्ती) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १४. अधिक्षक अभियंता व प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, नाशिक
- १५. अधिक्षक अभियंता, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- १६. अवर सचिव (जलसंपत्ती / नियोजन) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १७. अवर सचिव (सिंव्य/धोरण) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १८. सिंव्य (धोरण) संग्रहार्थ.

गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियमन तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणेबाबत.

महाराष्ट्र शासन जलसंपदा विभाग शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२ तारीख: : ३० जुलै, २०१३

वाचा –

१) शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः शासन निर्णय क्र. संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण)

दि. २९ जानेवारी, २०१३ , दिनांक ७ मार्च, २०१३. व दि. २७ मे,२०१३

<u> प्रस्तावना –</u>

उपरोक्त शासन निर्णयामधील अभ्यासगटाची कार्यकक्षा यामधील अनुक्रमांक ४ मध्ये सदरहू अभ्यास गटास ३१ मार्च,२०१३ पर्यंत आपला अहवाल सादर करण्याबाबत निर्देश दिले होते. सदरचा अहवाल सादर करण्याकरिता समितीला खालील बाबीची पूर्तता करणे आवश्यक आहे.

- अभ्यास गटासाठी आवश्यक संलग्न माहिती (डाटा) क्षेत्रिय अधिकाऱ्यांनी तयार करणे.
- २) अभ्यास गटासाठी डाटाची पडताळणी (validation)गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद मार्फत करणे
- गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद कडून प्राप्त डाटाचे पृथक्करण (analysis) अभ्यास गटामार्फत करणे.
- ४) गोदावरी उपखोऱ्यातील पैठण धरणाच्या संकल्पानाच्या गृहित धरलेले जलनियोजन व सद्यस्थितीत पाण्याची उपलब्धतता तसेच जलनियोजन यांचा तुलनात्मक अभ्यास करणे.
- ५) जायकवाडी जलाशयात पाणी टंचाई, परिस्थिती न उद्भवण्यासाठी गोदावरी उपखोऱ्यातील उर्वरित भागातील जलाशयाची एकात्मिक पध्दतीने प्रवर्तन करण्यासाठी विविध पर्यायांचा अभ्यास करणे.
- ६) अभ्यास गटाने विविध पर्यांयाच्या अभ्यासावर आधारित योग्य ते विनियमन तयार करुन शासनास अहवाल सादर करणे.

उपरोक्त बाबी विचारात घेता, अभ्यास गटाची कामकाज करण्याच्या कालावधीत सुधारणा करण्याची बाब शासनाच्या विचाराधीन होती. त्यानुसार शासन आता खालील प्रमाणे निर्णय घेत आहे.

<u> शासन निर्णय –</u>

अभ्यास गटाने आठवडानिहाय (Week-wise)वेळापत्रक तयार करावे, प्रत्येक आठवडयात अपेक्षित कार्यवाही व झालेली कार्यवाही (Outcome)त्यांच्यात अंतर्भूत करावी. या अटीच्या अधीन राहून संदर्भिय दि. २९.०१.२०१३ च्या शासन निर्णयातील अनुक्रमांक ४ मध्ये देण्यात आलेल्या कालावधीस मुदतवाढ देण्यात येत आहे. आता समितीने आपले कामकाज दि. ३१ जुलै, २०१३ पूर्वी पुर्ण करुन शासनास अंतिम अहवाल सादर करावा.

सदर शासन निर्णय महाराष्ट्र शासनाच्या <u>www.maharashtra.gov.in</u> या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध करण्यात आला असून त्याचा संकेताक २०१३०७३०१५२३१७०३२७ असा आहे. हा आदेश डिजीटल स्वाक्षरीने साक्षांकित करुन काढण्यात येत आहे.

महाराष्ट्राचे राज्यपाल यांच्या आदेशानुसार व नावाने.

(सं. अ. टाटू) शासनाचे उप सचिव

प्रत,

- सचिव, महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण, मुंबई
- २. प्रधान सचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ३. प्रधान सचिव, लाक्षेवि, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ४. कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद
- ५. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, औरंगाबाद
- ६. मुख्य अभियंता व मुख्य प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- ७. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, उत्तर महाराष्ट्र प्रदेश, नाशिक
- ८. मुख्य अभियंता, जलविज्ञान प्रकल्प, नाशिक
- ९. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, पुणे
- १०. मुख्य अभियंता,(पाटबंधारे) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- ११. मुख्य अभियंता,(जलसंपत्ती) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १२. उपसचिव (सिंव्य) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- 9३. उपसचिव (जलसंपत्ती) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १४. अधिक्षक अभियंता व प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, नाशिक
- १५. अधिक्षक अभियंता, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- १६. अवर सचिव (जलसंपत्ती / नियोजन) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १७. अवर सचिव (सिंव्य/धोरण) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १८. सिंव्य (धोरण) संग्रहार्थ

गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियमन तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणेबाबत.

महाराष्ट्र शासन जलसंपदा विभाग शासन निर्णय क्रमांकः संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२ तारीख: २९ जानेवारी, २०१३.

<u>प्रस्तावना</u>

या वर्षीच्या पावसाळ्यात (सन २०१२) पावसाच्या दुर्भिक्षामुळे जायकवाडी धरणात अत्यल्प पाणीसाठा झाल्याने जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व भागातील १) दारणा २) गंगापूर ३) निळवंडे-भंडारदरा ४) प्रवरा ५) मुळा या पाच उप खोऱ्यांतून पाणी सोडण्याबाबत मराठवाडा जनता विकास परिषद, औरंगाबाद यांनी मा. उच्च न्यायालय खंडपीठ, औरंगाबाद येथे जनहित याचिका क्र. १००/१२ दाखल केलेली आहे.

या याचिकेसंदर्भात शासनाने सादर केलेल्या प्रतिज्ञापत्रानुसार, तसेच दिनांक १९.१२.२०१२ रोजी झालेल्या सुनावणी दरम्यानच्या आदेशात राज्यातील काही भागामध्ये पाण्याचे दुर्भिक्ष असल्याची वस्तुस्थिती विचारात घेऊन सर्वसाधारणपणे समन्यायी पध्दतीने पाणी वाटप होण्याच्या दृष्टीकोणातून आवश्यक त्या उपाययोजना करण्याची निकड विषद केली. याबाबत राज्य शासनाने दिनांक १७.१२.२०१२ रोजी सादर केलेल्या प्रतिज्ञापत्रात महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण अधिनियम २००५ मधील कलम १२ (६)(ग) मध्ये नमूद केल्यानुसार याचिका कर्त्यांनी मागणी केल्यानुसार, पाण्याचे समन्यायी वाटप करणे तांत्रिक दृष्ट्या व प्रत्यक्षरित्या कार्यवाही करणे शक्य होणार नाही असे नमूद केले आहे. तथापि, पावसाळ्याच्या कालावधीमध्ये खोरे, उप-खोरे निहाय धरणात साठणाऱ्या पाण्याचे संनियंत्रण व नियोजन करण्याची आवश्यकता असल्याचे नमूद केले आहे. जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुकडील धरणात साठणाऱ्या पाण्याचा योग्य प्रकारे वाटप होण्याच्या दृष्टीने खरीप हंगामातील पाण्याची निकड बाष्पीभवन, तसेच वहनव्यय इ. विचारात घेऊन मार्गदर्शक तत्वे तयार करण्याच्या दृष्टीने अभ्यासगट गठीत करण्याचे शासनाचे विचाराधीन होते. या अनुषंगाने शासनाने खालीलप्रमाणे निर्णय घेतला आहे.

<u>शासन निर्णय</u>

जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुकडील धरणात साठणाऱ्या पाण्याचा योग्य प्रकारे वाटप होण्याच्या दृष्टीने खरीप हंगामातील पाण्याची निकड बाष्पीभवन, तसेच वहनव्यय इ. विचारात घेऊन मार्गदर्शक तत्वे तयार करण्याच्या दृष्टीने शासन स्तरावर खालीलप्रमाणे अभ्यासगट गठीत करण्यात येत आहे.

٩	श्री. हि. ता. मेंढेगिरी, महासंचालक, जल व भूमी व्यवस्थापन संस्था	अध्यक्ष
	(वाल्मी), औरंगाबाद	

ર	श्री. चं. आ. बिराजदार, मुख्य अभियंता(विनिर्दिष्ट प्रकल्प), जलसंपदा	सदस्य
	विभाग, पुणे	
3	श्री. एच. के. गोसावी, मुख्य अभियंता, जलविज्ञान प्रकल्प, नाशिक	सदस्य
8	श्री. भा.चं. कुंजीर, मुख्य अभियंता, उत्तर महाराष्ट्र प्रदेश, जलसंपदा	सदस्य
	विभाग, नाशिक	
ч	श्री. ब.म. सुकरे, मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, लाभक्षेत्र विकास	सदस्य
	प्राधिकरण, औरंगाबाद	
દ્	श्री. ए. पी. कोहिरकर, अधीक्षक अभियंता, गोदावरी मराठवाडा	सदस्य सचिव
	पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद	

सदरहू अभ्यासगटाची कार्यकक्षा खालीलप्रमाणे राहील---

- 9) गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुस खोरे/उप-खोऱ्यातील सर्व जलाशयाचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने पावसाळयात धरणे भरतांना जायकवाडी प्रकल्पाचे जलाशयात टंचाई परिस्थिती न उदभवण्यासाठी प्रचलन करणे बाबतीत मार्गदर्शक विनिमय तयार करणे.
- २) अशी यंत्रणा प्रभावीपणे राबविण्याच्या दृष्टीने कार्यपध्दती विकसीत करणे.
- ३) उपरोक्त विषयी तांत्रिक, आर्थिक व व्यवस्थापकीय बाबींसंदर्भात सुधारणा सूचविणे
- ४) सदरहू समिती आपला अहवाल ३१.३.२०१३ पर्यंत सादर करेल.

अभ्यास गटाच्या सदस्यांनी आपला कार्यरत पदाचा कार्यभार सांभाळून उपरोक्त कार्यवाही पार पाडावी. याबाबत सदस्यांना कोणत्याही प्रकारचे मानधन दिले जाणार नाही. अभ्यास गटाचे कामकाज संपल्यानंतर हा अभ्यास गट आपोआप संपुष्टात येईल.

सदर शासन निर्णय महाराष्ट्र शासनाच्या <u>www.maharashtra.gov.in</u> या संकेतस्थळावर उपलब्ध करण्यात आला असून त्याचा संकेताक २०१३०१२९१४५००२५३२७ असा आहे. हा आदेश डिजीटल स्वाक्षरीने साक्षांकित करुन काढण्यात येत आहे.

महाराष्ट्राचे राज्यपाल यांच्या आदेशानुसार व नावाने.

(प्र. गो. मांदाडे) शासनाचे उप सचिव

प्रत,

सचिव, महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण, मुंबई

- २. प्रधान सचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ३. प्रधान सचिव, लाक्षेवि, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई
- ४. कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद
- ५. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, औरंगाबाद,
- ६. मुख्य अभियंता व मुख्य प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- ७. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, उत्तर महाराष्ट्र प्रदेश, नाशिक
- ८. मुख्य अभियंता, जलविज्ञान प्रकल्प, नाशिक
- ९. मुख्य अभियंता, जलसंपदा विभाग, पुणे
- १०.मुख्य अभियंता,(पाटबंधारे) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- ११.मुख्य अभियंता,(जलसंपत्ती) व सहसचिव, जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १२.उपसचिव (सिंव्य) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १३.उपसचिव (जलसंपत्ती) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १४.अधिक्षक अभियंता व प्रशासक, लाक्षेविप्रा, नाशिक
- १५.अधिक्षक अभियंता, लाक्षेविप्रा, औरंगाबाद
- १६.अवर सचिव (जलसंपत्ती / नियोजन) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १७. अवर सचिव (सिंव्य/धोरण) जलसंपदा विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ३२
- १८. सिंव्य (धोरण) संग्रहार्थ

APPENDIX - V



जल व भूमि व्यवस्थापन संस्था(वाल्मी)

(महाराष्ट्र शासन,जलसंपदाविभाग पुरस्कृत स्वायत्त संस्था) पत्र पेटी क्र. ५०४, कांचनवाडी, पैठण रोड

औरंगाबाद -४३१००५, (महाराष्ट्र)

दूरध्वना क्र. ०२४०-२३७९१५९-६१
फॅक्स क्र. ०२४०-२३७९०३६

Website : www.walmi.org E-mail : admn@walmi.org

तातडीचे / हस्ते पोहोच जा.क्र.वाल्मी/ आस्था-१/२३११

दिनांकः - ३१/०७/२०१३

प्रति,

प्रधान सचिव (जसंव्य व लाक्षेवि), जलसंपदा विभाग, मादाम कामा मार्ग, हुतात्मा राजगुरु चौक, मंत्रालय, मुंबई-३२

(लक्षवेध : श्री रमेश निकुम, मुख्य अमियंता (पा) व सहसचिव)

विषय :	गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियम
	तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणे बाबत.

- संदर्भ :
- 1) शासन निर्णय क्र. संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२ / सिंव्य (धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई-३२ दिनांक २९ जानेवारी २०१३
 - शासन निर्णय क्र. संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/ सिंव्य(धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई-३२ दिनांक ७ मार्च २०१३

 शासन निर्णय क्र.संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/ २०१२/ सिंव्य (धोरण) मंत्रालय, मुंबई-३२ दिनांक ३०.७.२०१३

शासनाचे संदर्भीय दिनांक २९.१.२०१३ च्या निर्णयानुसार गोदावरी खोऱ्यस्त्रील पैठण धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुकडील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियम तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करण्यात आली आहे. अभ्यास गटाचे अध्यक्ष म्हणून माझी नियुक्ती करण्यात आली आहे. शासनाचे दिनांक ७ मार्च २०१३ च्या निर्णयानुसार श्री आ.भ. पाटील (सरक) कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद यांचा विशेष निमंत्रित सदस्य म्हणून समावेश केला आहे. या अभ्यास गटाला अहवाल सादर करण्यासाठी संदर्भ क्र. ३ अन्वये दिनांक ३१.७.२०१३ पर्यंत मुदत वाढ देण्यात आली आहे. या अभ्यासगटाची आठवी बैठक दिनांक १८ ते २० जुलै २०१३ या कालावधीत होऊन या बैठकीत अहवाल तयार करण्यात आला. या अहवालाचे सादरीकरण दिनांक २३.७.२०१३ रोजी मुंबई येथे झाले. या अहवालाबाबत अभ्यासगटातील सदस्यांमध्ये मतभिन्नता आढळून आली आहे.

Reconstitution of Godawari Khore Study Group 31072013

२.० शासनाने दिनांक २९.१.२०१३ च्या निर्णयानुसार अभ्यासगटाची कार्यकक्षा निश्चित केली आहे. त्यानुसार कार्यकक्षा (१) खालील प्रमाणे आहे —

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"गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजुस खोरे / उपखोऱ्या**तील स**र्व जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने पावसाळयात धरणे भरतांना जायकवाडी प्रकल्पाचे **जलाश**यांत टंचाई परिस्थिती न उदभवण्यासाठी प्रचलन करणे बाबतीत मार्गदर्शक विनियम तयार **करणे**."

वरील कार्यकक्षेमध्ये नमुद केल्याप्रमाणे जायकवाडी जलाशयात टंचाई परिस्थिती न उदभवण्यासाठी उर्ध्व बर्जिकडील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने प्रचलन करणे, एवढयाच मर्यदित कार्यकक्षेमध्ये अभ्यास गटाने काम करणे शासनास अभिप्रेत आहे असे अभ्यास गटातील बहुतांशी सदस्यांचे मत आहे. महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण नियम, २०१३ मध्ये पाणी टंचाईची व्याख्या केली असून जेव्हा उपयुक्त साठयाची प्रत्यक्ष उपलब्धता ही दिनांक १५ ऑक्टोंबर रोजी त्या प्रकल्पाच्या संकल्पित उपयुक्त असलेल्या साठयाच्या ३३ टक्के पेक्षा कमी असेल ती स्थिती असा आहे. ही व्याख्या विचारात घेतल्यास जायकवाडी जलाशयांमध्ये १५ ऑक्टोंबर रोजी ३३ टक्के एवढे उपयुक्त साठा / पाणी प्राप्त करण्याच्या मर्यादेत उर्ध्व बाजुकडील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने प्रचलन करणे बाबत मार्गदर्शक विनियम तयार करणे, एवढया मर्यादेत कार्यकक्षा अभ्यास गटास शासनाने नेमुन दिली आहे, असे बहुतांशी सदस्यांचे मत आहे. मात्र अभ्यास गटाच्या अध्यक्षांची भूमिका वेगळी असून महाराष्ट्र जलसंपत्ती नियमन प्राधिकरण अधिनियम २००५ तसेच राज्याची जलनिती मध्ये नमूद केल्याप्रमाणे व न्याय वाटप करणे उपखोऱ्यातील उपलब्ध असलेल्या पाण्याचे जवळजवळ समन्यायी (Approximate equitable and judicious distribution) या तत्वावर उपखो-यातील जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने पावसाळयात धरणे भरतांना प्रचलन करण्यासाठी मार्गदर्शक विनिमय अभ्यासगटाने तयार करणे अभिप्रेत आहे. अशीच भूमिका मा. उच्च न्यायालय, औरंगाबाद खंडपीठ, येथे जनहित याचिका क्रं. १००/२०१२ मध्ये शासनाने प्रतिज्ञापत्रामध्ये नमूद केलेली आहे. तरी अभ्यास गटाने कार्यकक्षा क्रं. १ मध्ये नमूद केलेल्या मर्यादेत मार्गदर्शक विनिमय तयार करावेत किंवा कसे ? यावर शासनाचे मार्गदर्शन अत्यंत तातडीने आवश्यक आहे.

Reconstitution of Godawari Khore Study Group 31072013

97

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३.० या अभ्यास गटातील एक सदस्य श्री ब.म.सुकरे, मुख्य अभियंता व मुख्य प्रशासक, लाभक्षेत्र विकास, औरंगाबाद हे दिनांक ३१-७-२०१३ रोजी सेवानिवृत्त होत आहेत. त्यांच्या सेवानिवृत्तीनंतर अभ्यास गटावर एका सदस्याची नियुक्ती नव्याने करण्यात यावी.

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या अभ्यासगटाचे अध्यक्ष श्री हि.ता. मेंढेगिरी, महासंचालक, वाल्मी हे असून त्यांचेपेक्षा वरिष्ठ असलेले श्री आ.भ. पाटील (सरक), कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद हे विशेष निमंत्रित आहेत. कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळाचा अतिरिक्त कार्यभार माझ्याकडे असताना (डिसेंबर, २०१२) हा अभ्यासगट नेमण्याचाँ'प्रस्ताव तयार करण्यात आला होता. त्यावेळी कार्यकारी संचालक, पदाचाही अतिरिक्त कार्यभार माझ्याकडे असल्यामूळे मी या गटाचा अध्यक्ष होण्यास संमती दिली होती. तदनंतर महामंडळाचा कार्यभार माझ्याकडे न राहिल्यामूळे अभ्यास गटाचे अध्यक्ष म्हणून मला नेमू नये अशी विनंती अनौपचारीकपणे शासनाचे दिनांक २९.१.२०१३ चे आदेश निर्गामित होण्यापूर्वी मी त्यावेळचे प्रधान सचिव (जसंव्य व लाक्षेवि) यांना विनंती केली होती. अभ्यास गटाच्या बैठकीमध्ये वरिष्ठतेचा प्रश्न उपस्थित होऊन काही सदस्यांमध्ये गैरसमज झाले आहेत. त्यामुळे या अभ्यासगटाचे अध्यक्ष म्हणून श्री आ.भ. पाटील (सरक), कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास स्हणून श्री आ.भ. पाटील (सरक), कार्यकारी संचालक, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास स्र महामंडळ, औरंगाबाद यांची तसेच श्री हि.ता. मेंढेगिरी, महासंचालक, वाल्मी यांची विशेष निर्मांत्रत सदस्य म्हणून नियुक्ती करणे योग्य होईल.

वरील प्रमाणे या अभ्यासगटाच्या संदर्भात उपस्थित केलेल्या मुद्यांवर शासन स्तरावर निर्णय होऊन तातडीने आदेश निर्गमित करावेत, ही विनंती.

> । जिम्मे (हि.ता.मेंढेगिरी) महासंचालक, वाल्मी, औरंगाबाद तथा १८ अध्यक्ष अभ्यास गट

प्रत: श्री ए.पी. कोहिरकर, अधीक्षक अभियंता, गोदावरी मराठवाडा पाटबंधारे विकास महामंडळ,औरंगाबाद तथा सदस्य सचिव यांना माहितीस्तव

Reconstitution of Godawari Khore Study Group 31072013

98

APPENDIX - VI

इंगेल - Wrd cad do Imp@maharashtra.gov.in दूरायनी - ०२२-२२०२७८९५/२२७१४१६१ फिल्स - ०२२-२२०२३२१३/२२८३४३३५/२२८३१८१७

महाराष्ट्र शासन

क्र — संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/सिंव्य(धो)

जलसंपदा विभाग, मादाम कामा मार्ग, हुतात्मा राजगुरु चौक, मंत्रालय, मुंबई ४०० ०३२. दिनांक :- ६/०८/२०१३.

प्रति,

महासंचालक, वाल्मी,औरंगाबाद तथा अध्यक्ष अभ्यास गट

> विषयः- गोवावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयाचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियम तयार करण्यासाठी अभ्यास गटाची नियुक्ती करणेबाबत.

संदर्भ :-१)शासन निर्णय क्र. संकीर्ण २०१२/(८९१/१२)/२०१२/सिंव्य (धोरण) दि. ३१.०७.२०१३. २)आपले पत्र क्र. वाल्मी/आस्था-१/२३११, दि. ३१.०७.२०१३.

विषयांकित अभ्यास गटाच्या समितीस संदर्भ क्र.१ येथील शासन निर्णयाव्यारे दिनांक ३१. ७७.२०१३ पर्यंत मुदतवाढ देण्यात आलेली आहे. सदर अभ्यास गटाच्या अभ्यासावर दिनांक २३.०७.२०१३ रोजी विधानभवनात मा. मंत्री जलसंपदा(कृखोपाम वगळून), प्रधान सचिव (जसं), प्रधान सचिव (लाक्षेवि) व सर्व समितीच्या सदस्यांसमवेत सादरीकरण होऊन सविस्तर चर्चा झाली. चर्चनुसार गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जलाशयाचे एकात्मिक प्रवर्तनासाठी विनियम तयार करताना शासन निर्णय २९.०१.२०१३ मधील कार्यकक्षा - १ 'गोदावरी खोऱ्यातील जायकवाडी धरणाच्या उर्ध्व बाजूस खोरे उपखोऱ्यातील सर्व जलाशयांचे एकात्मिक पध्दतीने पावसाळ्यात धरणे भरताना जायकवाडी प्रकल्याच्या जलाशयात टंचाई परिस्थिती न उद्भवण्यासाठी प्रचलन करणे बाबतीत मार्गदर्शक विनियम तयार करणे अनुसार तातडीने करावयाच्या उपाययोजना तसेच तद्नुसार आपणास अभिप्रेत असलेली दीर्घकालीन उपाययोजना (Long Term) अंतर्भूत करुन अंतिम अहवाल तयार करावा, असे सुचविण्यात आले होते.

99

र्मेल :- wrd cad do imp@maharashtra.goy.in प्रथानी :- ०२२-२२०२७८९५/२२७९४१६१ फिस :- ०२२-२२०२३२९३/२२८३४३३५/२२८३१८९७

तसेच समितीचे अध्यक्ष व सर्व सदस्यांच्या एकमताने अहवाल सादर करण्याच्या सुचना देखील देण्यात आलेल्या आहेत.

पावसाळी अधिवेशन कालावधीत लोकप्रतिनिधींनी मराठवाड्याकरिता पाणी सोडण्याबाबत लक्षवेधी व तारांकित प्रश्न उपस्थित करुन तीव्रतेने भावना व्यक्त केल्या आहेत. उपरोक्त सर्व बार्बीचा विचार करता या प्रकरणी असे सुचित करण्यात येत आहे की, अभ्यास गटाची रचना पूर्वी प्रमाणेच कर्ग्यम राहील. तरी दि. २३/७/२०१३ रोजीच्या बैठकीत चर्चा झाल्याप्रमाणे अभ्यास गटाचा अंतिम अहवाल तात्काळ शासनास सादर करण्यात यावा.

> प्रेम्ग्न्((उ. ए. कुंभारे) शासनाचे अवर सचिव

प्रतः-

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१) स्वीय सहायक, प्रधान सचिव (लाक्षेवि) २)सिव्य(धो) कार्यासन संग्रहार्थ

No Name of System	Total		Interma	tion about A	Major, Mediu	m and Mine	r Irrigation De										
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		8.500	304.100	0000	212 202	1					337.250	515.570				-	
2 Nilwande Dam (CA202 21)					000.712	000.0	8.500	298.420	1072 (1								
3 M I. (State) above 250 he @ 11/6	-† .; .;	7.250	228.750	0000	200 200				,	Caled	121.690	190.910	1501 000			•	
Of Nilwande Dam = 3		1.410	14.860	0000	30.02	017.165	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	002.01				-	335	0.000	28.320	23.780
4 Sauctioned Sharif I hit on Photo		i		~~~~	0/7.01	17.400	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	14.000	Gated	50.730	185.270	000 0062				
& Nilvande Reservoir and Prayara Prive									/70.1	Ungated	0.000	16.270	0000	20.000		50.000 I	TPOHLPO
upto Over weir over and above Project		<u></u>	_			52.089							0,000	By LiA	-		0000
Planung S Value																	20012
P Adhala Dam (CA 177 10)	<u>;</u>			1					-								
o M L.(State)above 250 ha. @ U/S	1	074-1	27.610	0.000	30.030	38.730	Not Summer			<u> </u>							
Ut Adhala Dam = 2 Nos		1,460	4.700	0.000	6.160	9	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	3.120	Uncated				******			
7 Salictioned Kharif Util on Adhala		1				3	in surveyed	Not Surveyed	0.060	Unsated	1.000	30.030	1582.000	1.190	1 000		
above Protect of and Adhala River over and			— <u> </u>			100	T					6.160	0.000	By Lift	172.	+	0.00
8 Bhojapur (CA 154.00)		1					_				+					 1.	0.000
9 Bhojapur Flood canals		3.030	10.310	0.000	13.340	COL OI											
10 M.I @ D/S Nilwande & Life				1			Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	1.360	[]nouted						;	<u> </u>
upto Ozar Weir, Nil		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	/11./					0000	13.340	1489.000	6.080			
1) Ozar Weir (Bhandardars Warn-		 			2000	000.0	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	0000							1	+
use of 421.90 is from Ozar weir)	1608.00	0.000	0.000	0.00	0000	121 240				Ungated	0.000	0.000	0.000	-			
		_				nto'tet	vol Surveyed	Not Surveyed	0.000	Incated				200	0.00	į	
14 M.J. (Local Sector.) in Pravara		0000					֥					0.000	2837.000	30.020	9716	.	
(30 NOS)		200	000.00	0.000	35.500	35.500	N.A		-		 .						0.000
Total of (B) Pravara System					<u> </u>		,	•		Ungated	0.000	35.500					<u> </u>
Gangapur System		14.0/0	625.830	0.000	649.900	959.905							C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Ă	NA N	NA N	NA N
1 Kikwi (CA 69.99)		$\left \right $		\uparrow	$\left \right $	1			31.507		72.420					<u> </u>	
2 Guatami Godavan(CA 41 18)		10.340	60.020	0.000	10 260				╞			104-1/2	•	 		╀	T
3 Kusyapi (CA 46 10)		0.318	52.930	0000	076.15	1 017.04	nder Constr	Under Constr	10210				+	+			
4 Gangapur	267.40	0.950	51.747	0000	107.02	N 080.5	of Surveyed	Not Surveyed	017.01	Ungated	0.000	70.360	457 747				T
5 Alandi	00.100	12.000	203.880	5.660	1000 216	v hirer	of Surveyed	Vot Surveyed	1000	Cated	11.678	41.570	+	VN	VN VN	1	N
6 M. I. (State 12500 / T. V.	4.09	2.060	27.470	0000	000.017	169.610	1	159.420	1.000	Gated	14.580	38.120	01/100	0.000	0,000	88	
		1.640	26.660		050.67	40.670 N	at Surveyed	Vot Surveyed	0/9/17	Gated	37.010	78.870	/96./10	0.000	0.000	8	
River and Charl Util on Reservoir and	i			3	002.87	26.660 N	X Surveyed	iot Summer	7820	Ungaled	0.000	20 410	000. 4422	11.740 3	3.820 0		8
O I THE PART OF A LINE OF A LINE OF	 - -					-			4.245	Ungated	000'0	1 100 BZ	1019.500	5.380	8		0000
Tratel Sociar (69)		0000	1073 75	+		29.520					+		0,000	0.000	000		
mater of the second and a second		27.308	122.00	0000	24,540	24,540	+									1+	
				199°C	71.535	446.200				ungated	3.000		_				
									14.335	F	1 22.02						
														ļ	,		

St. Name of Summer			Informatic	on about Ma	ior. Medium	Ahde Vinor	ure -]	;									
No.	Total		Design Stor	rage (Mcum)			Storio- avol-	ects in Upper Go	davari (up to I	Paithan dam) Sub I	Basin						
	area of system					Design	Survey	/ (Mm3)	Estimated	Type of Overflow Section	Storage	Gross Storage	Spillway Design	Canal Outle	et Design	River Sluice	Power Outlet
	(Sqkm)	Dcad	Live	Carry Over	Orcss	Water Use (Mim ³)	Desd		Evaporation	(Gated/Ungated)	Spillway	DELOW CTERS OF Spillway/	Eitscharge (Cumecs)	Discharge ((Cumocs)	Design	Detign
2	~	4	-								Gates Mm ³	w.weir		LB.C.	R.B.C	(Curriecs)	Utscharge (Cumecs)
D Kadwa System					•	*	6	0	=	12	13	14	51	16	17	, second	ġ
2 Kadwa		2.770	13.690	0000	16.460	17.180	Yetto	Vet to construct			·				:	2	2
3 Sanctioned Kharif Ultil on Reservoir and	1/3.23	6.680	52.900	0.000	59.580	80.700	5.120	47 780	065.6	Ungated	0.00	16.460	982.530	,	0.954		-
Ruter over and above Project planning			i			1.173		3	C17'01	Called	39.230	20.350	2821.350	•	065.11		202
E Darna system		9.450	66.590	0.000	76.040	120.66											
1 Bhawali (CA 25 90)									13.623		39,230	36.810			T		
2 Bhan, (CA \$0 \$0)		3.960	40.790	0.000	44.750	18.640	Not Surveyed	Not Surrend							T		
3 Waki (CA 32 50)		5.660	69.760	0.000	75.420	8.770	Under Constru	Under Conetra	020.0	Ungated	80.0	44.750	é62.000		•	1 100	
4 Dama (CA 404 00)		5.230	70.570	0000	75.800	12.650	Juder Constru	Inder Consult	0.1.0	Ungated	0.00	75.420	000:066	1			•
	404.00	7.050	219.820	0.000	226.870	47.890		JON A LO	068.21	Gated	24.800	51.000	550.000	1		8	
5 Mukane	129.60	. 9.180	204.980	0.00	214 160	102.460	Not Surveyed	Not C. 410	43.330	Gated	105.070	121.800	3335.760				7.560
o Waldevi	51.84	1.920	32.0901	0000		201-120	36	ייטי שע אבארם	28.060	Gatted	84.690	129.470	OKE AM		-	•	29.230
N.M. Weir	4218.00	0.000	29.910	0000	70.010	20. 400	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	5.000	Ungated	0.000	34.010	200 000	,	,	16.120	•
111.70 Bham-66.28, Bhawali-28.09					12.27		1.220	7.270	1.091	Gated	7.270	1.220	2832 000		1 0	•	7.930
Waki-57,72, Free catch-181 25						445.C50							-	1.000	21.840		0.000
b) Godavari canals Gangapur													-	31.036	•		
Walderi-16.14, Gautami Godovari-52.90, Free catchment-107.62						442.240		·		-						.	
c) Transit and Evaporation Losses (8, 24+15, 97+71, 57																	
8 M.I. (State)>250 (27 Nos.)						45.880											
Sanctioned Khanf Util on Reservoir and		062.0	89.730	0000	96.320	96.320		1	14.448								
1 River over and above Project planning		<u>.</u>	_			8.045				Current of	80.0	96.320	1		1		
12 Local Socior (3)		0.000	1 \$20	0000						•							
F Petthed		39.590	759.170	0.000	07C'1	1.520				ungated	0.000	1 (30					
I Karaniwan (748)	824				3	C74-0C71			118.869		221.830	555 510					
2 Wenter (110)		9.340	166.220	0.000	175 570	000 70	410									·	
+ ************************************		4.250	72.230	0.000	76.480	46.230	040.4	152.090	16.990	Gated	74.670	100.900	2724 000	3 766			
		2.815	17.570	0000	70,190	4.00		/0.040	7.080	Ungated	0.000	76.480	1350.000	1416	1	24.090	12.630
Punegaon) (Ozarkhed I.RC		7.640	60.320	0.000	67.960	1 062 201	for Surveyed	Not Surveyed	2240	Gated	13.190	7.190	1.70.000	2 837		~	YY
Punegaon LBC, Daraswadi Feeder)			•				3	not surveyed	8.270	Ungated	0.000	67.960	2400.000	13.590	0.00	<u>v</u> v v	4 2 2
PRBC- 22 37) (PLBC-229.33, PRBC- 22 37)		1.770	21.240	0.000	23.010	7 081 02.C											
6 Sanctioned Kharif Ulul on Reservoir and						1 1901-21-2	tol surveyed	Not Surveyed	8.100	Gated	18.992	4.018	4592.000	25 040	1369		
7 Tisgaon system						19.810										ς. Σ	N.A.
8 Sanctioned Khanf I hill on Barren	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.700	12.760	0.000	15.460	0.840	ot Surveyed	Not Surveyed					+		╞	+	
Ruver over and above Project planning				+-		0.640			107.5	Ungated	0.000	15.460	. 504.000	0.000	6110		
101		0.642	19.694	0.000	20 336	10.01										Ś	¥ Z
10 Lucal Sector (23)		0.000	9.210	0.000	9 210	0.60	of Surveyed	Not Surveyed	3.050	gated/ungared	0.000	20.336					
						2	<	Ϋ́Ζ	0.000	ungated	0.000	9.210		•	•	N.A.	N.A.
Total (F) Palkhed System		29.157	379.244	0.000	408.416	505.874				-				1	2	¥ 4	Υ.Y.
									48.930		106.852	301.554					

Cuber Cuber <th< th=""><th>Catchment area of system 2 3 4 (Sqkm) Dead 5 Mula Dam (Sqkm) Dead Mula Dam (Sate) (4 Nos.) 0.000 Mula Dam 0.000 0.000 Mula Dam 0.551 0.520 Mula Dam 0.533 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.533 0.400 Mula Dam 0.400 0.400 Mula Dam 0.400 0.400</th><th>Live 3 5 5 12.070 12.070 1.340 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.510 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400</th><th>Carry Over 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</th><th>Cross 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 12.070 0 13.070 13.080 13.080</th><th>Design Vater Use (Mm³)</th><th>Survey (Dead</th><th>Mm3) Live</th><th>Anaual Evaporation Losses (Mra3)</th><th>Section (Gated/Ungated)</th><th>sgainst b Spillway Gates (Mm³)</th><th>elow Crest of Spillway/ w.weir (Mm³)</th><th>Discharge (Currecs)</th><th>Discharge ((L.B.C.</th><th>Cumoos) R.B.C.</th><th>Design Discharge (Curneos)</th><th>Design Discharge (Cumecs)</th></th<>	Catchment area of system 2 3 4 (Sqkm) Dead 5 Mula Dam (Sqkm) Dead Mula Dam (Sate) (4 Nos.) 0.000 Mula Dam 0.000 0.000 Mula Dam 0.551 0.520 Mula Dam 0.533 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.520 0.520 Mula Dam 0.533 0.400 Mula Dam 0.400 0.400 Mula Dam 0.400 0.400	Live 3 5 5 12.070 12.070 1.340 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.510 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400 1.3400	Carry Over 6 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Cross 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 12.070 0 13.070 13.080 13.080	Design Vater Use (Mm ³)	Survey (Dead	Mm3) Live	Anaual Evaporation Losses (Mra3)	Section (Gated/Ungated)	sgainst b Spillway Gates (Mm ³)	elow Crest of Spillway/ w.weir (Mm ³)	Discharge (Currecs)	Discharge ((L.B.C.	Cumoos) R.B.C.	Design Discharge (Curneos)	Design Discharge (Cumecs)			
(Point) (Point) <t< th=""><th>(Sqkm) Dead (Jayakwadi 2 3 4 (Mula Dam (Sqkm) 0.000 (K TW (Siarc) (4 Nos.) 0.000 (K TW (Siarc) (4 Nos.) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.570 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.533 (State) 0.1360 (State) 0.533 (State) 0.5</th><th>Live 5 5 12.070 1.340 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.380 2.380 2.380 2.380 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170</th><th>Carry Over 6 6 6 0.0000 0.0000 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0</th><th>Gross 7 12.070 1.370 3.080</th><th>(Mm)</th><th>Dead</th><th>Live 10</th><th>osses (Mm3)</th><th></th><th>Gates (Mm[*])</th><th>w.weir (Mm³)</th><th></th><th>LB.C.</th><th>R.B.C.</th><th>(Curnece)</th><th>(Cumecs)</th></t<>	(Sqkm) Dead (Jayakwadi 2 3 4 (Mula Dam (Sqkm) 0.000 (K TW (Siarc) (4 Nos.) 0.000 (K TW (Siarc) (4 Nos.) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.570 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.000 (State) 0.533 (State) 0.1360 (State) 0.533 (State) 0.5	Live 5 5 12.070 1.340 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.380 2.380 2.380 2.380 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170 1.12.170	Carry Over 6 6 6 0.0000 0.0000 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0 0 0.0000 0	Gross 7 12.070 1.370 3.080	(Mm)	Dead	Live 10	osses (Mm3)		Gates (Mm [*])	w.weir (Mm ³)		LB.C.	R.B.C.	(Curnece)	(Cumecs)			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2 3 4 I Jayakwadi 4 w Kuta Dam 0000 w Kuta Dam 0000 w Kuta Dam 0000 v Kuta Dam 0000 v Sis I below NAW(12) 0000 v Sis I below NAW 0000 ans (SS) I below NAW 0000 1 (State) do Sis 0.50 2 Ozar Weir 2 Nos 3 (SS) I below NAM 0.50 1 (State) do Sis 0.50 2 Nos 0.50 1 (State) do Sis 0.520 1 (State) do Sis 0.5	5 12.070 60.220 60.2380 2.510 2.510 2.510 2.310 1.340 1.1.492	6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7 12.070 60.220 1.370 3.080	w	6	01		A	Ĩ			-						
1. The function of the functi	v Muku Uam v Muku Uam v Miku (12) 0.000 v Miku (12) 0.000 v Miku (12) 0.000 v Miku (12) 0.000 ants (53) 1 below Miku ants (53) 1 below Miku 0.570 0.570 0.000 15 tate) @ DS Of Ozar 0.570 0.000 15 tate) @ DS Of Ozar 0.520 0.520 0.000 0.5200 0.5200 0.520 0.5200 0.5200 0.5200 0.	12.070 1.340 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.080 2.080 1.1.660	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	12.070 60.220 1.370 3.080	+			=	2	13	4	15	16	12	<u>8</u>	6			
Markan Markan,	v NMW v NMW feis below NMW((12) and (53) 1 below NMW 1 (State)above 250 ha. (3) 0.000 0.000 0.000 1 (State)above 250 ha. (3) 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.	60.220 1.340 2.510 2.510 2.8380 2.080 1.06.600 1.12.17(1.149)	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000	60.220 1.370 3.080	12.070	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	1.811	Gated Alngated	0.000	12.070	N.A.	N.A.	V.V	V V	N.A.			
Month Month <th< td=""><td>arks (55) 1 below NAW 0.0000 arks (55) 1 below NAW 0.0000 1 (State above 20 ha. (a) 90.55) 90.55) 60.55) 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 2 Nos 7 (State) 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 1 Nos 7 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 1 Nos) 1.755 1 (CA 1 Nos) 1.</td><td>28.380 2.510 2.510 2.8380 2.080 2.080 1.06.600 1.06.600 1.1.492</td><td>00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000</td><td>3.080</td><td>015 13</td><td></td><td></td><td>1100</td><td>Getad</td><td>000</td><td>60.720</td><td>N N</td><td>A N</td><td>N N</td><td>N N</td><td>۷N</td></th<>	arks (55) 1 below NAW 0.0000 arks (55) 1 below NAW 0.0000 1 (State above 20 ha. (a) 90.55) 90.55) 60.55) 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 2 Nos 7 (State) 61.75 at 2 Nos 61.75 at 1 Nos 7 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 42) 0.400 1 (CA 1 Nos) 1.755 1 (CA 1 Nos) 1.	28.380 2.510 2.510 2.8380 2.080 2.080 1.06.600 1.06.600 1.1.492	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000	3.080	015 13			1100	Getad	000	60.720	N N	A N	N N	N N	۷N			
Offentionerstreich Dief Dief <thdief< th=""> Dief Dief<td>I.(StateJabove 250 ha. @ 0.570 97 Ozar Weir = 2 Nos 93.55) 163.55) @ DS Of Ozar 175a.e1. @ DS Of Ozar 175a.e1. @ DS Of Ozar 164.00 10.5</td><td>2.510 2.510 28.380 2.080 1.06.600 1.06.600 1.1.492</td><td>0,000 0,000000</td><td>3.080</td><td>1 340</td><td></td><td></td><td>0.201</td><td>1 Inented</td><td>0000</td><td>1370</td><td>A N</td><td>V N</td><td>× v</td><td>N N</td><td>VN</td></thdief<>	I.(StateJabove 250 ha. @ 0.570 97 Ozar Weir = 2 Nos 93.55) 163.55) @ DS Of Ozar 175a.e1. @ DS Of Ozar 175a.e1. @ DS Of Ozar 164.00 10.5	2.510 2.510 28.380 2.080 1.06.600 1.06.600 1.1.492	0,000 0,000000	3.080	1 340			0.201	1 Inented	0000	1370	A N	V N	× v	N N	VN			
Titring (a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b) (b	T[State) @ D/S Of Ozar 0.000 K T = 12 Nos 0.500 k KTW (Adjacent to Mula) 0.520 10 Nos.) 0.533 0.520 10 Nos.) 0.533 0.1120 eved (System (U/S Patthan Dam)) 0.1360 0.400 ohapurt (CA 233 83.) 0.1360 0.400 of (CA 259) 0.1650 0.400 of CA 22) 0.1755 0.400	28.380 2.080 2.080 19.61(12.17(3.24(11.45)	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		3.560	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	0.308	Ungated	000.0	3.080	ł.	0.390	0.000	1.	0.000			
City Victorianie Induktion Case Value Value No.	k KTW (Adjacent to Mula) 0.520 10 Nos.) 0.1 Nos.) 10 Nos.) 1.1 20 11 Nos.) 1.1 20 11 May and System (U/S Patitran Dam) 1.1 20 11 Magurit (A 259) 1.1 20 10 (C A 250) 0.400 10 (C A 165) 1.7 95 10 (D heneand (C A 166)) 1.7 95	2.080 106.600 19.610 12.17 3.24(11.49)	G.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	28.380	28,380	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	2.838	Geted	0.000	28.380	t			I.	0.000			
Method 113 Name Used 103 Name Name <th< td=""><td>l of (G) 1.120 kwadi System (US Paithan Dam) 1.120 biapuri (CA 283 83) 1.660 ul (CA 259) 1.360 ul (CA 42) 1.360 ngi (CA 176.3) 1.795 Dheraand (CA 196.) 1.795</td><td>106.600 19.610 12.170 3.240</td><td>0.000</td><td>2.600</td><td>2.080</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>0.390</td><td>gated/mgated</td><td>0.000</td><td>2.600</td><td>N.A.</td><td>N.A.</td><td>× ż</td><td></td><td>N.A.</td></th<>	l of (G) 1.120 kwadi System (US Paithan Dam) 1.120 biapuri (CA 283 83) 1.660 ul (CA 259) 1.360 ul (CA 42) 1.360 ngi (CA 176.3) 1.795 Dheraand (CA 196.) 1.795	106.600 19.610 12.170 3.240	0.000	2.600	2.080	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	0.390	gated/mgated	0.000	2.600	N.A.	N.A.	× ż		N.A.			
Marken Band, Bart (Street (Stre	kwadi System (U/S Paithan Dam) hapuri (CA 283 83) (U(CA 259) (CA 259) (CA 120) Bgi (CA 1763) Dabeana (CA 1965) 1.795	19.610 12.170 3.240	0.000	107.720	107.650			14.581		0.000	107.720								
International condition 100	mapuri (A 283 83) 1.660 u(CA 259) 1.360 u(CA 259) 0.400 (CA 42) 0.400 Bg(CA 153) 1.795 Dateman (CA 165) 1.960	12.170	0.000																
Mile Mile <th< td=""><td>MCCA 22) (CA 22) DB(CA 176.3) DB(CA 176.3) DA(CA 196.3) 1.795 1.795 1.930</td><td>3.240</td><td>0000</td><td>21.270</td><td>22.130</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>5.360</td><td>Ungated</td><td>80.0</td><td>21.270</td><td>2043.150</td><td>0.000</td><td>2.560</td><td>V Z</td><td>V V</td></th<>	MCCA 22) (CA 22) DB(CA 176.3) DB(CA 176.3) DA(CA 196.3) 1.795 1.795 1.930	3.240	0000	21.270	22.130	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	5.360	Ungated	80.0	21.270	2043.150	0.000	2.560	V Z	V V			
Marcine Marcine <t< td=""><td>ngi(CA 176.3) 1.795 Daheaann (CA 196) 1.930</td><td>11.49</td><td></td><td>1052.61</td><td>050.61</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>Not Surveyed</td><td>011.0</td><td>Ungutod</td><td></td><td>OCC CI</td><td>1924 000 607 000</td><td>0.110</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	ngi(CA 176.3) 1.795 Daheaann (CA 196) 1.930	11.49		1052.61	050.61	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	011.0	Ungutod		OCC CI	1924 000 607 000	0.110						
Ball (GA) (CA (51)) 130 1100 <td>Daheoaon(CA 196)</td> <td></td> <td>100001</td> <td>13.290</td> <td>13.300</td> <td>Not Surveyed</td> <td>Not Surveyed</td> <td>4.926</td> <td>Geted</td> <td>11.490</td> <td>1.795</td> <td>1296.300</td> <td>0.930</td> <td>0.450</td> <td>NA.</td> <td>٧N</td>	Daheoaon(CA 196)		100001	13.290	13.300	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	4.926	Geted	11.490	1.795	1296.300	0.930	0.450	NA.	٧N			
atif (5) (3). (5) (5) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3		11.470	0,000	13.400	15.100	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	5.410	Geted	11.470	1.930	2000.000	0.760	0.340	× ×	N N			
mill (1, 5, 5/32) 3.10 N.A	adi(CA 141) 2.340	9.420	0.000	11 760	12,760	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	2.850	Unsated	0,000	11.760	1414 000	0.220	0.937	V X	VN N			
Million: 9.17 9.49 0.00 Ioution 2.111 Ungrat 0.00 Ioution /- MA	ana Takli (CA 574.82) 2.310	37.060	0.000	39.360	44.220	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	6.969	Geted	34.190	5.170	3271 000	2.100	3.950	N.A.	V.N			
Mill (ki, ki) 0.00 41.00 60.00 41.00 40.00 0.000 40.00 0.000	l MI(State) 9.717	94.942	0000	104.660	103.488	Not Surveyed	Not Surveyed	25.111	Unrated	0.000	104.660		. 1		N.A.	N.N.			
0.172 1.12	MI (L.S.) in Upper	44 000	000	44 000	44 000	Not Successful	Not Surrend	0000	lheated	000	14 000	0000		800	4 2	2			
Address LS II State <	al- 172																		
Old 1131 3.4.407 3.84.71 3.84.81 3.84.	thagavan LIS II Mcum)				85.000														
understand 296417 336669 33360 333.101 535.101 105500 231.466 103500 64.4300 64.140 NA 117 Neuron 117 Neuron 117 Neuron 110 Neuron 110 Neuron 1004.431 1174.706 64.414 1174.706 64.414 1174.706 1004.600 1014.60 1014 <td>l of (H) U/s of Paithan Dam 21.512</td> <td>243.40</td> <td>7 0.000</td> <td>264.910</td> <td>357.478</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>57.256</td> <td></td> <td><i>57.15</i>0</td> <td>207.755</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	l of (H) U/s of Paithan Dam 21.512	243.40	7 0.000	264.910	357.478			57.256		<i>57.15</i> 0	207.755								
with dim 21774.00 733.106 21774.00 20000 187.000 187.000 187.000 101.900 63.710 NA 30.000 mapsed LIS (15.77 Meam) 2014.0 2000.0 1867.000 1867.000 1867.000 101.900 63.710 NA 30.000 mapsed LIS (15.77 Meam) 2015.0 2000.0 1867.000 100.900 187.000 101.900 63.710 NA 30.000 mapsed LIS (15.77 Meam) 2000.0 1867.000 1867.000 100.900 101.900 63.710 NA 30.000 mapsed LIS (15.77 Meam) 2000.0 100.900 197.000 101.900 63.710 NA 30.000 mapsed LIS (15.77 Meam) 2000.0 1867.000 1867.000 101.500 101.500 0.01.90 0.01.90 (17.7600.000.000.000.000 100.900.000 1966.000 1966.000 191.500 191.500 191.500 0.01.50 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.000 191.500 100.500 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.01.90 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0	1d Total (A to H) 296.417	1 3336.69	9 33.980	3633.101	4556.115			420.641		1098.000	2513.689								
(jingur US) (45.7) Mcan) (jingur US) amhaywan US) amhaywan US) (jingur US) jingur US) (jingur	han dam 21774.00 738.106	1 2170.93	5 381.700	2909.041	2618.590	1 MC 509.000	1867.000	664.830	Geted	2098.000	810.650	(00.02181	101.940	63.710	٧N	50.000			
amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren 131 Moruni 1137.050 Moruni amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren 177 Moruni 177 Moruni amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren amortano amiliaren amortano amiliaren amiliaren amiliaren af Toul Including Patitan dam 1044333 307.644 43.660 amiliaren af Toul Including Patitan dam 104433 S07.644 13.73.05 amiliaren af Toul Including Patitan dam 0.05.61.11 13.73.05 amiliaren amiliaren	ijnapur LIS I (45.77 Mcum)												;						
37 Mourul SI 37 Mouruls II 37 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 37 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mourul II 101 Mouruls II 100 Mouruls II 100 Mouruls II 111 Mouruls II 111 Mourul II 101 Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II 111 Mourul II 101 Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II 111 Mourul II 101 Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II 111 Mourul II 111 Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II Mouruls II	ramhagavan LIS 1 518 Mcum)						-												
I(1) 26 Mean and advised if the reason record advised if the record if record advised if record	ajnapur LIS 11 377 Mcum)																		
rer contain line on Rearrow line of Rea	I (137 265 Mcum)																		
Indicated many and training Paintan dam 1034533 5507454 13.6600 642.123 774.705 1064.871 104433 5507454 13.6600 334.359 1054.671 1044.139 1054.071 1044.139 1054.071 1054.071 1054.071 1054.0710	nctioned individual lifts on Reservoir iver over and shows Period																		
Ind Total Including Paithen dam 1034.523 5507.634 415.660 642.142 717.705 106.477 106.477 106.477 106.477 106.47	ing (64.88 Mcum)																		
Rentrices (B.C. Kunji'r) (Gadaveri Marier Andread Ingation 103 C. Lan Annotana Marethrad Ingation	nd Total including Paithan dam 1034.523	3 5507.63	4 415.680	6542.142	7174.705			1085.471		3196.000	3324,339								
CB.C. KUNJIY) CB.C. KUNJIY) Godavari Marathweda Imigation			08	13			in the second se		P		Level .					•			
	•	•	J	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	, ba	U U	ہ ٹدر ی ن		S	م م	odavari M	arathwoda	UTOR Irrigation	Ţ					
									and the second sec				2						
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	100% dep	90% dup	75% dep	SO% dep	Average	Year of Shudy	(Design)	100% dep	90% dap	75% dep	SO% dep	Average	(unine)	100% data	90% dep	75% dage	SON dep	Average	Deta period
2	~		5	\$			7	9	=	2	:		+		:				
t system						,						-		•			6	8	ñ
dehal Medium		-		005.61		× z	9073				005.61		0,000	0/7	2.860	3910	14.280	063.02	1991 to 2012
Dam (Designed for Detectability)	328 670	419.350	696.500	822.600	811.690	6661	00 00 00	328.670	050.614	696.500	822.600	811,690	0,000	069 852	408.670	ONC ITA	74.65	01 1 JU	
ara system																			
dardara Dam (CA																			
60	289.367	433.270	480.160	546.450	547.590	6661	90	289.367	433.270	480.160	546.450	547.590	0.000	237.700	317.630	349.020	447.330	17.00	1976-2012
202 21)	N.N	۲v	598.820	693.480	702.790	6661	90E121	NA.	N.A.	176.920	271.580	068'082	0000	005.001	268.500	304,200	341.020	275.740	1982 to 2012
Na Dam	٩N	34,430	42.470	56.920	56.920	9961	90 90	Y N	34,430	42.470	\$6.920	55.920	0,000	7250	15.710	22.340	33.780	35,080	1991 to 2012
apur (CA 154 00)	۲. Z	ΝY	N.A.	35.680	38.510	0461	00(-0	N.N.	N A	VN.	35,680	33.510	0000	5.406	10.222	13 790	23 490	1211	CIUC LLOI
Worr	420130	677 300	770.430	944.460	1046.130	1966	796-380	0,000	0,000	0.000	147.580	249.250	0000	45.220	39.650	206 CBD	an Am		10% - 1001
gapur System																			
11CA (59 94)	35.440	41.900	59.930	68.060	72.570	2009	0000	35,440	41.900	59.930	68.060	72.570	0000	VN.	NA	NA	N		
terms CroodevarrisCA	17.000	30.000	44.500	53.000	\$5.620	1985	0000	17.000	30.000	44.500	\$3.000	55,620	0000	32,180	38.620	61 290	1	0114	
api (CA 46 lu)	8,960	28 920	49.770	59.600	34.920	1985	8 394	2.060	22.020	42.870	52.700	24.020	0.000	26.150	47,100	44.750	81 F8	1940	17006
apur	118.930	163.100	214.850	295.910	284.580	1954		118.930	163.100	214.850	295.910	284.560	0000						
4	6.970	23.320	42.200	50.770	51.890	1974	0000	6.970	046.42	42 200	50.770	51.890	0000	20.218	25.67	30.270	CAL 142	44.74	100-2012
A System																			
r Kadwa																			
	56.480	71.730	85.740	105.520	130.540	6461	09-10	52.720	67.970	81,980	101.760	126.780	0000						
a system															New York	619701	BAC'DC1	812.861	2000-2012
eli (CA 25 40)														Ī					
(CA 50.50)																			·
(CA 32 50)																			
1 (CA 404 001	273 790	463.210	\$96.517	709.440	686.120	1906-1926	0.000	273.790	463.210	596.517	739.440	C86.120	0000	10					
2	87.753	148.465	191.191	227.385	219.910	1979	0.000	87.753	148.465	161.161	227.385	219.910	0000		With L		656.160	712.002	1976-2012
evi (Designed for Dependability)	19.380	29 220	31.560	42.150	44.270	6661	0,20	001.61	28.970	016.16	41.900	000.14	000		NOC')	ADDO: EN L	OW.CEL	0/1961	1994-2012
Weir {		;	-										1 000	28.74	30.84*	87.50	69.683	76.630	2003-2012
Veir (Virgin)			2004.000				2261.600						244	197.763	575.25.	94/2199	865.250	1345.778	1976-2012
bed system																			
ijwan (248)	۲N	¥ Z	173.300	٧N	N A	1966	12.816	۲N	۷N	160.484	V N	NN		57.140	81.0	114 000	144 440		
(119) bat	۷N	۲N	92.880	NN	VN.	1966	2.20	V N	V.V.	\$7.620	N N	NN		10 200	5415	1 630	0.01		
gaon (56)														4420	42.5 4	417			71 01 14/1
thed (182- ting C.A. of gron)	4 7	∢ Z	92.310	¥ N	YN	1966	23.630	۲ ۲	V N	016:89	۲N	۲ ۲		20.810	24,156	OCTEE	55.730	6.4.9	1981 In 12
red system (275)	206.711	297.324	444.570	571.995	668.271	1966	166.550	39.761	130.374	277.620	405.045	1251145	0.00	17,330	21.15	29.840	64.320	M2/21	1081 to 12
eed (virgin)														182,190	223.31C	267,000	326.340	371 306	
aon system	۲ Z	≺ Z	¥ X	25.620	< N	1993	0.£35	۲N	۲ z	۷N	24.785	VK.	0000	0.50	3.04K	6.800	9200	162.0	1907 to 12
Kwadi System																			
onapurt	0.400	007 C	20.930	29.390	33.970	1976	3.510	2.950	055.11	17.020	25.400	30.060	905.1	4,230	5.960	120	10.250	6.120	1964-2012
			\$19.7	4.520	5.160	1937	0.080	0.226	1,244	2.874	4.520	2.160	9000	0.000	a se				
										and the second s					-		- 010,4		

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Ammenue -2 Laformation about availability of yinid at varieue lecutions in Upper Gederrert (up to Puthana dum) sub-havin 104

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					Average Data pariod	-			1.200 1998-2012	1 417 1006 1017	7107-844	5.310 1982-2017		45.950 2006-2012		2102-5261 000-0077
•			od Net Yield				<u>e</u>		M7.0	4536		10.740	22, 92	080.4C	2012 120	
				1			=	1		CC; 1		50.9	23 65	N77	116.530	
				SOM AL			5	0.000		000'0		100.4	15.300		528.790	
				100%	-		2	0.000		0000			10.580		122.050	
		Former	2	Į	ļ		2	0.00		070 N	0.00		0,000		025.EM	
				Avange			I	13,430	1 A B B		C063		600'16	100 ADA	2080900	
		TION (Dening)				:	2	14.660	17 000		16.830		63.521	3764 000	2000.000	
	and the second se	wa inoneni ha	1.1.1		·	2		10.950	12.750		9,530		74.059	2296.020		
	- THE HAN		ank Am			=	1000	R	9.200		3.800	~~~~	3	1481.000		
			1004 day			0	0.0		0000	1 10.0	4.49V	0.00		00(-0		
	Planned u/s	telilisetime				•	0.000		0.00	0.000		165,15		3270.000		
			Year of Study			**	1992	1001	744	1960		1976		5861		
		[Avarage			~	008.21	16.050		£.900		142.540	ADGE AND	020-000		
indiana and dama's	T) was ned have	Cree AL	den une			•	14.660	17.020		I6.830		113.052	6634 000			
I Virtitin Vich meh		15% den			4		10.950	12.760		9.500	04.72	0.00.01	5566,000			
Annua		90% dep	-		4		066.1	9.200		2.800	43 070	A.A.C.	4751.000			
		100% dep			~	0000		0.000		7 100	41.630		3184.000			
- Martic CH 1 Jach					~	4 Naranyi		5 Bor Dahegaon	6 Ambadi		7 Shivana Takli		8 Javakwadi dam			

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Codavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad. N. N. N.

		I	Anne	Kure -3								·						
		laform	stion about	t Water Reg	uirement (1	Jemand) fri	lin various]	Reservoirs /	' Dams (Mi	ajor & Medi	um nroiacte							
Sr.No	Name of Dami	Live Storage		Planned I	rrightion				,			u upper Go	davari (uj	to Paitha	a dam) sul	b-basin		
	System	excluding Silt			NSH UOMBRIN	0	Annual no	n-irrigation	demands (Sanctioned)			ľ	-			A II P	Igures in Mm3)
		(As per Survey,						Industrial	Hydro	Mandatory	Total NI	NI provision		uen Evano	ration Los	ş		Contingency
-			Kharif	Rabi	MH	Annual			power	demand		in Project	Kharif	Rabi	мн	Annual I	Total Annual	Rural Domestic
- -	2	3	4	~	9	6	•		!	(film II)		Report			:		Water Use	Kequirment
A .	Mula system						•	~	=	=	A11	11B	2	<u>ا</u>		:		
- 0	Mandohal	8.78(1 4.31(7.410	000	11 770	000 1						!		ŧ	2	15A	16
7	Mula Dam					11.14	062.1	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.230	0.000	N.A	N A	V N			
		579.090	168.44(400.600	0.000	1 560 M	020 20									1.430	13.150	N. A.
	Sanctioned Kharif Util		20.72(6		10,000	N7.04	060.61	0000	0.000	110.360	59.120				76 460		2.83Collector's
	on Keservoir and River															004-01	/04.010	Keservation
	Dianning																	
	9																	
	Total (A)	587.870	193.470	408 010										•••				
8	Pravara system			DIA DAL	0.00	380.760	96.500	15.090	0.000	0.000	111.590	59.120	0000					
-	Bhandardara Dam	298 420	117 000	110 000								0.41.00	B	0.00	0.00	77.880	717.760	
7	Nilwande	778 750	0/10/1	139.800	164 300	421.900	43.330	23.427	0.000	0000	121 23	0000		-+				
	Sanctioned Kharif Util on	DC1.077	101.621	197.860	0000	326.020	13.150	0000	WO U		101.00	000.0	AN	AN	AN	12.740	434 640	1 064
	Bhandaradara & Nilwande		52.089	0.000	0.000	52.089		222	3	0.00	13.150	13.150	NA	NA	AN	12,600	351 770	400 0
	Reservoir and Pravara River																211100	0,000
	upto Uzer weir over and	_											_					
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Adhala Dam	27.610	13.190	13.450	8 970	35 610												
	Manchoned Kharif Util on		5.799	0.000		010.00	97C.C	0.000	0.00	0.000	3.324		AN	NN N				
<u> </u>	Adhala River over and above				2000	661.0									V	3.120	38.730	0.000
<u></u>	roject planning								_									
4	3hojapur	01001	0,000					-										
SE	Shoiapur Flood canale	010.01	0.900	8.380	0.000	9.340	2.290	0000	0000	0000					_			
	ntal of R		7.117	0.000	0.000	7.117		20012	30.0	000.0	2.290		0.270	0.440	0.650	1360	10.700	000 0
c		060.000	325.115	359.490	173.270	857.875	A00 CA	22 127	0000						+-		3	0.030
	Jaugapur System							174.07	0.00	0.000	85.521	13.150	0.270	0.440	0.660	010 00		
- 6	LIKWI	60.020													200.0	070.67	835.840	
7	rautami Godavari	52.900	13.900				010.00					35.000	-	+-				
12	achan!			30.400	8.600	52 900	010.02	0000	0.000	0.000			0.000	0.000	0000	1 690	45.210	
<u>.</u>	Idalica	51.750	7.670	7.850	3.200		18.670	0000	0000	0000	20.810				3		54 580 A	/U Kes.by
÷						18.720				0000	18 670	33.960	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.630		.98 Resv. hv
4	angapur	159.420	0000	77 760	01010				 		0/0/01		+	+			55.310 C	olle.
5 A	landi system	27.470	016.6	7 010	017.17	148.970	67.540	55.560	0.000	0.000	123,100	7 820	1 020				10	8.48 Resv.by
0	anctioned Kharif Util		29.520			21.820	0000	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.063	000-	NO0.C	2.030	8.780	17.810	169.610 Cc	olle.
5 6	I ACSETVOIT and River												5	V	AN	2.850	40.670 -	
<u>, 1</u>	anning															·		
T.	otal of C	151 560																
		INCOLO	01.000	143.920	83.010	258.410	107.020	55.623	U DOD	0000			-					
									1.1.1	10000	102.643	71.790	3.860	9.030	8.780 3	¢ 180	1005 325	
																101.0	302.580	

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	16		3.40 Reser. By Colle. For 2012-	2						38.700	0.99 Res By Colle.	5.66 Resv. by	Colle.									-					
	15 A	17.180		80.696	1010	9/2.16	8.780	18.640	12.850	47.910	102.460		07/.67	445.050				442.240						0.000			1107 650
	15	3.350		10.270	007 01	020.01	8.780	5.320	12.850	21.670	28.060	000 9	00.0		<u> </u>			<u> </u>							 1		81.680
	14			9000 F	000 0	200.0	3.760	2.300	4.760		8.930	1 160	AC+-1												÷-		21.200
	13		100	3.480	2 400	004-0	3.200	1.890	5.520		10.870	050 C	300.7														23.540
-	12			06/.£	2 700	2	1.810	1.130	2.570		8.260	1 480	201-1		+							-					15.250
	118	0.000	0.600	mon	U KAA	2		0.000			72.160																• 72.160
	VII	0.000	1000	000.01	18 000			0.000		61.441	22.280	12 300															96.021
		0.000		000	0.000			0000		0.000	0.000	0000															0.000
	10	0.000		200	0.000			0.00		0000	0.000	0.000			•		-				-						0.000
	<u>م</u>	0.000	0000	200	0.000			0.000		7.137	2.600	12.180															21.917
		0.000	18 000		18.000			0.00	10012	54.304	19.680	0.120															74.104
	•	13.830	69.826		83.656		000	13.320	000.0	70.240	2.240	24.720			445.050					442.240							953.810
ŀ	0	1.370	3.670		5.040		0.000	2.530	0.000	0.948	0.430	2.640			84.560				100 000	nez.nnt							196.358
•	n	9.510	35.620		45.130	0000	0.000	0.250	14 610	14 012	1.160	15.110			231.430				000 370	080.042							515.639
	4	2.950	30.536	1.173	34.659	000 0	0.000	00000	5.675	7/0.2	0.650	6.970			129.060				05 800	inn.ce			8.045				249.857
•	•	13.690	47.780		61.470		60.760	70.570	010.01	0	204.980	32.090	7.270		÷		and the second se										627.900
	Kadwa System	Upper Kadwa	Kadwa	Sanctioned Kharif Util on Reservoir and River over and above Project planning	Total of D	Darna system Rham	Bhawali	Waki	Darana		Mukane	Waldevi	NM WEIR	a) N M Express canal Mukane-111.70 Bham-	66.28, Bhawali-28.09	Waki-57.72, Free catch- 181.25		b) Godavari canals	27.47. Dama-203.85	Mukane-61.43, Waldevi-	16 14, Gautami Godavari-	52.90, Free catchment-69.75	Sanctioned Kharif Util	on Reservoir and River	over and above Project	planning	Total of E
and and	• •		-	7		ш Ш	2		4		5	6	-										80				

														on Fvano	ration Loss	4		Contingency
Sr.No	Name of Dam/ System	Live Storage excluding Silt		Planned Irr	igation use	<u>.1</u>	Annual non Domestic	Industrial	Hydro N	Mandatory	Total NI	NI provision in Project	Kharif	Rahi	. M H	Annual	Total Annual	Rural Domestic Requirment
		(As per Survey)	Kharif	Rahi	MH	Annual	nse	nsc	bower	(if any)		Report					Water Use	
-	2	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4	5	9	2	∞	6	01	11	11A	11B	12	13	14	15	15A	16
노	Palkhed system								0000		501.1					16.990	200,70	0.425 Resv. by
-	Karanjwan	152.090	2.810	5.120	0.000	7.930	0000	c01-1	0.000	0.00		000.0					20.022	Colle. 3.54 Resv. by
	Wachad	70.840	12.310	26.900	0.000	010.05	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.000				7.080	46.290	Colle.
•	w agirau		3 510	072 91	000 0	017.60	0.000	000.0	0.00	0000	0.000	0.000				2.240	22.090	0.014 Resv. by Colle.
1	3 Punegaon	0/0/1	010.0	0+0.01	0.00 0	19.850				_								4.25 Resv. by
7	1 Ozarkhed	60.320	19.420	41.680	0.000	61.100	3.199	0.250	0.000	0.000	3.449	1.270				8.270	72.819	Colle. 22 R5 Reev hv
1, 1,	5 Palkhed	21.240	79.620	167.150	4.930	251.700	23.100	4.952	0.000	0.000	28.052	19.380				8.100	287.852	Colle.
	Sanctioned Kharif Util																	
~	on Reservoir and Rive lover and above Project	t 1	19.810															
	planning															3 200		0.71Resv. by
	7 Tisgaon	12.760	3.440	6.120	0.000	9.560	0.920	0000	0.000	0000	0.920					2	13.68(Colle.
	8 Sanctioned Kharif Ut	1	0.640															
	on Reservoir and Rive																	
	planning										100	037.00		. 000 0	000 0	45,880	468.75	
1	Total F	334.820	141.560	1 263.310	4.930	389.350	27.219	6.307	0.000	0.000	970.66	000.02	0.00	200.0	20010			
o	U/s of Jayakwadi					00000												
	Bramhgavhan LIS II					010 21	0.560	1 010	0000	000.0	2.470	0.560	1.250	1.760	2.350	5.360	24.04	0.000
	Tembhapuri	19.61	3.460)(/.71	0.00	012.01	0.250	0000	0000	0.000	0.350	0.000	1.245	1.742	0.783	3.770	13.88	0.000
	Dheku	12.17(1.340	9.421	0.000	20/.2	0.544	0000	0000	0.000	0.544	0.000	0.247	0.767	0.653	1.667	4.62	0.000
	Kolhi	3.24(166.0	1.10	010.0	2117 0 117	3710	1 590	0.000	0.000	5.300	5.300	1.086	2.600	1.900	5.586	13.30	0.000
	Narangi	NC.11	10 0.134	107.7		0 45	0.232	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000	1.60	2.800	1.008	8 5.411	15.09	0.000
	Bor Dahegaon	11.4/(70.7	10C./ C		00100	1 82(0000	0.000	0.000	1.820	0.000	0.82	1.069	0.954	4 2.85(14.58	0.00
	Ambadi	9.42		10/ 77 10		33 46	3 701	0000	0.000	0.000	3.791	3.791	2.13(3.550	1.28	6.96	44.22	0.00
	Shivana Takli	5/.00			10 0 17	169 63	11 00	3 500	0.000	0.000	14.507	9.651	8.38	3 14.288	8.93	6 31.61	2 129.74	3
	Total G	104.47	0 10.80	1 00.44	01C-N	100.04	~~~									[

Contingenc y Rural	Domestic equirment		16		0.00	0.000	0.00	5 2 6
Ĕ	Total Annual F	Water Use	15A		2058.710	560.000	2618.710	
		Annual	15		664.830	0.000	664.830	
oration Losses		ž .	14		290.600	0.000	290.000	
Design Evap			13		150.780	00000	150.780	
	9	Khani	12		224.050	0.000	224.050	
	NI provision in Project	Кероп	11B		0.000	0.000	0000	
	Ţotal NI		11A		443.95)	00.0	443.95)	
(Sanctioned)	Mandatory demand	(if any)	11		0.000	0.000	0.000	
demands	Crb (H pewer		0:		3.000	3.000	000°C	1. 1. 1. N. W.
n- irrigation	Industrial use		6		160.750	0.000	160.750	1. N. 18 135
Annual no	Domestic use		80		283.200	0.000	283.200	0.10x480.00
:		Annual	-		1393.880	560.000	1953.880	12.5 × 1.1 × 1.2 × 1.2 ×
rigation use		мн	0		250.500	124.492	374.992	1288-1-12-1-12-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Planned Ir		Rabi	5		0 895.730	148.508	1 1044.238	Street CARLS States
		Kharif	4		247.650	287.000	534.650	1. 1. 1. A. 1. 1.
Live Storage excluding Silt	(As per Survey)		Р		1867.000	0.000	1867.000	A CONTRACTOR OF
Name of Dam/ System			2	Paithan DAM	Jaykawdi Project	Feeding to Majalgaon	Total H	Cuand Total
Sr.No						1		





EXECULIVE DIRECTOR Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad.

		Actual water supplied in 2011. 12 (Mcum)		6			26.080		0.360		0.390	0.070	2.860	1.090	0.500	1.320		0.380	0.060	0.440		0.000	0.270	0000	0.000	1.280	0.400		0.440
	Ē	Transit losses if any (Mcum)		∞																									
	than Dam) Snh-hae	Source of supply (Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)		7			Reservior		Canal		Canal	Canal	Keservior	Reservior	Canal	Reservior	-	Canal	Canal	Canal	-	vanal	Acservior	Veservior	Keservior	anal	Reservior		
	Godavari (upto Pai	Annual water requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)		6		40.640	17.390		1.090		0.420		056.1	2.370	0.900	4.470	0.510	010.0	0.440	1.680	376 0	1.61.0		1660.0	0.0141	060.1	6.070	1 040 1	
-4	rojects in Upper	Total population		S		20000	100000		8500	17000	5000	35000	00000	00001	10000	55000	20000		2000	33000	\$500	45000	7500	1000	15000	00001	60000	25000	
Annexure	1 Major and Medium p	Name of Towns and No. of villages		t		Ahmednagar	Ahmednagar & 7	V IIIAGES	Nanuri	Wambori	Sade Pimpri - 2	Rahuri	Denlali Pravara	Rahiri	Randon Manda 0	Daragaon Nangur &	Sonai	Shani Shinonanur	Bhanda V tona	Villages	Umbre	Miri & 23 Villages	Brahmani	Mokal Ohal	Musalwadi & 0	Villages	Burhan Nagar & 7 Villages	Kuranwadi & 19	Village
	I non-irrigation demands from	Name of Scheme	6			Ahmednagar	M. I. D.C. Ahmednagar	Mahatma Phule Krishi	/idyapeeth, Rahuri	Vambori	lade Pimpri	tahuri	Jeolali Pravara	lahuri Sugar Factory	saragaon Nandur Regional	10101901 10000	onai	hani Shingnapur	henda Kukana		mbre	firi Regional	rahmani	fokal Ohol	lusalwadi Regional		urhannagar Regional	uranwadi Regional	
. Alata	Name of Dam/system		2) Mula System	omestic Use :	[ula	lula	ula h	<u> </u>	ula II	ula	ula	ula	ula	ula		ula	ula	ula			ula	ula	ula N	ula M		lla B	lla K	
	Sr. No.			V	A) D	<u>X</u>	<u>N</u>	3 M		4 2	<u>Σ</u> ;	9 0	M M	8 8	6 W		10 WI	Ŵ II	12 Mi		13 13	14 Mi	15 Mi	16 Mt	17 ML		18 Mt	· 19 · Mr	

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	Detaile		Annexure	4				
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	or non-irrigation demands from	n Major and Medium p	rojects in Upper	Godavari (unto Dai	then Daily of the		
- <u></u>		Iname of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of and		
	_		No. of villages	population	requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	I ransit losses if anv (Menm)	Actual water
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	2	,			,			
20	Milla	,	4	5	4			
		bnalwani Kegional	Bhalwani & 13 Villages	45000	1.330	Reservior	∞	6
21	Mula	Wasunde Regional	Wasunde & 5	15000				
22	Mula		Villages		0.400	Keservior		0.000
		Kanjangaon Devi Regional	Ranjangaon & 4 Villages	15000	0.450	Reservior		0.000
73	Mula	Chanda Regional	Chanda & 5 Villages	30000	0.840	Canal		
24 N	Mula	Deogaon						.000.0
25 N	Aula	Khedleparmanand Docional	Deugaon	8000	1.010	Canal		
		reaction intertained we will be a second and the second se	KhedleParmanand&	3000	1.210	Reservior		0.000
26 N	Aula	Sonai Karaigaon Regional	Come 6 17 111					
27 N	Aula	Emergency	Sonal & 16 Villages	35000	1.870 F	Reservior		
		Total of Doctors				anal		0.000
		U LOUAL OF DOMESTIC			ALC NO			0.680
		I) Keservoir						43.780
) Canal			86.435		0.000	39.620
	ndustrial Use :				8.835		17.680	4.160
<u>2</u>	1ula II	Dnyaneshwar Sugar Factory						
N 7	1ula	Aula Sugar Factory			0.450 C	anal		0.400
r N	1 Iula	/ruddheshwar Sugar Factory			2.120 C	anal		0.160
4 M	[ula				0.360 C	anal		0.080
S N		1. I. D. C. Anneonagar						
<u> </u>	L	Juyaneshwar Distilery			V DOD'C	coci vior		2.400
	ula	ahuri Sugar Factory			0.290 C	anal		0.000
M V	ula	ahuri Paper Mill			0.990 C	anal		0.410
× ×	ula	adala Cement Factory		_	3.020 R	eservior		0000
א א וי	ula	aper Mill Sonai			0.010 C	anal	+	
10 M	ula D	myaneshwar Co - Elec.		-+	1.640 C	anal		
_	II) Total of Inductrial			0.410 C	anal		0.000
					15.090			0.040
							12.540	3.490

H-IEinel Data Circle

	Detaile	of non-irritation demands from	Maiow and Median	4				
- M0				ojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	u	
01. NO.	INAME OF LAIN/System	Name of Scheme	Name of Lowns and No. of villages	T otal population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if	Actual water sumplied in 2011.
)		(sanctioned)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
					(Mcum)			
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6
		a) Reservoir			8.820		0000	2.400
		b) Canal			6.270		12.540	1.090
		Total (I+II)						
		a) Reservoir			95.255			42.020
		b) Canal			15.105			5.250
		Total of Non-Irrigation For Mu	ıla System		110.360		12.540	47.270
	B) Pravara System							
A)	Domestic Use :							
		Akole Taluka						
-	Bhandardara		Akole-1	15290	0.220	River		0.198
5	Bhandardara	Akole Extended	Akole Extended	, , ,	0.943	River		
ε	Bhandardara	Grampanchayat Rajur	Rajur-1	16000	0.220	River		0.166
4	Bhandara	Rajur Supplimentery	Rajur Supplimentery		0.185	River		
5	Bhandardara	Kendrashala, Kalas	Kalas-1	500	090.0	River		0000
9	Bhandardara	Grampanchayat Kalas Bk.	Kalas Bk-1	3641	0.063	River		0.056
٢	Bhandardara	Shendi Pimpalachi Wadi	Shendi-2	1841	0.007	River	-	0.012
8	Bhandardara	Murshet	Murshet-1	5540	0.018	Reservoir		0.000
6	Bhandardara	Lohgaon	Lohgaon	7446	0.130	River		0.000
10	Bhandardara	Murshet, Panjare, Uddavane	Murshet-3	5540	0.060	River		0.000
=	Bhandara	Mutkhel	Mutkhel-1	1163	0.035	Reservoir	-	0.000
12	Bhandardara	Unchkhadak Kd.	Unchkhadak Kd.	1191	0.084	River		0.075
13	Bhandardara	Kohandi	Kohandi-1	1178	0.028	River		0.025
14	Bhandardara	Titavi Ladgaon	Titavi-2	3883	0.120	River		0.000
15	Bhandardara	Guhire, Ranad, Telangan	Guhire	2678	0.109	River		0.000
16	Bhandardara	Chichondi, Bondarwadi	Chichondi-2	3362	0.088	Reservoir		0.292
17	Bhandardara	Waki, Manhere	Waki-2	3463	0.214	River		0.000
18	Bhandardara	Chitalwedhe	Chitalwedhe-1	968	0:030	River		0.027
19	Bhandardara	Lavhalwadi, Hinganwadi	Lavhalwadi-2	717	0.017	Reservoir		0.012
50	Bhandardara	Ratanwadi	Ratanwadi-1	1410	0.024	River		0.000

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Sr. No. Name of Damystem Total Total Total Annual water Source of supply 1 2 3 Annual value Total Annual water Source of supply 1 2 3 Annual value Total Annual value Supply of the annual value 1 2 3 Annual value Total Annual value Supply of the annual value 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 13/10 21 Bhandardara Bhandardara Bhandardara Source of supply Note 13/10 22 Bhandardara Gordon Villages 13/10 0.159 River Note 23 Bhandardara Gordon Villages 13/10 0.100 River Note 24 Bhandardara Gordon Villages 13/10 0.100 River Note 25 Bhandardara Gordon Villages 13/10 0.100 River Note 26 Bhandardara Manual Villages 13/11 10/10 River Note 26 Bhandardara Manual Villages 10/10 River Note 27 Bhandardara M		Datail		Annexure	4				
Instruction Name of Scheme Name of Torina and Torina Torina Metric Parama Insul Sub-handing Sub-handing Sup-handing Iosen if Anni Anni Neuron 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 No 13(1) 2 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 No 13(1) 2 1 1 2 1 <t< th=""><th>Sr. No</th><th>Name of Dom/</th><th>s of non-irrigation demands fro</th><th>m Major and Medium p</th><th>rojects in Unner</th><th>Codeword (D</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Sr. No	Name of Dom/	s of non-irrigation demands fro	m Major and Medium p	rojects in Unner	Codeword (D			
1 2 Binndarder Annu water Source of amply currenter Transit losses if service Annu (secretor) Transit losses if (secretor) Transit Transit losses if (secretor)	011.10	- Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Tours and		GODAVARI (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	ii	
1 2 Bhundardam Fequitation (ancioned) Canal date etc.) any (Menn) sequination (ancioned) (Canal date etc.) any (Menn)				No. of villages	l otal	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					population	requirement (sanctioned)	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 21 Bhandardara Katalapur & 2 Villages Katalapur & 2 Villages Katalapur & 2 Villages Katalapur & 2 Villages 1510 0.159 River 8 22 Bhandardara Pinparkane & 4 Villages Bori & 2 Villages Bori & 2 Villages 0.159 River 8 0 144 River 8 8 1 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 8 1					-	(Mcum)		-	12 (Mcum)
21 Bhandardara Katalapur & 2 Villages Kanbipur & 2 6 7 8 22 Bhandardara Bori & 2 Villages Bori & 2 Villages 981 0.159 River 7 8 23 Bhandarchara Bori & 2 Villages Bori & 2 Villages Bori & 2 Villages 0.159 River 0.159 River 8 23 Bhandarchara Bori & 2 Villages Damapur Carchan Function 0.144 River 9 24 Bhandarchara Unobhiodak Bir2 1000 0.017 River 9 9 25 Bhandarchara Unobhiodak Bir2 1000 0.144 River 9 25 Bhandarchara Unobhiodak Bir2 1000 0.017 River 9 26 Bhandarchara Wather, Parkhapur 2721 0.107 River 9 28 Bhandarchara Rumbhodi Rumbhodi 2631 0.107 River 9 29 Bhandarchara Rumbhodi Rumbhodi 2641 0.006 River 9 29 Bhandarchara Samongaon Awari 563 0.149 River 9 20 Bhandarchara Rumbhodi Rumbhodi <td< td=""><td>-</td><td>2</td><td>~</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	-	2	~						
21 Immediate Immediation Bindicture Bindicture Bindicture Name Constraine Name Name <td>21</td> <td>Bhandardara</td> <td>Katalanur & 7 Villond</td> <td>4</td> <td>S</td> <td>9</td> <td>L</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	21	Bhandardara	Katalanur & 7 Villond	4	S	9	L	•	
22 Bhandardara Bort & 2 Villages 5100 0.159 River New 23 Bhandardara Pimparkane & 4 Villages Fimparkane & 4 Vill			multiple of a lillages	Katalapur & 2 Villages	4982	0.159	River	0	6
23 Bhandardara Prinparkane & Villages Prinparkane & Villages 9100 River 0.159 River 24 Bhandardara Gardani Khampur Gardani Khampur 2688 0.144 River 25 Bhandardara Unchkhadak Bk, Jurangpur 2688 0.144 River 26 Bhandardara Unchkhadak Bk, Jurangpur 2688 0.107 River 27 Bhandardara Digambar Vashere, Parkhapur 2721 0.107 River 27 Bhandardara Digambar Vashere, Parkhapur 2721 0.107 River 28 Bhandardara Dipamageon Awari Digambar 3013 0.149 River 28 Bhandardara Dhannageon Awari Diamangeon Awari 6082 0.149 River 20 Bhandardara Nimbal Takali 3013 0.149 River 30 Bhandardara Nimbal Jangoon 1661 0.003 River 31 Bhandardara Nimbal Jangoon 1661 0.003 River 31 Bhandardara Nimbal Jangoon 1661 0.003 River 31 Bhandardara Nimbal Jangoon	53	Bhandardara	Bori & 2 Villages	Do.: 6.0 1111					0.00
All Binandardara Cardani Khampur	23	Bhandardara	Pimparkane & 4 Village	DOT & 2 VILLAGES	5100	0.159	River		
24 Blandardara Gardani Khanapur Gardani Khanapur Jone khanapur </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Villages</td> <td>2395</td> <td>0.200</td> <td>River</td> <td></td> <td>0.000</td>				Villages	2395	0.200	River		0.000
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	24	Bhandardara	Gardani Khanapur	Gardani Vhonon					
	25	Bhandardara	Unchkhadak Bk. Allranomir	I Inchlehodals Die A	2688	0.144	River		
110.107RiverNiver2BhandardaraDigambar85340.107River12BhandardaraDigambarRumbhodi30140.106River129BhandardaraDimanagon AvariDigambar85340.149River120BhandardaraRumbhodiRumbhodi30140.006River121BhandardaraJiangaon AvariJamagon Avari56820.149River131BhandardaraJiangaonJamgaon Avari36180.005River1131BhandardaraJiangaonJiangaon16610.005River1132BhandardaraSangaviJiangaon16610.005River1133BhandardaraNimbralJiangaon16610.005River1134BhandardaraNimbralJiangaon18770.006River1135BhandardaraNimbral1.18770.003River11136BhandardaraNimbralAdivasi Umati Seva5730.010River1136BhandardaraNivasi Umati Seva5730.010River11137BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, Kohane5730.010River113BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, Koha	26	Bhandardara	Washere, Parkhatmur	Ulicitkinadak BK-2	1600	0.078	River		0000
			mannum - Garage	w asnere, Parkhatpur	2721	0.107	River		0.075
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	27	Bhandardara	Diamhar					,	0000
	28	Bhandardara	Dimbrai	Digambar	8534	0.149	Diver		
	0	Rhandardouro		Rumbhodi	3014		DAVA.		0.000
		Dhardanaida	Uhamangaon Awari	Dhamangaon Awari	6082	000.0	KIVET		0.000
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Dilanuardara	Takali	Takali	3600	0.149	River		0000
	-	Bhandardara	Kalas Kd.	Kalae Kd	0000	0.063	River		
	7	Bhandara	Jamgaon	Tameson	3041	0.069	River		000.0
	m	Bhandara	Nimbral	Nimbul	1661	0.029	River		900.0
	4	Bhandardara	Sangavi	INUIDIAL	1877	0.060	River		0.000
	Ś	Bhandardara	Dhimaluradi	Sangavi	1500	0.043	River		0.054
7BhandardaraAdiwasi Unnati Seva Mandal, Adiwasi Unnati Seva Mandal, Mandal, RajurNutwande5000.096RiverNutwande8BhandardaraPadalaneMandal, Rajur 573 0.010 RiverNiverNiver9BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohanePadalane 573 0.010 RiverNiverNiver0BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohaneNavalewadiNavalewadiNiver $RiverNiverNiver0BhandardaraNavalewadiNavalewadiNavalewadi1304164.248RiverNiverNiver1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorveJorve0.020River0.020RiverNiver2BhandardaraJorve SupplimenteryJorve SupplimenteryJorve0.049River0.049Niver3BhandardaraPimparkane0.049River0.049River0.049River$	9	Bhandara	Nilwanda	Dhumalwadi	4129	0.072	River		0.056
8BhandardaraRajurAdiwasi Unnati Seva 573 0.010 River9BhandardaraPadalaneMandal, Rajur $Mandal, Rajur0.010RiverMere0BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, KohaneRiverRiverRiver0BhandardaraNavalewadiNavalewadiNavalewadi1304164.248RiverRiver1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorve1304164.248RiverRiver2BhandardaraJorveJorveJorve0.020RiverRiver3BhandardaraPimparkane28060.049RiverRiver$	1	Bhandardara	Adimoni I 1	Nilwande	500	0.096	Diver		0.072
8BhandardaraPadalanemanudai, Kajur9BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohanePadalaneRiver0BhandardaraSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, KohaneRiver0BhandardaraNavalewadiNavalewadiRiver1BhandardaraJotal Akole TalukaJorveJorve1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorve2BhandardaraJorve SupplimenteryJorve Supplimentery65030.020River3BhandardaraPimparkaneZ8060.049RiverNavalewali		1	Auiwasi Ululati Seva Mandal, Rajur	Adiwasi Unnati Seva	573	0.010	River		0.00
9BhandardaraSomalwadi, Kohaneradaane0BhandardaraNavalewadiSomalwadi, KohaneSomalwadi, KohaneRiverRiver0BhandardaraNavalewadiNavalewadiNavalewadiRiverRiverNaver1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorveJorve4.248RiverNaver2BhandardaraJorveJorve Supplimentery65030.020RiverNaver3BhandardaraPimparkaneDorve Supplimentery0.049RiverNaver	8	Bhandardara	Padalane	Dedalar, Kajur					0.000
0BhandardaraNavalewadiSounatwadi, KohaneRiverRiver1Total Akole TalukaNavalewadi1304164.248River1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorve65030.020River2BhandardaraJorve Supplimentery65030.020Riverher3BhandardaraPimparkane28060.049Riverher	- 6	Bhandara	Somalwadi. Kohane	raualane	-		River		
Image:	0	Shandara	Navalewadi	Somalwadi, Kohane			River		0.046
1Bhandardara2 and arout1 aluka1 aluka1 aluka1 aluka2BhandardaraJorveJorveJorve65030.020River3BhandardaraPimparkane28060.049River			Total Abole Telet	Navalewadi		:	River		0.049
1BhandardaraJorveJorveJorveJorveJorveMiverImage: Solution of the second of the sec			sour ANDIE LUILKA Sangamner Taluka		130416	4.248	IDAINT		0.035
2 Bhandardara Jorve Supplimentery Jorve Supplimentery 6503 0.020 River 3 Bhandardara Pimparkane 2806 0.167 River		3handardara J	Jorve						1.486
3 Bhandardara Pimparkane Jorve Supplimentery 0.167 River 0.049 River 0.049 River	н 1 2	3handardara J	Jorve Sunnlimenter.	Jorve	6503	0.020	River		
Pumparkane 2806 0.049 River	<u>н</u> Э	3handardara	Pimparbane	Jorve Supplimentery		0.167	Dive		0.136
	1			Pimparkane	2806	0.040	Diver		
			î				INVCI		0.027

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	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Mainward M. 2.	4				
Sr. N	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Id mana of Tonna of Name	rojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	than Dam) Sub-basi		
			No. of villages	Total population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)	any (Mcum)	supplied in 201 12 (Mcum)
	((
44	Rhandardara	ν. 	4	5	9		6	
		Sanganner City	Sangamner City	54000			8	6
	Bnandardara	Sangamner Extended	Sangamner Extended		5.400	River		1.851
46	Bhandardara	Chandanapuri, Zole	Chandananuei 7.12					
47	Bhandara	Vadgaon Pan	Vadraon Dan	8/10	0.300	Canal		0.067
			v augaou r au	SC/1	0.089	River		0000
48	Bhandardara	Dhandarfal Kd, Javale Kadlag	Dhandarfal Kd, Javale	9864	0.360	River		0.256
49	Bhandara	Vimeann Paga & 7 Villagon	Natiag			<u>i_</u>		0000
¢,		vinguou i aga œ / Y IIIages	Nimgaon Paga & 7 Villages	19538	0.748	River		0.000
nc.	Bhandardara	falegaon Dighe & 15 Villages	Talegaon Dighe & 15	46860	2.073	River		CT/0 C
51	Bhandardara	Samnanıır						710.7
52	Bhandardara	Vimai & 3 Villocon	Samnapur	5498	0.096	River		1010
53	Bhandardara	hikhali Mancalania	Nimaj & 3 Villages	28751	0.502	River		C01.0
		www.	Chikhali, Mangalapur	13574	0.237	River		0.234
54	Bhandardara /	'adgaon Landaga & Pimpalgaon Conzira	Vadgaon Landaga & Pimpalgaon Konzira	15269	0.267	River		000.0
55	Bhandardara	hinchpur & 6 Villages	Chinchnur & 6	21060				
22			Villages	60610	0.558	Canal		0.000
0	bhandardara P	anodi & 9 Villages	Panodi & 9 Villages	36021				
10	Bhandardara	arhe & other Villages	Karhe & other	23425	0.409	Canal River		0.308
58	Bhandardara	uran & 3 Village	V 111ages					0.000
59	Bhandardara	mhari Relenir	Kuran & 3 Villages	23425	0.409	River		
60	Bhandardara	Okandaon & A Willows	Umbari Balapur	3022	060.0	Canal		000'0
		- A IIIAges	Kokangaon & 4 Villaoes	39003	0.681	River		060.0
61	Bhandardara	shwi Bk	Ashwi Bk	0110				2
				0/47	0.253	River		0.000

		•	Annevire	Y				
	Details	s of non-irrigation demands from	Maior and Medium nr	oiects in Ilmon	Codenard (1-1-1-1-1-1)			
Sr. No	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual upto Fait	nan Uam) Sub-basi	а 	
			No. of villages	population	requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)	source of supply (Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)	I ransit losses if any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)
-								
- (7	3	4	5	6		~	0
70	Bhandardara	Ashwi Kd	Ashwi Kd	6485	0.197	Canal	>	0000
6	Bhandardara	Nilwande	Nilwande	3409	0.096	River		0000
64	Bhandardara	Gunjalwadi	Gunjalwadi	9844	0.176	River		0.000
65	Bhandardara	Devgaon	Devgaon	3814	0.067	River		7010
99	Bhandardara	Sangavi	Sangavi	2434	0.043	River		
67	Bhandardara	Velhale, Saykhindi	Velhale, Saykhindi	14548	0.754	River		0.014
68	Bhandardara	Mathurabai Thorat Trust, Ghulewadi	Ghulewadi	26613	0.084	River		0.057
69	Bhandardara	Amrutvahini sheti v vikas	Ammitvahini cheti v			i		
		sanstha, Ghulewadi	vikas sanstha,			Kiver		0.378
70	Bhandardara		Guulewadi					
2 2	Dhandandan	Savargaon 1al	Savargaon Tal	8133	0.142	River		0.000
16	Dhanuardara	Kolnewadi	Kolhewadi			River		0.072
77	bnandara	Javale Kadlag	Javale Kadlag			River		0.072
C/ 82	Bhandardara	Khandgaon	Khandgaon			River		0.041
1 t	Dilaluardara	Ghulewadi	Ghulewadi			River		0.125
27	Bhandara	Zolekar	Zolekar			River		0.067
0/	Bhandardara	Hivargaon Pavsa	Hivargaon Pavsa			River		0.067
10	Dhailuaruara	wagnapur	Waghapur			River		0.018
0/	Dianuardara	Kharadi	Kharadi			River		0.014
60	Bhandardara	Rajapur	Rajapur			River		0.031
00	bnandara	Durgapur	Durgapur	:		River		0.034
10	Bhandardara	Rayatewadi	Rayatewadi			River		0.026
78	Bhandardara	Rayate	Rayate			River		0.017
83	Bhandardara	Sukewadi	Sukewadi			River		0.010
84	Bhandardara	Dadh Bk.	Dadh Bk.	9390	0.293	Canal		0.146
		Total Sangamner Taluka		470305	16.759			6.811
		Shrirampur Taluka						

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium pr	oiects in Upper	Godavari (unto Pai	han Nam) Suh-haci		
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			No. of villages	population	requirement	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)	, ,	12 (Mcum)
-	2	3	P	Y	2	t		
85	Bhandardara	Shriramnır Naoamalika	Chrimomur				8	9
		our murphi magaina	Nagarpalika	00006	7.180	Canal		6.081
86	Bhandara	Belapur	Belapur	7852	0.400	Canal		
87	Bhandara	Belapur Bk.	Belapur Bk.	7960	0.144	Canal		
88	Bhandara	Kolhar Bk.	Kolhar Bk.	9164	0.160	Canal		C SAM
89	Bhandardara	Kolhar Bhagwatipur	Kolhar Bhagwatipur	20306	0.820	Canal		
60	Bhandara	Haregaon	Haregaon	8098	0.210	Canal		0000
16	Bhandardara	Haregaon Extended	Haregaon Extended	4868	0.085	Canal		
92	Bhandardara	Kadit, Fatyabad, Kuranpur, Galnimb, Mandave	Kadit & 4 Villages	14042	0.125	Canal		0.350
93	Bhandardara	Undirgaon, Malewadi	Undirgaon, Malewadi	12403	0.382	Canal		0.000
94	Bhandara	Enakpur	Enakpur	28522	0.498	Canal		0000
95	Bhandardara	Shirasgaon	Shirasgaon	4478	0.263	Canal		0.151
96	Bhandardara	Tisgaon	Tisgaon	7560	0.132	Canal		0.000
97	Bhandardara	Nandur Kd, & Bk.	Nandur Kd, & Bk.	11168	0.195	Canal		0.025
86	Bhandardara	Ukkalgaon	Ukkalgaon	4905	0.239	Canal		0.019
66	Bhandardara	Nipani Wadgaon	Nipani Wadgaon	13447	0.409	Canal		0.460
100	Bhandardara	Nimgaon Khairi	Nimgaon Khairi	5422	0.302	Canal		0.140
101	Bhandardara	Adgaon & Pimpari Lauki	Adgaon & Pimpari Lauki	7000	0.257	Canal		0.440
102	Bhandara	Malwadgaon, Muthegaon	Malwadgaon,	3481	0.562	. Canal		0.157
	•		Muthegaon				<u></u>	
103	Bhandardara	Bherdapur, Karegaon	Bherdapur, Karegaon	32360	0.565	Canal		0.302
104	Bhandara	Wangi, Khirdi, Gujarwadi	Wangi, Khirdi, Gujarwadi	14548	0.254	Canal		0.089
105	Bhandara	Kamalpur, Ghumandev	Kamalpur, Ghumandev	2474	0.117	Canal		0.144
							<u>uni</u>	1

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116

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from l	Major and Medium pr	ojects in Upper (Godavari (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	a	
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and No. of villages	Total population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011.
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		. 12 (Mcum)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6
106	Bhandardara	Padhegaon, Kanhegaon	Padhegaon, Kanhegaon	8386	0.955	Canal		0.201
107	Bhandardara	Sarla, Govardhanpur	Sarla, Govardhanpur	6472	0.113	Canal		0.000
108	Bhandardara	Pimpri Nirmal	Pimpri Nirmal	5466	0.168	Canal		0.067
109	Bhandardara	Umbargaon	Umbargaon	6644	0.116	Canal		0.082
110	Bhandardara	Rajuri Supplementery	Rajuri Supplementery	15349	0.268	Canal		0.022
111	Bhandara	Vadala Mahadev	Vadala Mahadev	10195	0.178	Canal		0.166
112	Bhandardara	Khokar	Khokar	10767	0.188	Canal		0.028
113	Bhandardara	Lohgaon	Lohgaon	10674	0.447	Canal		0.013
114	Bhandardara	Belapur Kd.	Belapur Kd.	14777	0.258	Canal		0.257
115	Bhandara	Ranjankhol	Ranjankhol			Canal		0.211
116	Bhandardara	Matapur	Matapur			Canal		0.024
117	Bhandardara	Takalibhan	Takalibhan			Canal		0.075
118	Bhandardara	Khirdi	Khirdi			Canal		0.048
119	Bhandardara	Ghumandev	Ghumandev			Canal		0.144
		Total Shrirampur Taluka		398788	15.990			11.025
		Rahata Taluka		-				
120	Bhandardara	Hanumantgaon	Hanumantgaon	13746	0.240	Canal		0000
121	Bhandardara	Hasnapur, Chandrapur	Hasnapur, Chandranur	5498	0.096	Canal		0.000
122	Bhandardara	Loni Bk.	Loni Bk.	16174	1 140	Canal		0.676
123	Bhandardara	Loni Bk. & Kd.	Loni Bk. & Kd.	30213	1.568	Canal		
124	Bhandardara	Babhaleshwar	Babhaleshwar	12190	0.120	Canal		0.085
125	Bhandardara	Pravara Public School,	Pravara Public		0.183	Canal		0000
		Pravaranagar	School, Pravaranagar					
126	Bhandardara	Pravara Medical Trust	Pravara Medical Trust		0.566	Canal		0.583

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			Annexure	4				
14 -0	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	1 Major and Medium p	roiects in Unner	Codononi (
N. N	D. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and		GUUAVALI (UPto Pal	than Dam) Sub-basi	ä	
			No. of villages	r otar population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / Diver	Transit losses if	Actual water
					(sanctioned)	/Canal ch. etc.)	auy (mcum)	supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)
	,				(Imicum)			
	× · · ·	°,	4	5	4	ſ		
171	bnandardara	Pravara Gramin Sanstha	Pravara Gramin		>	Canal	×	6
			Sanstha					0.428
		Total Rahata Taluka		77821.000	3 013			
100		Newasa Taluka						1.772
071	Dilandardara	Pachegaon	Pachegaon			-		
671	bnandardara	Belpimpalgaon	Belpimpalgaon		0000	Canal		0.058
		Total Newasa Taluka			0.000	Canal		0.025
		Rahuri Taluka		_	0.000			0.083
130	Bhandardara	Nimbhere Kanadoaon Tulanur	Nimbban			-		
		mapul , managaon, 1 mapul	Kanadgaon, Tulapur	6075	0.135	Canal		0.641
131	Bhandardara	Bodhgaon & 3 Villages	Bodheann & 3	17600				
)	Villages	00071	0.220	Canal		0.000
132	Bhandardara	Songaon, Satral, Dhanora	Songaon, Satral,	11508	0.272	Canal		
133	Bhandandan		Dhanora	<u></u>				165.0
		Javangaon & 6 Villages	Davangaon & 6 Villages	9551	0.538	Canal		1.015
134	Bhandardara	Kolhar Kd. Chincholi	Kolhar Vd Chinchel:				_	- 21
			NULLAR NO. CONTONI	14433	0.252	Canal		0.368
135	Bhandara	Kolhar Kd,	Kolhar Kd.	0030				
136	Bhandara	Kolhar, Chincholi	Kolhar, Chincholi	20001	0/0.0	Canal		
13/	Bhandardara	Jeolali Pravara	Deolali Pravara	17187	017:0	Canal		
138	Bhandara	ongaon, Satral, Dhanora	Songaon, Satral,	17755	0.300	Canal		0.000
001			Dhanora		0100	Canal		0.351
601	bhandardara	ampur	Rampur	13225				
140	Bhandardara	ambhere	Tambhere	4410	0.040	Canal		0.053
141	Bhandardara	Juha	Guha		//0.0	Canal		0.000
142	Bhandardara	esapur	Kesapur			Canal		0.535
		otal Taluka		127702		Canal		0.404
		irand Total of Domestic Use of	Riversherdene	14//90	2.424			3.718
				12005126	WW WAY			

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium pr	ojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	than Dam) Sub-basi		
Sr. No	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			NO. OF VIILAGES	population	requirement	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011.
					(sanctioned)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
	2	3	4	5	. 9	7	8	6
		a) Reservoir			0.158		0.000	0.304
		b) Canal			24.8151		46.080	17.209
	2	c) River			18.3606		18.361	7.382
	-							
B)	Industrial Use :	Industrial Use :						
Ţ	Bhandardara	Agasti Sugar Factory	Agasti Sugar Factory		0.420	River		0.420
7	Bhandardara	Amrutsagar Doodh Vyavsayik	Amrutsagar Doodh		0.007	River		0.007
		Sangh	Vyavsayik Sangh					
ε	Bhandardara	Sangamner Sugar Factory	Sangamner Sugar Factory		1.650	River		1.650
4	Bhandardara	Sangamner Paper Mill	Sangamner Paper Mill		4.110	River		4.110
S	Bhandardara	Sangamner Doodh Vyavsayik Sangh	Sangamner Doodh Vyavsayik Sangh		0.290	River		0.290
Q	Bhandardara	Pravara Sugar Factory	Pravara Sugar Factory		2.060	Canal		2.060
٢	Bhandardara	Pravara Paper Mill	Pravara Paper Mill		6.520	Canal		6 520
∞	Bhandardara	Pravara Chemical Plant	Pravara Chemical Plant		0.350	Canal		0.350
6	Bhandardara	Shrirampur Doodh Dairy	Shrirampur Doodh Dairy		0.065	Canal		0.065
10	Bhandardara	Pravara Doodh Sangh,	Pravara Doodh		0.040	Canal		0.040
		Babhaleshwar	Sangh, Babhaleshwar					
11	Bhandardara	Tilaknagar Distillery	Tilaknagar Distillery		0.510	Canal		0.510
12	Bhandardara	Babhaleshwar 400 K.V	Babhaleshwar 400 K.V		0.070	Canal		0.070
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			Annexure	-4				
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	IS OF NON-IFTIGATION demands from	Major and Medium p	rojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pai	than Dam) Sub-basi		
	Toto and a summer of a summer	I INAMIC OF SCHEME	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of sumuly	Trancit loccae if	Activel under
			No. of villages	population	requirement (sanctioned)	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011
					(Mcum)	Callal VII. CIC.)		12 (Mcum)
1	2	3	P					
13	Bhandardara	Shrirampur Cotton Mill	Chrimmin Cotton	n	0	2	8	6
			Mill		0.730	Canal		0.730
4	Bhandara	Belapur Sugar Mill. Haregaon	Belapur Sugar Mill. Haregaon		0.420	Canal		0.420
15	Bhandardara	Ashok Sugar Factory	Ashok Sugar Factory		0.610	Canal		0.610
16	Bhandardara	Rahuri Sugar Factory	Rahuri Sugar Factory		1.280	Canal		1.280
17	Bhandara	Pravara Power Pri. Ltd.	Pravara Power Pri. Ltd.		2.193	Canal		2.193
18	Bhandardara	Sangamner MIDC	Sangamner MIDC		0.030			
61	Bhandardara	MIDC, Shrirampur	MIDC Shriramnir		460.0	Kiver		0.039
20	Bhandardara	Hotel Anandvan Resort, Shendi	Hotel Anandvan Resort Shendi		0.036	Canal Reservoir		0.036
21	Bhandardara	Hotel Yash Resort, Shendi	Hotel Yash Resort, Shendi		0.063	Reservoir		0.063
22	Bhandara	MTDC, Bhandardara	MTDC, Bhandardara		0.017	Reservoir		0.017
		Grand Total of Industrial Use o	of Bhandardhara		23.427			
		a) Reservoir			0.116		0000	23.427
		b) Canal			16.795		31.190	16.795
	Pravara Custom	c) WAG			6.516		6.516	6.516
	Nilwande Dam							
	Domestic use	1) Akole Water supply scheme	Akole & 32 villages	140543	2.590	Reservoir	0.000	Inder
		2) Sangamner Water Supply	Sanoamne Toum only	117607				onstucrion
		Scheme		C00/11	10.001	Reservoir	0.000	Jnder
		Total of domestic use Nilwande		258226	13.150	(Reservoir)	0000	onstuction
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			Annexure	4				
	Detail	s of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium pi	roiects in Unner	Godavari (unto Dail	then Den Vert		
Sr. No.	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total		INAU LUAID SUD-DASI		
			No. of villages	r otar population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if	Actual water
					(sanctioned)	/Canal ch. etc.)	(IIIII) (IIII	12 (Mcum)
					(1111)			
1	_ 2	3	4	S	6	6	•	~
	Industrial Use :			0	0000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0000	6
		Total of Industrial use Nilw	ande Dam Total		0000		0.000	0000
	•	Grand Total of Nilwande		758776	121 21			
	Adhala system			044004	ACTICI		0.000	0.000
	Adhala Dam							
	Domestic Use :			_				
1		0		5150	0 315	Recentoir	0000	
5		Ganore & 4 Villages		6700	1 030	Recentoir	00000	
m		Mengalwadi		200	2201	D acarricit	0000	<u>cl1.1</u>
4		Deothan		2000	VAC 0	Docer to it	0.000	1.735
		Total of domestic use Adhala		17050	11200	VCSCI VOIL	0:000	0.000
	Industrial Use :			lin	470.0	Neservoir	0.000	2.850
		Cuond Trees of Van			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	IIN	Nil	Nil
					3.324	Reservoir		2.850
A)	Domestic Use :							
108	Kadwa	Vadiv Sinnar water Supply-1	Sinnar-1	65251	2 2801	River	0110	
109	Kadwa	Panchale & 14 Village water	Panchale-15	76431	10001		01/.0	1.800
		Supply		10407	00001	Canal	0.570	0.030
110	Kadwa	Mittasagare water Supply	Mittasagare-11	22154	0.790	Canal	0,600	
111	Kadwa	Belu & 2 Village water Supply	Belu -3	3550	0.200	Canal	0.050	Not not atomad
112	Kadwa	Baragaon Pimpri water Supply	Baragaon-7	18580	1.1001	River	0.520	Not vist started
113	Kadwa	Bharvir bu.& Bhandardarawadi	Bharvir bu-2	7000	0 2001	Recervoir	0700	Not yet started
		water supply					000.0	NOI YEI SIAITED
108	Kadwa	Vadiv Sinnar water Supply-II	Sinnar-	198300	11.500	River	1 150	Not vist stanted
		Total Domestic Use			18.000		3 660	Not yet statted
		a) Reservoir			0.200		0.060	
		b) Canal			2.920		0.000	
		c) River			14 880		0.000 C	
B)	Industrial Use :						000.7	

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121

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		F Actual water supplied in 2011- 12 (Mcum)		6		0.100	0:070	0000	0.050	0.020	0.020	0.230	0.020	0.010	0.150	0.920	0.210	0.000
	a a	Transit losses if any (Mcum)		~		0.050	0.020	0.020										
	than Dam) Sub-basi	Source of supply (Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)		<u> </u>		River	River	River	River	River	River	Canal	River	Reservoir	Canal	River	Canal	Reservoir
	Godavari (upto Pai	Annual water requirement (sanctioned)	(Mcum)	6		0.140	0.060	0.060	0.140	0.060	0.060	0.570	0.060	0.040	0.430	3.260	0.600	4.180
4	rojects in Upper	Total		5														
Annexure	Major and Medium pi	Name of Towns and No. of villages		4		Saikheda-1	Chandori - 1	Kothure-1	Saikheda-1	Chandori - I	Kothure-1	Kasabe Sukene-1	Shingave - l	Ozarkhed-1	Niphad-1	Satpur-2	Pipri Sayyad-1	Satpur
	of non-irrigation demands from l	Name of Scheme		3		Grampanchayat,Saikheda water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Chandori water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Kothure water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Saikheda water	Grampanchayat, Chandori water sypply Ta. Niphad	Grampanchayat,Kothure water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Kasabe Sukene water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Shingave water sypply Ta.Niphad	Grampanchayat,Ozarkhed water sypply Ta.Niphad	Niphad sahalari sakhar karkhana	Satpur -Ambad Industril Area	Grampanchayat,Pipri Sayyad water sypply Ta.Niphad	M.I.D.C
	Details (Name of Dam/system		2	Domestic Use :	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangpur System	Gangapur
		Sr. No.		-	(¥	-	2	e E	4	S	9	7	∞	6	10	11	12	13

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium n	roiecte in Linner	Codenant ()			
Sr. No	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and		Codavari (upto Pai	than Dam) Sub-basi		
					Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			110. 01 VIIIages	population	requirement	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 201
					(Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	C	6						
14	Nachik M_conneranaion	0	4	S	6	7	∞	6
4					57.880	Reservoir		4.36(
	Total Gangapur				01 2 L 2			
	Kashypi Dam	Nashik M-corporapaion			040.040			
		Grand Total			1/0.01	Vesci voli	020.1	
		a) Reservoir			06/.661		1.610	6.160
		a) reserved			80.770		0	4.370
		U) Callai			1.600		3.2	0.590
	Dense	c) MVer		~	3.840		3.84	1.200
	Darana							
- ,	Darna System	Vaijapur Nagarparishad water	Vaijapur	150000	2.210	Canal		
7 (Dama System	Gautam public School	Rahata	2300	0.050	Canal		077.1
n.	Dama System	Sinnar Nagarparishad water	Sinnar	65271	0.790	River		070.0
4,	Darna System	Deolali Cantoment Broad, Deolali	Deolali	50000	2.830	River		070.7
								0007
ŝ	Darna System	Godavari Sugar	Sakharwari	14000	0.200	Canal		0.210
		Millas, Sakharwari						0170
٥	Darna System	Shri Ganesh Sah.Sakhar Karkhana	Rahata	8625	0.270	Canal		0.000
٢	Darna System	Rahata Nagarparishad	Rahata	32998	0 2401	anal		
80	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Puntamba water	Puntamha	14787	01770	Caular		2.700
		sypply		70711	0.440	Canal		0.740
6	Dama System	Shaskiya Aswani ,Chitali	Chitali	0	0.040	anal		
10	Darna System	Saibaba Sanshthan, Shirdi	Shirdi	0111	10131			0.000
		Kankori & Pimpalwadi	1		NOIC-I	-anal		0.540
11	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Sakuri water	Sakuri	9796				
		sypply						0.050
12	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Ekrupa water sypply	Ekrupa	5695	060.0	Canal		0.070

		if Actual water) supplied in 2011- 12 (Mcum)		-	9 0.130	0.000	0.250	1.180		4.340	0.070	0.000	0.080	0.410	0.280	0.000	0.000	0.210	0.020
		Transit losses any (Mcum)		d	Ø														
	than Dam) Sub bac	Source of supply (Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)		F	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Reservoir	Canal	Canal	Reservoir	Reservoir	Canal	Canal	Canal
	Godavari (unto Pai	Annual water requirement (sanctioned)	(Mcum)	6	0.150	0.050	0.150	1.200	5 960	060.0	0.100	0.060	0.120	0.080	0.040	0.010	0.087	0.295	0.033
-4	rojects in Upper	Total population		5	9131	3881	5103	6521	85000	6500	7649		4100	3491				9028	4300
Annexure	Major and Medium p	Name of Towns and No. of villages		4	Pohegaon	Karaji	Chitali	Savlivihir	Kopargaon	Ravande	Rajangaon Kh.	Manikham	Javalke	Jalgaon	Ghoti Kh.	Samnere	Nimgaon	Khadki Walki	Nategaon
	of non-irrigation demands from	Name of Scheme		3	Grampanchayat, Pohegaon water sypply	Grampanchayat, Karaji water sypply	Grampanchayat, Chitali savlivihir water sypply	Grampanchayat, savlivihir water sypply	Kopargaon NagarpAlika	Grampanchayat, Ravande water sypply	Grampanchayat,Rajangaon Kh. water sypply	Grampanchayat,Manikham water sypply	Grampanchayat,Javalke & 6 Village water sypply	Grampanchayat,Jalgaon water ypply	Grampanchayat,Ghoti Kh. water ypply	Jrampanchayat Samnere water ypply	jrampanchayat, Nimgaon - olhale water sypply	Jrampanchayat Sudarit Khadki Valki water sypply	jrampanchayat,Nategaon water ypply
	Details o	name of Dam/system		2	Darna System	Darna System (Dama System (Darna System (Dama System	Darna System (Dama System 6	Darna System C	Darna System	Darna System C	Darna System C	Darna System C	Dama System G	Darna System G	Dama System G
	Cr No	01. I.Q.			13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23 1	24 1	25 I	26 I	27 I

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			f Actual water supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)			0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	060.0		0.000	2.030	0.230	0.000	0.000	0.020
		.8	Transit losses i any (Mcum)		×	>										•			
		than Dam) Sub-basi	Source of supply (Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)		6	Canal	Canal	Canal	Reservoir	Canal	Reservoir	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal
		Godavari (upto Pai	Annual water requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)		6	0.120	0.050	0.063	0.420	0.640	0.122	0.145	1.680	1.680	1.360	0.310	0.175	0.355	0.465
4	roiects in Ilmon		l otal population		5	3111						3900			4161	5750			9649
Annexure	Maior and Medium n	Name of Towns on the	No. of villages		4	Purak Rui shingave	Padegaon	Khirdi Ganesh	Dhamani	Rajangaon Deshmukh	Laxminagar	Purak Bhojade	Rahata	Lasalgaon-Vinchur	Shirdi	Chandkasare & Ghari	wadgaon Baktarpuer	Kumbari Mahegaon	Takli Bramangaon
	of non-irrigation demands from	Name of Scheme			m	Grampanchayat,Purak Rui shingave water sypply	Grampanchayat, Padegaon water sypply	Grampanchayat Khirdi Ganesh water sypply	Grampanchayat,Dhamani water sypply	Grampanchayat,vadhiv Rajangaon Deshmukh water sypply	Grampanchayat,Laxminagar water sypply	Grampanchayat,Sudarit Purak Bhojade water sypply	Rahata Pimpalas	Grampanchayat, Lasalgaon- Vinchur& 16 Village water typply	shirdi Nagarpalika water sypply	Jrampanchayat, Chandkasare & jhari water sypply	Jrampanchayat, wadgaon Baktarpuer water sypply	Jrampanchayat,Kumbari Jahegaon water symply	Jrampanchayat, Takli Jramangaon water sypply
	Details (Name of Dam/system		ſ	7	Dama System	Dama System	Darna System	Dama System	Darna System	Darna System	Darna System (Darna System	Dama System ((Darna System	Dama System C	Darna System C	Jama System C	Dama System C
		Sr. No.		-	1 00	07	29	30	31	32	33	34	35 1	۰ ۱	37 I	38	39 [40 I	41 L

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125

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			Annexure	4			•	
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from I	Major and Medium pr	ojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	8	
<u>.</u>	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and No. of villages	Total population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011-
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)	· ·	12 (Mcum)
	2	3	4	5	9	7	8	6
	Darna System	Grampanchayat,Dharangaon & 4 Village water sypply	Dharangaon	3300	0.480	Canal		0.000
~	Darna System	Grampanchayat, vari Kanegaon water sypply	vari Kanegaon		0.225	Canal		0.000
-	Darna System	Grampanchayat,kolpewadi Suregaon water sypply	kolpewadi		0.793	Canal		0.00
	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Malegaon Thardi water sypply	,Malegaon Thardi		0.110	Canal		0.000
	Darna System	Grampanchayat,Madhi Kh.water sypply	Madhi Kh.	2921	0.085	Canal		0.080
	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Dehde kolhale water sypply	Dehde		0.115	Canal		0.000
	Darna System	Grampanchayat, kokamtham water sypply	kokamtham	10350	0.480	Canal		0.150
-	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Sangavi Bhusar water sypply	Sangavi Bhusar	2563	0.135	Canal		0.060
_	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Dahigaon Kolhale water sypply	Dahigaon Kolhale	2130	0.080	Canal		0.000
	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Karwadi Majur water sypply	Karwadi Majur		0.255	Canal		0.000
	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Astagaon water sypply	Astagaon	11403	0.250	Canal		0.260
	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Sudarit kolhale walki water sypply	kolhale walki	5927	0.245	Canal		0.260
_	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Dhotre water sypply	Dhotre		0.060	Canal		0.000
i	Dama System	Grampanchayat, Dahegaon Bolka water sypply	Dahegaon Bolka	4200	0.189	Canal		0.080

			Annexure -	Ţ				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium pr	oiects in Unner	Godavari (unto Dai	Han Dam) Cub Lasi		
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of sumby	n Transit lossas ist	A 241-21
			No. of villages	population	requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)	(Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)	any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011. 12 (Mcum)
	2	3	4	5	6	Ľ	0	6
56	Dama System	Grampanchayat, savastar water sypply	savastar		0.525	Canal	0	0.000
57	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Yashgaon water sypply	Yashgaon	4300	0.231	Canal		0.000
58	Darna System	Grampanchayat,ukalgaon water sypply	ukalgaon		0.103	Canal		0.000
59	Dama System	Grampanchayat,Kasli water sypply	Kasli		0.059	Canal		0.000
60	Dama System	Grampanchayat,Dauch Kh water sypply	Dauch Kh	4053	0.105	Canal		060.0
61	Darna System	Grampanchayat,Sonewadi water sypply	Sonewadi	5750	0.218	Canal		0.210
62	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Nadukhi Kh. water sypply	Nadukhi Kh		0.180	Canal		0.000
63	Darna System	Grampanchayat,Natupatilachi wadi water sypply	Natupatilachi wadi		0.082	Canal		0.000
64	Dama System	Grampanchayat,Bolki water sypply	Bolki		0.056	Canal		0.140
65	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Wakadi .water sypply	Wakadi	12407	0.480	Canal		0.290
66	Darna System	Grampanchayat,Gondegaon .water sypply	Gondegaon	4881	0.181	Canal		5.230
67	Dama System	Garison Enginner South, deolali	Deolali	35000	4.980	Reservoir		0.170
68	Darna System	Garison Enginner Airforce ,deolali	Deolali	3500	1.330	Reservoir		0.020
69	Darna System	Puntamba Railway Station	Puntamba		0.055	Canal		
92	Darna System	Garison Enginner North, deolali	Deolali		4.480	River		0000
-	Darna System	NAshik Thermal powar Station	Eklahara		0.657	River		0.000

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127

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	Datai		Annexure	4				
Sr. N	Io. Name of Dam/system	Non-irrigation demands from	n Major and Medium p	rojects in Upper	Godavari (unto Pai	than Damy G. 1		
			Name of Towns and No. of villages	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	n Transit losses if	Actual matan
			299	nopulation	requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)	(Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011. 12 (Mcum)
-	, ,				(mmar)			
72	Dama Curtan		4	5				
l 		Grampanchayat, Mauje Pimpalas (Ramache) Tal. Niphad	Mauje Pimpalas	7475	0.268	River	∞	9 0000
73	Darna System	Grannanchount V-1						
		Water supply Dist. Ahemdnagar	Kokamthan		0.350	Canal		
74	Darna System	Grampanchayat, Singanapur water	r Singanapur	10860				000.0
75	Domo 0	supply Tal.Kopargaon	•		0.088	Canal		0.000
 Č	Larna System	Sanjiwani Sakhar Karkhana	Kopargaon			Dittor		
76	Dama System	Nachit Mineria 1 al. Kopargaon				TUVE!		0.050
	Total Darana	MASHIK INTUNCIPAL CORPORATION	Nashik		11.4901	River		
77	Gantami Code				10013			8.510
	Vaulalili VOCAVALI	Yogvidya Gurukul Talwade	Talwade		0.01010	Reenvoir		
78	Gautami Godavari	Gaianan Mahami Sandhit						0.010
		water Supply	Trimbakeshwar		0.020 F	ceservoir		0.010
62	Gautami Godavari	Shri Swami Samarth Gurupith	Trimbakeshwar					
80	Gantami Godonomi	water Supply			N.0301	keservoir		0.000
	Total Gautami Codani	Nashik muncipal corporation	Nashik		20.75018	econicie.		
81	Multane				20.010	TION INCOM		0.000
5		Niphad Kundewadi water Supply	Niphad		0.600 R	iver		
83	Mukane	Naigaon va 9 village water	Naigaon	25250				07770
83	Million	Supply			0.700 K	IVET		0.380
3 3		Kavnai water Supply	Kavnai	3500				
+0	Mukane	Bhagur water Supply	Bhagur	17336	0.090 K	eservoir		0.090
6	Mukane	Sanjegaon water Supply	Saniegaon	100	0.430 R	iver		0.260
8	Mukane	Gonde Dumala water Supply	Gonde	3800	0.082 R	Bervoir		0.070
18	Mukane	Parle Biscuit p.Ltd.Gondhe	Gonde	0000	0.120 Re	sservoir		0.090
					0.060 Re	eservoir		0.000

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128

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			Annevira					
	Details	s of non-irrigation demands from	Maior and Modime					
Sr. No	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	rojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	than Dam) Sub-basi	a	
			No. of villages	I otal ponulation	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
)		(sanctioned)	(Keservior / Kiver /Canal ch. etc.)	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011
					(Mcum)			17 (Mcum)
-	2	3						
88	Mukane	Nashik muncipal corporation	Nashib	C C	9	2	8	6
	Total Mukane		VIIIcmAT	00000c1	17.540	Reservoir		0.000
89	Waldevi	Vadivahre water Supply	Vadiation 1		19.682			
96	Boianur	Manacon uniter and	v aulvaure-1	12000	0.120	Reservoir		0.050
16	Boianur	Kontoni e 11 VIII-	Manegaon	53000	1.420	Reservoir		1 510
		Supply	Kankori	20000	0.870	Reservoir		0.780
	Total Bojapur							
92	Daraswadi	Ganir & 7 Village uster Sumly	C		2.290	P		
		unities of the second supply	Ganur		0.260	Reservoir		0.000
93	Daraswadi	Urdhal water Supply	I Írdhal					
	Total Daraswadi				0.130	Reservoir		0.000
		a) Recentoir			0.390			
					48.464		0.000	5 080
		0) Canal			26.703		40 500	0.000
ŝ		c) Kiver			22.420		007.00	00017
B)	Industrial Use :						22.429	13.990
-	Darna	Nashik Sugar sarkana Itd.	Palse	600	007.0			
6	Darna	Kopargaon sahakari sakhar	Konaraon		0.4.30	Kiver		0.030
		karkhana.	tropat gaun		0.400	Canal		0.090
m	Dama	Changdev Nagar Sugar Mills	Kopargaon		0.10			
4	Dama	Ganesh sahakari sakhar	Rahata		0.140	Calla		0.000
1		karkhana.			0/00	Canal		0.350
5	Dama	Aashkiya Aswani Chitali	Chitali		0.830	lonol		
9	Dama	Sanjivani Nagar Sugar Karkhana	Sahaianand nagar		0000	Caular		0.000
r	4				I.440	Canal		0.920
~ 0	Dama	Somaiya Chemical	Kopargaon		0.390	Canal		
0	and C	Kopargaon sahakari sakhar	Kopargaon					0.890
]	1/41114				1.340	Canal		0.820

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			Annexure	4				
;	Detail	s of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium p	roiects in Unner	Godavari (unto Dait	Han Dany C. L.		
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of multiplast	n 	
			No. of villages	population	requirement (sanctioned) (Mcum)	Reservior / River (Canal ch. etc.)	any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)
,								
- 0	2	m	4	5	6	L	°	6
א	Darna	Kopargaon sahakari sakhar karkhana. (boigas)	Kopargaon		0.890	Canal	0	0.630
10	Darna	India Exotics icecream p ltd malunie	Malunje		0.015	Reservoir		
11		Shridi (Kakdi) Airport	Shrirdi					010.0
	Total Darna	Leviopment			0.913	Canal		0.000
12	Mukane	Jidal Photo	Miidheasan		7.137			
13	Mukane	salora shivsang textiles	Mudheoaon		0.708	Reservoir		0.340
14	Mukane	E.B.G.india ltd (Thisenkrupa)	Gonde dumala		790.0	Keservoir		0.000
15	Mukane	Parle Biscuit p.Ltd.Gondhe	Gonde dumala		0./20	Keservoir		0.160
16	Very second and a second a first second a first second a second	Ashoka Industrial park p	Gonde dumala		010.0	Keservoir		0.070
	Mukane	ltd.gonde			1.095	Reservoir		0.090
	Total Mukane				7 202 (
17		Maharashtra Eng.Re.institute	Nashik		C/C-1			
	Gangapur	Meri Nashik			6.800	Canal		0.000
8	Gangapur	MIDC,Satpur	Satpur		7 330	Dina		
19	Gangapur	Nashil Thermal powar station	Eklahara		080 22	Direct		7.870
20	Gangapur	Ninhad Sahkari sakhar karkhana	Niphad		0.710	Canal		19.610
21	Gangapur	C & M Farming p Ltd.	Nashik					067.0
22	Gangapur	Soma paper mills & Industries	Panchak		077.0	Kiver		0.000
53	Godawari Dam	Mahajanco, Mumbai, Nashik	Eklahara		070.0	NVer		0.000
		Thermal powar Station (1*660 wt unit)			6.500	River		0.000
	Total Gangapur							
24	Alandi	Spectram E Ltd.Rasegaon	Racecon.1		55.560			
25	Waldevi	Sinnar Industrial Area	Sinner	100	0.063	Reservoir		0.030
26	Waldevi	Vinche industrial Area	Vinchur	nnee	12.150	River		3.740
						Reservoir		0.060

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		A chiel uniter	supplied in 2011.		6	7 760	2 000	21 750	007.10	14 540			3.750		0.000		1 070		690 C	20.1		1.370		0.660		15.936	
		In Transit loese i	any (Mcum)		×		26.30	115.02	00.00																		
	than Dam) Cut La	Source of supply	(Reservior / River /Canal ch. etc.)		7					Canal		D	IVC2CI AOII		Keservour		Reservoir		Canal		1000	Callal		Canal		Canal	
	Gulavari (nnto Dai	Annual water	requirement (sanctioned)	(Mcum)	6	2.673	14.203	60.660		5.100		076 C	000.7		0.700		0.920		0.690		001.0	0.120	0,000	000.0		5.959	
4	rojects in Unner	Total	population		5					11000		73000		000000	00077		70000		17000		00000		1 500	0001		00000	
Annexure.	fajor and Medium pr	Name of Towns and	No. of villages		4					Sakore		4	· · ·	9	>		1		1								
	of non-irrigation demands from N	Name of Scheme			3	a) Reservoir	b) Canal	c) River		1) Defence water supply scheme,	Sakore 1al. Niphad Dist. Nashik	2) Ozar, Sakore Tal.Niphad	Mohadi, Janori Tal.Dindori Regional water supply scheme	3) Palkhed & five villages	Tal.Dindori Regional water	supply scheme	4) Grampanchayat Pimpalgaon	(B) water supply scheme Tal.Niphad Dist.Nashik	5) Grampanchayat Lasalgaon	water supply scheme Tal.Niphad Dist.Nashik	6) Grampanchayat Vinchur water	supply scheme Tal.Niphad Dist.Nashik	7) Grampanchayat Ambegaon	water supply scheme Tal. Yeola	8) Nagar Parishad Manmad water	supply scheme Tal.Nandgaon Dist Nashik	
	Details	Name of Dam/system			2				Palkhed System	Domestic Use :		Palkhed System		Palkhed System			Palkhed System		Palkhed System		Palkhed System		Palkhed System		Palkhed System	•	
		Sr. No.			-					(F									-								1

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details	of non-irrigation demands from N	Major and Medium pr	rojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	U	
Sr. No.	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			No. of villages	population	requirement	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011.
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	2	3	4	5	6	2	8	6
	Palkhed System	9) Nagar Parishad Yeola water	1	51000	2.290	Canal		197720
		supply scheme Tal. Yeola Dist. Nashik						
	Palkhed System	10) 36 villages in Yeola Taluka	36	51000	4.317	Canal		6.890
		water supply scheme Tal.Yeola Dist.Nashik			<u> </u>			
	Palkhed System	11) Vani water supply scheme	1	26000	0.524	Canal		0.530
		Kasabe Vani Tal.Didori Dist.Nashik						
	Total				23.100			
	Palkhed System	12) 36 villages in Chandwad	36	40000	2 680	Reservoir		1 850
		Taluka water supply scheme Tal.Chandwad Dist.Nashik	}					
	Palkhed System	14) Grampanchayat Dindori	1	26000	0.519	Reservoir		0.080
		water supply scheme Tal.Dindori Dist.Nashik	-			·		
	Total Ozarkhed				3.199			
	Palkhed System	13) Bopegaon & six villages	7	6000	0.800	Reservoir	-	0.350
		Tal.Dindori Regional water supply scheme				<u></u>		
	Palkhed System	14) Grampanchayat Khedgaon		6000	0.120	Reservoir		0.080
		water supply scheme Tal.Dindori						
		Dist. Nashik			•	-		-
	Total Tisgaon				0.920			
		a) Reservoir			8.159		0.000	7.180
		b) Canal	2		19.060		38.120	61.690
		c) River			0.000		0.000	0000

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	Detail	ls of non-irrigation demands from	Annexure	-4 roiante in Ilanon				
Sr. No.	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Godavari (upto Pai	than Dam) Sub-basi	a	
			No. of villages	population	requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if any (Mcum)	Actual water supplied in 2011.
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)	, ,	12 (Mcum)
-	2	3						
B)	Industrial Use :	1) Seegram Distillaries Dut 1 td	Ŧ	0	6	7	8	6
		Kadwa Mhalungi Tal.Dindori			0.655	Reservoir		0.210
		Dist.Nashik						
	Palkhed System	2) C & M Group pharming Pvt.			0.450	Reservoir		0110
		Dist. Nashik						
	Total Karanjvan							
	Palkhed System	3) Mcdowells & communit +1			1.105			
		Parmori Tal.Dindori Dist.Nashik		·	0.060	Reservoir		0.062
	Palkhed System	4) Kadwa Sahakari Sakhar	-					-
		Karkhana Ltd. Rajaram Nagar			0.170	Reservoir		0.110
		(Materewadi) Tal. Dindori	<u></u>					
		Dist.Nashik						
	Palkhed System	5) Ashok Kumar Hatchries Ltd.			12100	December		
		Lakhamapur Tal. Dindori						0.038
		Dist.Nashik		·				
	Palkhed System	6) Dindori small scale Industrial						
		colony Plashed Bandhara Tal.				Vesci volt		0.115
		Dindori Dist.Nashik						
	Palkhed System	7) Central Railway, Manmad		20000				
		Tal.Nandgaon Dist.Nashik			1.980	Janal		1.460
	Palkhed System	8) Karmaveer Kakasaheb Wagh						
		Sahakari Sakhar Karkhana			0/012.0	anal		0.039
		Ltd.Kakasaheb Nagar Ranwad						
		Tal.Niphad Dist.Nashik					<u></u>	

Station and

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			Annexure	4				
Cr No	Details	of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium p	rojects in Upper	Godavari (upto Pait	han Dam) Sub-basi	a	
.0NI .1C	I Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			No. of villages	population	requirement	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011.
					(Mcum) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	2	3	4	5	y	г	0	
	Palkhed Svstem	9) Executive Engineer MIDC		`			ø	6
		Additional Dindori Industrial			2.400	Reservoir		0.000
		Area (Mauje Talegaon Akrale)						
		Tal. Dindori Dist.Nashik						
	Total Dall-Lod							
	Doll I alkiled				4.952			
	Falkhed System	10) Polygenta Pvt.			0.055	Reservoir		
		Ltd.Aavankhed Tal.Dindori						
	Dollchod C.							0.240
	raukned system	II) Everest Industries Pvt. Ltd.			0.186	Reservoir		
		Laknamapur I al. Umdori Diet Nachit	-					
	Dallchad Cristian							0.240
		Mills Pvt. Ltd. Lakhamanur			0.007	Reservoir		
		Tal.Dindori Dist.Nashik						0.057
	Total Ozarkhed				0.248			000.0
		a) Reservoir			4 110		0000	
		b) Canal			2104		0000	1.42.1
		c) River					004.4	1.499
(A)	Domestic Use :				2000		0.000	0.000
() ()	Jayakwadi System							
	Jayakwadi dam							
	1	Aurangabad City W. S. Seheme O	1	1300000	113.276	Reservoir	0000	55 470
	2	Katpur Village W. S. Seheme		5974	0.330	Reservoir	0000	011.00
	3	Shevgaon-Pathrdi & 44 Villages V	46	105124	4.013	Reservoir	0000	210.0
	4	Gangapur W. S. Seheme (Ext.)	-	22325	1.140	Reenvoir		
		Newasa Water Supply Scheme	1	24943	1.400	Reservoir		12/0
	9	Apegaon wadwali & 6 Villages W	8	9262	002.0	Decenicie	~~~~~	7200
					12222	INCOCI NOTI	0.000	0.274

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		sses if Actual water	cum) supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)			8		66/·I 0	0 300	0 5.640	0 0.110	0.000	0 0.264	0.083	0.000	0000	0.310		0.000	0000		0000	0000	0000	0.000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	30.866	0.000	0.000	
	basin	ly Transit lo	(er any (M		0	• 			0.00	0.00	0.00	8.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00(0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.00	1.425	1.750	1.2.2
	ithan Dam) Sub-l	Source of supp	/Canal ch. etc.		6		Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Canal	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Canal	Canal	Canal	Canal
-	- Godavari (upto Pai	Annual water	(sanctioned)	(mmaru)	9		7.630	0.551	0.320	11.450	1.000	1.670	0.420	0.450	1.780	110.000	1.870	0.370	1.360	1.380	0.510	0.320	0.040	0.130	0.320	0.500	0.840	0.450	0.400	0.000	18.000	0.285	0.350	1205.0
4	rojects in Upper	Total	ropundod		5		34518	8423	16900	200000	4500	29218	13032	7100	8715	225545	14041	8543	18286	30000	8738	4127	2500	9612	8480	7232	12427	11334	8427	4063	290314	8586	13746	7873
Annexure	Major and Medium p	Name of Towns and No. of villages	0		4		3	1	13				10	4	11		6	6	29	25	2	~	m	S	11	10	13	16	10		m	- 0	7	4
	Name of Solution of Solution				m	Paithan city, Kavsan & Narala	W. S. Seheme (Add.Paithan)	Pimpalwadi Pirachi W. S. Seheme	Lohagaon & 12 Villages (R)W. S.	M. I.D.C. Waiuj W. S. Seheme	Manuat Writer Sumely Set	Character & atcl Supply Seneme	Jungargaori & 9 VIIIages W. S. S	Galnik & 10 Willages (K) W. S. 1	Jamilo & 10 VIIIAGES W. S. Senel	waluj Mananagar W. S. Scheme	Dounegaon & & Villages W. S. Se	rawara Sangam & 8 Villages W	Hatgaon & 28 Villages W. S. Seh	Dianar Lakalı & 24 Villages W. S	Juorkin, Balanagar W. S. Scheme	mari & / Villages Kegional W. S	ayakwaui & 2 wadies Kegional V	Javargaon & 4 Villages Kegional	Juluulianorax 10 VIIIages Region	Interest of a strike ostrike of a strike ostrike of a strike ostrike ostri	Acredit 2 Villages Regions	taliuva & 15 VIIIages Kegional V	MICKLA & 9 VIIIAGES KEGIONAL W.	Aygaon W. S. scheme	alua-Aliload- Georal Joint W. S.	hondrai & I Imanin I cint W c d	habalamha & Jiillanae W C C	1111111111111111 0 1 1 1110803 11. 0. 0
Detaile	Name of Dam/system				7	-		×			121		151	191 	101	181			2010	117	1 77	1 1/C			d LC	<u>180</u>	VIDC	3010	3112	11CE	33 7	3415	350	
	Sr. No.				-																													

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			Annexure	4				
C- M-	Detai	ils of non-irrigation demands from	Major and Medium n	rojacte in Hanne				
Sr. No	. Name of Dam/syster	n Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total Upper	Godavari (upto Pai	than Dam) Sub-basi	a	
			No. of villages	1 Otal Population	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			0	population 1	(sanctioned)	(Reservior / River	any (Mcum)	supplied in 2011.
					(Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	6							
	1	b	4	5				
		o Borgaon & 2 Villages W. S. Schel	m	0960			8	6
		Total Jayakwadi - domestic	268	7486868	0.04/	Canal	0.235	0.000
		a) Reservoir		000001-	107.682		35.285	101.652
		b) Canal			262.550		0.000	70.786
B)	Industrial Use :				20.657		35.285	30.866
ר	Jayakwadi System							
,	Jayakwadi dam							
				10500	34 350	Pacario:	0000	
		Ekulaui San.Sakhar Karkhana					0.000	10.001
		2 Paithan	-	120	1 200			·
					11.1	Reservoir	0.000	0.103
		3 Nath Pulp & Paper Mills, Paithan		850				
		4 MIDC Paithan		002	001.1	Keservoir	0.000	1.140
				000	4.500	Reservoir	0.000	0.278
		5 Aurangabad Paper Mills, Paithan						
		6 Kaigaon Paper Mills, Gangapur	•	:	1.100	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
,		Ensy Faggransi Pvt.Ltd.		CK	0.540	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
		7 Dhakephal						
		Devnandra Sah.Sakhar Karkhana.		:	0.073	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
	~	8 Pathri (Parbhani)						
		Shivshakti Craft Board Mills			00000	Canal	0.000	0.000
	5	Pvt.Ltd., Dhakephal						
		Sharad Sah.Sakhar Karkhana,		:	0.000	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
+	10	Vihamandva Paithan						
		Yogeshwari Sugar Industries Ltd.		:	0.140	Canal	0.000	0.000
	=	Limba, Ta.Pathri	-					
	9	Granautch Industries, Bhendala,		:	0.026	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
1	7	1a.Cangapur		300	0.142	Reservoir	0000	
						TANAN TAN	000.0	0.0001

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			Anneviire	- F				
	Detail	s of non-irrigation demands from	Maior and Medium p	roiente in Il				
Sr. N	. Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total Upper	Godavari (upto Pai	han Dam) Sub-basi	a	
			No. of villages	population	Annual water requirement	Source of supply (Reservior / River	Transit losses if	Actual water
					(sanctioned) (Mcum)	/Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	6	,						
	1	b	4	S	9		•	~
		Pranav Industries, Surewadi Tq. 3 Gangapur					0	6
			4	6	0.511	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
	14	4 Bharat Force Company, Vaijapur	1		000.01			
	(Gangamai Industries &		:	40.00	Keservoir	0.000	0.000
		Construction, Babhalgaon,					<u> </u>	
	1.	Ta.Shevgaon			7100	f		
		Shendra Bidkin MIDC,		:	010.0	Keservoir	0.000	0.000
	16	Dist.Aurangabad						
		Kedareshwar Sah.Sakhar		•	020.55	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
	17	Karkhana Ltd, Ramnagar			-	 -		
	18	Kokan- Agrow pvt. Itd		:	1.10/	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
		Parali Thermal Unit		:	0.000	Reservoir	0.000	0.050
		Total iavakwadi- Indusrial		:	42.000	Canal	15.000	45.000
		a) Reservoir	I y	12530	160.735		15.000	56.572
		b) Canal			118.245		0.000	11 572
	Total Jayakwadi	Domestic			42.490		15.000	45.000
		Industrial Use			283.207		35.285	101.652
		Grand Total			160.735		15.000	56.572
	Domestic Use :				443.942		50.285	158.224
	Medium Projects							
	Temhhannri	Godavari water supply scheme						
	(a) induising	Dahegaon		1370		 1		
		Godavari water supply scheme		0/21	070'0	Keservoir	0.000	0.020
	(q	Rahimpur	1	411	200.0			
		Godavari water supply scheme			0.0.00	Keservoir	0.000	0.006
	C	Limbejalgaon	1	2055	0.00			
		Godavari water supply scheme		• • • • •	0.0.0	Keservoir	0.000	0.030
	(p	Turkabad	1	4794	0.070	Dacement of		
					01010	Tresel ANT	0.000	0.070

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	Actual wate	supplied in 20
a	Transit losses if	any (Mcum)
than Dam) Sub-basi	Source of supply	(Reservior / River
ipto Pail	vater	lent

Details of non-irrigation demands from Major and Medium nroiects in Unner Codevori (1114) Doithon Doit		Actual water supplied in 2011	12 (Mcum)		6		0.004		0.010	01000	0.011	110.0	0.025	rr	0.054	+00.0		1.0.44	3000	CCN'N	1100	440.0 CCO.0	0.360	2100	0170	002.0	071.0	0110	011.0	0.538	1120		0 974
	n	Transit losses if any (Mcum)	, ,		∞		0.000		0.000		0.000		0000	222	0000	~~~~	0.000		0000	000.0		00000	0000	0000	0000	0000		0000		0000	0000	~~~~	0.000
	han Dam) Sub-basi	Source of supply (Reservior / River	/Canal ch. etc.)		7		Reservoir		Reservoir		Recentoir	HOL INCOM	Recentoir	Recentoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	TOLIOS	Reservoir		Recentoir	HOA INSOLA	Reservoir	Reservoir	Rearvoir	Reservoir								
	<u>Godavari (upto Pait</u>	Annual water requirement	(sanctioned) (Mcum)		6		0.004		0.010		0.011		0.035		0.054		0.044		0.035		0.240	0000	0.394	0.150		3.710		0.250		0.232	1.590	0.230	0.924
	rojects in Upper	T otal population			0		274		685		753		2397		3699		3014		2397		3000	1500	25000	15000		55000		4500		22000	45172	6534	63287
	Major and Medium p	Name of 10wns and No. of villages			+		1		1		1		1		l				I		4	I		1		1		3		ŝ	-	1	9
	Name of Schemo			3		Codavari water supply scheme	Malkapur	Godavari water supply scheme	Shirodi	Godavari water supply scheme	Murmi	Godavari water supply scheme	Jikthan	Godavari water supply scheme	Ambelohol	Godavari W.S. scheme	Ranjangaon (Khuri)	Godavari water supply scheme	Guru Dhanora	Pokhari & 3 villeges W.S.	Scheme	Rawdi W. S. Scheme	Shioor W. S. Scheme	Khandala W. S. Scheme	Vaijapur Muncipal Co. W. S.	Scheme	Chandgaon , Nandgaon, Rotegaon	W.S. Scheme	Lasur Station and other villages	W. S. Scheme	Kannad Nagar parished	Andhaner Grampanchyat	1) Werul & 5 Villages
	Name of Dam/system			6	2		(ə)		(J		g)		(q		(i		μ.		k)		Dheku		Kolhi		<u> </u>	Narangi				Bor Dahegaon	Ambadi	7	Shivana Takli a)
	Sr. No.																			ç	1		3		4				2		9		7

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		f Actual water	if Actual water supplied in 2011 12 (Mcum)			0	0 440	0.450	N000	40.0	0.243	0.331	0.205	0 225	T ADD	7 400	0000	
Annexure -4		Transit losses i	any (Mcum)	-		~	0000	0000	0000	00000	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0000	0000	0000	
	than Nam) Suk-hooi	Source of sunnhv	(Reservior / River	/Canal ch. etc.)		7	Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir	Decomicia		Reservoir	Reservoir	Reservoir				
	. Godavari (unto Pai	Annual water	requirement	(sanctioned)		6	0.440	0.459	0.964	240	CH4.0	0.331	0.205	0.225	10.906	10.906	0.000	
	roiects in Unner	Total	population			5	30137	31438	66027	16643	1000	1/077	14041	15410	459209			
	Major and Medium p	Name of Towns and	No. of villages			4	5	3	1	6		~	5	4	67			
	of non-irrigation demands from	Name of Scheme				3	2) Jalgaon Ghat & 4 Villages	3) Shewats & 2 Villages	4) Werul caves iind Stage	5) Aurala & six villages	6) Tiseaon & & Villages		/) Loni & 4 Villages	8) Kasabkheda & 3 Villages	Medium Project Total	a) Reservoir	b) Canal	
	Details	Name of Dam/system				2	(q	c)	(p	e)	Ģ		8	(h)				
		Sr. No.																

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139

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			Annexure -	4				
	Details 0	of non-irrignation de da ands from M	Iajor and Medium proj	jects in Upper (odavari (upto Paitha	in Dam) Sub-basin		
r. No	Name of Dam/system	Name of Scheme	Name of Towns and	Total	Annual water	Source of supply	Transit losses if	Actual water
			No. of villages	population	(sanctioned) (Mcum)	(Reservior / Niver /Canal ch. etc.)		12 (Mcum)
-	2	3	4	S	6	7	8	6
	Industrial Use :							
	Medium Projects							
		Mukteshwar Shugar Mill						
	Tembhapuri	Dhamori		:	1.910	. Reservoir	0.000	2.000
6	Dheku	Nil	0	:	:	:	0.000	0.000
א¦ רי	Kolhi	Nil	0	:	••	• •	0.000	0000
0. ∆	Naranoi	M.I.D.C. vaijapur		:	1.510	Reservoir	0.000	0.000
· v	Bor Dahegaon	Nil	0	••		•	0.000	0.000
<u>م</u> رو	Ambadi	Nil	0	0	0.000	000:0	0.000	0.000
	Shivana Takli	Nil	0	:		:	0.000	0.000
		Total Medium Project		0	3.420		0.000	2.000
-		Industrial Use Grand Total		12530	324.889		30.003	103.572

CBN CAT I

AL Since Line LINE Godavari Marathwada Imigation Gevelopment Corporation, Aurangabad.

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140

			Annexure -5		1 ₅	ommand A	rea Develon	ement Auth	nritu Nacil						
ů	Information a	bout Kharif	utilizations	from Ma	ojor and M	edium pr	ojects in U	pper God	avari (inte	Dolthon	1-07				
5 g	· Name of Dam/ System	Planned I	Charif Use					Veal	crice Vharie		na (uren	D-Dasin			
2		Area	Water Use	Ř	:7-08	200	8-00		AISC MAIN	BUI) 251	ution)				
		(Ha.)	(Mm3)	Area	Water Use	Area	Warer I Tea			3		12	1-12	Ave	age
				irrigatec	(Mm3)	irrigated	(Mm3)		water Use	Arca	Water Use	Area	Water Use	Area	Water
				(Ha.)		(Ha)			(כווואו)	imgated	(Emm)	irrigated	(Wm3)	irrigated	Use
-	2	3	4	<u> </u>	91	17	0	(Ha.)		(Ha.)		(Ha.)		(Ha.)	(EmM)
A :	Mula System				2		•	2	8	51	ន	53	24	25	35
'	Mandohal Medium Project	2266	4.310	141	0670		0.00								
2	Mula Dam	35556	077 071	147631	1.20.240		0.00	0	0.00	123	0.590	0	0.000	72.8	0.210
	(Through Canal Escape)		100.440	10701	0#0.671	770	2.400	8226	76.840	0	0.00	8	39.190	5001.4	56 404
	Total of Mula Sverem	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		1000 C	4.980		29.720							1.1000	****
8	Pravara Svstem	70010	NC/-7/1	20ccl	164-190	524.000	Or Letter	. 3226	16840	1980 - 1980 1980 - 1980 1980 - 1980	0.000	10000		VALUE AND	1. S. S. S.
	Bhandardara	11102	117 000										1		
101	Nilwande	00111	000.111	2.47	173.933	8513	146.200	13920	93.160	5012	96.700	6607	110 050	0028	001 101
n.	Adhala Dam	00740	101.621	0	0.000	3	0.000	0	0.000	0	0000	C			R1.421
4	Bhojapur Dam	4//1	19.1.61	200	3.220	J	2.970	159	2.310	159	1.780	8	050 0		
	Total of Pravara Custom	MC-	0.900	63	15.470	ອ	7.650	0	0.540		005 8			7	242
÷ر		07/4/	260.110	93 D	192,620	8513	156.820	0/2020	OK OND		DAUNO BARA		0.65.0	12.6	6.574
-¦ר	Gaugapur System					Aver 2 State State									
	Gaurami Codavari Dam	0	13.900	0	1.018	10	0.244		1000 0	-					
4 [c	Aasinyapi Uam	0	7.670		1.303	C	0.152			>	0. /49	0	0.798	0	0.606
n -	Gangapur Dam	0	0.000	102	51.277	VVV	AK 200	2016	0/7.0		0.727	0	0.727	0	0.636
4	Alandi Dam	2266	016.6	Te	0000	3	200		03.700	3047	76.620	2878	72.380	2061.4	62.067
4	Total.of Gangapur System	2266	31.480	<u>ann</u>	0.770	0	0+8-0	0	0.000	0	0.450	0	0.820	0	0.620
۵	Kadwa System					8		6446					No.	10000	
	Upper Kadwa		2.950												
7	Kadwa Dam	5564	30.536	204	78 040	001							 		Ī
	Total of Kadwa System	55620	33.486	A MACES	100.007	127	14.030	318	12.143	592	23.980	1452	29.310	583.2	21.805
ជ	Darna System			1.5.5.5.5.5.	No.	CODY C-1		000206			Section of				
	Bhawali Dam	1263	6.380		WO U						·				2 2 3
2	Dama Dam	3887	\$ 672	312	015 5	5	200	5	0000	0	0.000	0	0.000	0	00000
ς Έ	Mukane Dam	113	0.560		01/1		020.6	133	9.430	298	8.030	256	7.450	251	8.428
4	Waldevi Dam	740	6 970	22	211.2	700	1.1.0	5	0.230	303	1.250	303	0.770	242	0.924
Ś	N.M.Weir (Godavari canal) & Gangapur					<u>s</u> †	41.670	•	0.00	102	0.350	103	1.180	54.2	8.562
	Project	7573	95.600	4406	145.552	4390	54.290	4256	88.595	973	111.587	2505	121 150	- Sec	
٥	N.M.Express Canal	10672	129.070	+	56.370		14 850	+					~	+760	CC7-#01
	Total of Darna System	242348	244, 252	X2205	GROWIC	XOOX -	TAULT IN	Contraction of the local distribution of the	13.120		25.160	8	31.502	ຊ	23.206
·	Palkhed System	The second s				Tox.		CARA C							
- ic	Karanjwan W	567	2.810	0	0000	to	w c	ŀ		+					
1	waghad	2430	12.310	0	0000	322.5	244	>	200	∍	0.00	0	0.000	0	0.000
			1			1	21	0.110	1.010	629.73	1.137	179.25	2.633	341.956	1.250

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ľ.	Nome - C.D. 1.0														
S N	Name of Dam System	Planned h	Charif Use					>	NL						
0		Area	Water Use	20	80-24	0000	8			ise (imga	(uoi)				
		(H ^a)	10-10	\$ 		2002	S	2005	-10	2010	111	2011	-12	Avera	
		((CIIIM)	Area	Water Use	Arca	Water Use	Area	Water Use	Area	Water Use	Area 10	Vater lee	A	
				irrigated	.(Mm3)	irrigated	(Mm3)	irrigated	(Mm3)	irrioated	(FmM)				walcr
-				(Ha.)		(Ha.)		(Ha)					(curw)	ITTIgated	ž
	2	m	4	15	¥.		!			(HBL)	-	(Ha.)	-	(Ha.)	(Mm3)
m	Punegaon	2514	2 610	2	10		8	61	្ល	21	ន	23	24	ร	26
4	Ozarkhed		010.0	2	1.00.0	0	0.000	0	000°C	o	0000	e	0	6	0000
		3744	19.420	ō	0.001	e	0000	<					3	>	n unu
n :	Palkhed	22330	79.620	3386.4	55 M.1	578.2	012 53		M'n	5	600	1485	10.264	297	2.053
-	Tisgaon	603	044 5	4		C.0/C	017.70	8C./CI4	33.040	94.9	25,080	93.5	44.570	1662.136	47,080
	Total Palkhed System		Date in		-00-0	0	0.000	0	000°C	0	0.00.0		0 400		
Ċ		10775	121.110	·\$3386.4	65,000	901.5	69.180	4725, 10	Contraction of the second	- MARINA	Contraction of the second				8
2	U/S Of Jayakwadi				100 CAN 100 C 100		NACON N					1			100 CB
-	Tembhapuri														and the second
~	Dhebu	500	3.460	15	0.105	ð	0.000	36	0740	00	001.0				
1		1392	1.340	130	0.160	103	0000				0.170	80	0.450	30	0.200
- - -	Notill 	230	066.0	6	100 0		0000		100.0	5	0.000	0	0.000	56.6	0.084
4	Narangi	200	0.134		0000	sta	0.00	5	000.0	0	0.000	0	0.000	1.5	0.000
s.	Bor Dahegaon	320	2 073		5000	5	0.000	0	000.c	0	0.000	0	0.000	Ċ	0000
0	Ambadi	1073	7 130		2000	5	0.000	-	000 C	0	0.000	ö	0.000		0000
-	Shivana Takli	2284	1.734		0000	5	0.00	0	000.0	0	0.000	0 \	0.000	13	0000
					ann'n	5	1000.0	5	000.0	ö	0.000	936	3.700	936	000 0
														,	22.0

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C.E. N.M.R.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR Godavari Marathwada Irrigation Development Corporation, Aurangabad.

142

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No. Name of Dam/ System	Discred					4111 P1 01510	upper G	Ddavari (u	tpto Paithan	dam) sub-	-basin			
		AUL USC					Yeau	wise Rabi	use (Irrigati	on)				
	Area (na.)	water Use	2002	89	200	8-09	2009.	-10	2010	Ē	2011	-19		
		(_mm)	Arca	Water	Area	Water Use	Area	Water	Area	Water	Area	Water	Area	Water 11s
			(Ha.)	Wm ³	(Ha.)	(,mm)	(Ha)	Use	imigated	Cse C	irrigated	Use U	irrigated	(Mm ³)
2	т	4	~			•	Ì		(114.)	(_mm)	(Ha.)	(,WM)	(Ha.)	
Mula System						0	2		=	2	13	14	15	16
Mandohal Medium Project	1427.000	7.410	424	6110	451	6 340	000							
Mula	47698.000	400.600	29.36	270 550	00770	0.340	2007	2.190	328	4.220	0	0.000	281	37
Total of Mula System	49125-000	× 408.010		DCC-017	24029	2/0.810	19460	126.330	17221	122.£50	36327	249.470	24560	209.60
Pravara System				name are	200027V -> 7 1	non-re-	THUR ADDRESS	Correction of the	63.23 E 23.84			Section 1	1977 . A.	
Bhandara	15235.000	139.800	8699	135 450	1636	100 660								
Nilwande	59900.000	197,860		0000	170/	00000	13574	137.500	9315	144.500	10396	190.650	1066	147.55
Adhala Dam	3134.000	13 450	211	12 630		000.0	0	0.00	0	0.000	0	0.000	G	
Bhojapur Dam	2500 0001	8 280	232	0.00.01	5821	15.400	1276	13.620	729	10.100	1259	12.740	1143	11
Total of Pravara System	000.002	0.000	101	107.6	982	9.465	1110	8.809	609	6.032	0	3 400	609	12.12
Gangapur System				- AND CONTRACT	ANNE ST	SYACING NEWS	12500 2200			1. (Sales)		THE REAL PROPERTY.	ATA AND	10 YEAR 1
Gautami Godavari Dam	4831 092	20.400	20										A STATE OF A STATE AND A STATE	
Kashvapi Dam	203 2 4 61	030 5	8	0.204	140	1.080	208	1.016	266	1.080	284	2178	101	
Gangapur Dam	17257 475	0001	4/ 14	280.0	95	0.704	108	0.737	115	0.720	120	0 040		
Alandi Dam	000 0207	101010	45.20	32.463	4997	32.593	5590	16.209	5001	19.431	5468	102.07	2012	60.0
Total of Ganganur System	0103244	110.01	1001	0.882	1075	10.203	985	7.690	866	6.334	1041	10 500	2101	07.07
Kadwa System	TOTOTOT	N#A-PLT	TANON A	162206	2009		689Lb	1. N. N. N. N.	21.17 - 20 - 18	5152 C	Salary Sect	Constant and	ATTACK AND A	70.0
Upper Kadwe		0 5 10									and a lotter to the second			1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Kadwa Dam	4350 000	35,610	1001	071 20						 				
Total of Kadwa System	UUUUSER	010.00	1671	57.400	1535	34.480	1465	38.565	1423	37.244	1893	32.421	101	26.02
Darna System		H-T-T-T	Inner weather	00646	1000-202010	089992	VISTS 1000	No. and	I MURICIPALITY	112 J. 2015	and the second	THE REAL PROPERTY.	LUN DATE OF	
Bhawali Dam	637 000	7 080	-	0000										10 mm
Darna Dam	13190.000	14 619	1140	110	•	0.000	0	80 0	47	0.190	55	0.224	00	000
Mukane Dam	340.000	1 680	1011	110.4	1104	5.887	1973	7.886	1283	4.238	1369	5.643	1382	
Waldevi Dam	744 000	15110	145	170.0	000	2.290	646	4.646	646	4.030	706	4.510	670	
N.M.Weir (Godavari canal) &				1	100	2.410	333	2.500	383	2.020	388	2.520	175	100
Gangapur Project	13579.000	246.390	8913	99.229	8912	135.768	6634	66.914	6870	47.068	10776	132 252	1070	
IN.M.Express Canal	19136.000	231.430	750	25,640	1354	26 500	100						1740	- 7
Total of Darna System	42626,000	516309	STATES IN	THAT AND	FCC1	000.00	80/	26.930	1940	25.320	4841	55.160	1938	33.92(
Palkhed						B COLORIS CON				10000			1. 1. 1. Set 2.	とないのである
Karanjwan	1009.000	5.120	1140	8 460	VICI	1004								
Waghad	4320.000	26.900	2616	21 707	10000	444.4	900	3.206	1042	2.745	1118	5.278	1112	4 935
Punegaon	4470.000	16.340	658	5.233	807	040.07	2488	17.569	2210	12.4£6	2668	22.191	2400	19.92(
Uzarkhed	6656.000	41.680	1928	18.532	2150	002 10	0	2.109	959	3.340	1147	7.281	924	4 75
Paikhed	19250.000	167.150	9380	100.090	0810	27. 201	215	967.1	1582	5.060	2947	21.313	2184	14 98/
l isgaon	1105.000	6.120	353	2012	147	305.01	6750	40:533	8099	73.524	9832	105.068	8692	84.49

Sr. No.	Name of Dam/ System	Planned R	tabi Use					Ycar	wise Rabi I	use (Irrigatio	(u				ſ
		Area (Ha.)	Water Use	2007.	08	2008	60-	2009-	10	2010-		2011-	-12	Avera	Se
			(mm))	Area	Water	Area	Water Use	Area	Water	Arca	Water	Area	Water	Area	Water Use
				irrigated	Use	imgated	(Mm ³)	irrigated	Cse	irrigated	C.se	irrigated	Use	irrigated	(^c m ²)
				(Ha.)	(Mm ³)	(Ha.)		(Ha.)	(Mm ³)	(Ha.)	(Mm ³)	(Ha.)	(Mm²)	(Ha.)	•
-	2	3	4	S	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
ა	U/s of Jayakwadi														
-	Tembhapuri	735.000	12.750	421	3.000	363	2.590	370	2.680	345	2.460	180	1.360	338	2.410
2	Dheku	1370.000	8.420	435	0.500	606	0.480	150	0.857	143	0.233	277	0.560	322	0.526
ŝ	Kolhi	231.000	1.103	76	0.130	175	0.187	62	0.319	53	0.215	106	0.125	8	0.205
4	Narangi	800.000	2.280	566	3.080	253	3.000	0	0.00.0	105	1.080	0	0.000	185	1.432
5	Bor Dahegaon	1280.000	7.380	00:	0.520	161	2.300	265	2.350	467	2.850	0	0.000	205	1.604
6	Ambadi	1009.000	2.780	0	C00.0	371	116.1	289	1.400	857	4.430	238	1.317	351	1.811
7	Shivana Takli	4739.000	31.172	1396	10.283	542	6.970	315	2.610	726	8.250	1414	13.400	877	8.310
	Total of U/s of Jayakowadi	10164,000		1007	1765K	2501	263571	1000 and 100	(100) (F	de la construction de la construcción de la	1.00	STORE STORE		1	いいと
	Crandinotal	0101010102010	Substitutes	Sector of the				1. 12. 12. 15. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14. 14	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		29. 20. 200 SV				1911-192

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EXEUDINE UNFECTOR Codavari Morathwoda Imigation Levelopment Corporation, Aurangabad.

144

i_						Annexure -7									
ż	Name of Dam/ Surface	about Hol	Weather	utilizations	from Ma	or and Mec	lium project	s in Upper	Godavari	(upto Paith	ian dam) s	ub-basin			
Z	more and to amount	LIANNEG	H.W. USe					Yearwise	Hot Weath	er use (Irriga	tion)				
		Area	Water	200	-08	200	8-09	2005	-10	2010-	11	2011	-12	Aver	age
		(Ha.)	Use	Area	Water	Area	Water Use	Arca	Water	Area	Watter	Area	Water	Area	Water
			(Mm3)	irrigated (Ha.)	Use (Mm3)	irrigated	(Mm3)	irrigated	Use Mm3	irrigated	Use	irrigated	Use	irrigated	Use
-	2	m	4	5	9	1	8	6		11		(HB.)	(Fum)	(Ha.)	(Mm3)
۲,	Mula system						,	Ì	2			2	Į	2	2
	Mandohal Medium Project	0	0.00	132	0.80	46	0.26	211	3.84	171	1.88	0	0.00	112	1 36
7	Mula	0	0.00	12303	230.44	15789	276.57	21638	242.31	22525	374.55	25255	741 73	10507	772 17
	Total of Mula System	0	0000	12435	131.24	25057075	1.276 S3	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	S.C.B.M.S.	No. Contraction				120001	21.012
æ	Pravara System							Contraction of Contract of Con		At the second second second second					3.12.2.2.2.2
	Bhandardara	6072	164.30	3528	159.12	4755	131.15	7599	166.85	5216	205.56	7143	132.03	5748	158 04
ч r	Niwande	•	0.00	0	0.00	0	00.0	0	0.0)	0	00.0	0	0.00	0	0.00
•, •	Adnata system					•									
T V	Photome Dam	1354	8.97	950	9.86	963	11.38	907	9.33	805	14.75	0	1.67	725	9.06
		Þ	0.00	0	1.07	0	0.00	0	0.00	189	0.78	0	00.0	38	0.37
(1 otal of Fravara System	7426	173.27	82Bb	170:05	10. SAL 8	A SHOLED	2005335-22	81921	Contraction of the second	1 XX 110	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100			
۔ ار	Gangapur System											A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PRO	and the second of the second second	INCOMPANY AND IN	a a construction of the
(r	Vautami Godavari Dam	0	8.60	0	0.00	0	00.0	0	0.0	0	0.00	0	0.00		0.00
710	Rasnyapi Dam	0	3.40	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	000		000
	Gangapur Dam	0	71.21	1571	15.76	1511	14.76	1363	10.88	1656	22.67	1767	19.43	1574	16.70
4	Alanoi Dam	0	0.00	1203	14.78	1098	10.81	964	7.5:	984	12 68	1073	10.48	1064	11 24
	I otal of Gangapur System	0	83.231	1020	1020	(1)9261 Se			Design of the second	Market and		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	and the second	A LOCATE	A STATE BAD
a	Kadwa System									Colored Colored States of States	the stream with a little of the				
	Upper Kadwa		137											+	
7	Kadwa Dam	203	3.67	249	4.70	461	7.54	434	9.48	347	7.90	207	2.76	340	647
;	Total of Kadwa System	203.00	201	~249:00	4/30	NA WOOD		OF STA	ALC: ALC	Who was	111 . AV. 1	State Inter		SOLUTION STATE	1
ы Т	Darna System	·													
	Bhawali Dam	52	0.59	0	0.00	0	00.0	0	0.00	0	0.0	0	000	e	0000
	Dama Dam	8793	5.948	343	2.78	313	2.43	-	0.01	413	3.65	528	2.62	320	2.30
 - 0.	Mukane Dam	0	00:0	245	2.59	242	0.30	0	0.00	227	1.86	201	1.67	183	1.29
4	Waldevi Dam	0	2.64	228	1.90	234	2.12	0	0.00	223	1.82	239	2.10	185	1 59
~~ ~	N.M. Weir (Goda canal) & Gangapur Project	4969	100.25	5466	92.42	3509	114.13	1973	62.32	3129	135.23	2816	47.90	3379	90.40
9	N.M.Express Canal	6992	84.56	102	7.22	87	14 46		200	013	12 32	CLC	10 5	220	0.0
	Total of Darna System	20806	100-001		1040	ACTOR NO.	A CONTRACTOR OF			0/0	CO'CI	C17	10.1	077	UC.8
لتر	Palkhed System			ad Weaking the bar										1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
1	Karanjwan	0	00.0	196	1.45	268	1.44	136	0.62	381	1.47	128	1 43	222	1 20
7	Waghad	0	0.00	1888	18.63	2101	17.92	2194	14.88	6441	14.90	2072	13 74	2007	16.01
<u>ין ר</u>	P'unegaon	0	0.0	920	7.05	950	6.96	666	7.42	1026	6.66	1153	202	10101	6 63
+ i v	Ozarkhed	0	0.00	2336	25.93	2287	19.80	2755	12.58	2670	11.70	2190	13.94	7448	16.70
<u>א</u> ור 	Timmed	783	4.93	734	6.83	648	18.52	726	2.70	755	21.24	1005	4.49	776	10.76
2	1 isgaon		0.00	150	1.13	151	1.45	399	1.32	337	1.88	250	1.27	251	141
	I otal of Paikhed System	1993	THE PARTY	1. 1. 1. 1. V. V. V.	6000	Constant of the		1. () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () . () .	State of the		23. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	A State of the			A NUMBER OF

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145

H:VFinal DataVFinalData;Annexure-7 P- 1

5	Name of Dam/ System	Planned 1	-1 W 11cm												
No.	,							Y earwise	Hot Weath	er use (Irrigat	tion)				
	_	Area	Water	2007	-08	2008	60-1	2009	-10	2010-1	1	-1102	-12		
		(14a.)	Use	Area	Water	Area	Water Hee	Area	Watar				7	10/1/	age
			(SbA)					3	w alts	VICE	water.	Area	Water	Area	Water
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EXECUTIVE UNFECTOR EXECUTIVE UNFECTOR wodavari Mortathwada Imigation wodavari Mortathwada Imigation evelopment Corporation, Aurangabad.

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146

